The New-York Times.

VOL. XIV.....NO. 4192. NEW-YORK, SATURDAY, MARCH 4, 1865. PRICE FOUR CENTS.

THE
CALIFORNIA
PETROLEUM COMPANY.

THE FOLLOWING EVIDENCE IS SUBMITTED TO the public with regard to the value of the property of the CALIFORNIA PETROLEUM COMPANY, which covers an area of 18,000 acres, located on the ranche of Ojai, near Buenaventura, in Santa Barbara County, California, on which are, at present, at least twenty NATURAL OIL WELLS of the largest size. THE REPORT OF PROF. SILLIMAN SHOWS THAT THIS IS THE MOST VALUABLE OIL PROPERTY EVER PUT ON THIS MARKET, IF NOT IN THE WORLD.

In the Summer of 1864 Prof. Silliman examined this locality, and in a letter dated at Buenaventura, Santa Barbara County, July 2, 1864, he thus communicates the results of his observations upon the property now owned by the CALIFORNIA PETROLEUM COMPANY, (fee simple,) the purchase of which he strongly recommended to his friends in New-York.

"The property covers an area of 18,000 (eighteen thousand) acres in one body, on which are at present at least twenty natural oil-wells, some of them of the largest size. Artesian wells will be fruitful along a double line of thirteen miles, say for at least twenty-five miles in linear extent. The ranche is an old Spanish grant of four leagues of land, lately confirmed, and of perfect title. It has, as I said, about eighteen thousand acres in it of the finest land, watered by four rivers, and measuring, in a right line, in all, near thirteen miles. As a ranche, it is a splendid estate; BUT ITS VALUE IS ITS ALMOST FABULOUS WEALTH IN THE BEST OF OIL."

The following extract from the report of Prof. Silliman, herewith appended, fully confirms his first impressions, and presents more complete details of the wonderful resources of this property. According to his advice, and that of other competent judges in California, arrangements were made to purchase the estate by parties in New-York, in October, 1864. But before effecting this, it was deemed expedient to obtain from Prof. Silliman a decided statement that the oil was, in his opinion, fully equal to that of Oil Creek, Pennsylvania; and from able counsel in San Francisco a professional opinion as to the validity of the title. Instructions were accordingly sent to close the purchase, provided the oil was pronounced by Prof. Silliman equal to the best Pennsylvania oil and the title perfect. Prof. Silliman telegraphed confirming his letter above quoted, and, the title being pronounced by counsel undoubted, the property was purchased and paid for.

To indicate the magnitude of the Petroleum interests of this country, it may be stated that the product of its oil wells has amounted in value, the last year, to more than $25,000,000; while that of the California mines, for the year 1863, according to the San Francisco *Mercantile Gazette*, amounted to about $14,000,000.

[Extract from a subsequent report of Prof. B. Silliman, Professor of General and Applied Chemistry in Yale College, to the California Petroleum Company:

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Sept. 1, 1864.

THE PETROLEUM WELLS, OR NATURAL OUTCROPS OF ROCK-OIL ON THE OJAI RANCHE.

No. 1, (for a full description of this and other flowing wells on the property, see Prof. Silliman's published report) is a well 30 feet in diameter, full of tarry oil, boiling with the escape of marsh gas. It is situated in the midst of a gentle slope, forming part of a terrace or plain, elevated at least 1,000 feet above the sea. This plain, which is about one and a quarter miles long by three-fourths of a mile wide, appears to have been formed by the long accumulation of asphaltum from the evaporation of the overflow of this great oil spring. The depth of this great mass of asphaltum is, of course, a matter of conjecture, as no explorations have been made upon it; but it is probably safe to estimate its contents on a mile square at one yard in depth, which would give over three million cubic yards of fuel, from which a good coke is readily prepared, or which is even capable, by distillation, of yielding a large return of oil. Over this area there are several minor points of tarry outflow, but we consider the whole as one great oil spring. The present contents of the spring are foul with the decomposition of numerous cattle mired and drowned in the petroleum—an accident of frequent occurrence in dry seasons, when the half-famished and thirsty animals wander to browse, or drink the sulphurous water along the margins of these dangerous places; and when once involved, they never escape. * * * * * * *

ESTIMATE OF THE OIL IN ONE SQUARE MILE OF ASPHALTUM ONE YARD THICK.

In the description of the great spring, marked on the map, (see map in published report of Prof. Silliman,) it is stated that the deposit of asphaltum produced from the former overflow of this spring is probably one yard thick over one mile square—expressly stating, however, that the thickness (not the area) of the deposit is conjectural.

To show those not accustomed to contemplate the enormous products resulting from the combination of a few simple measurements, when applied to such large units as a square mile, let us observe that, in the 640 acres contained in a square mile, there are, in one yard of depth, 3,400,000 cubic yards. * * * * * * *

We may calculate that this deposit will yield 2,830,000 tons. If each ton yield 50 gallons of oil, the product of this large quantity of asphaltum, turned into oil, would be 144,500,000 gallons of oil, and an amount of coke which will correspond to at least one-third of the original weight of the asphaltum.

If an effort is made to estimate the money value of this product, calling the coke nothing, it will be found to reach a figure ALMOST FABULOUS.

ESTIMATE OF THE QUANTITY AND VALUE OF OIL GIVEN OUT FROM A CERTAIN NUMBER OF ARTESIAN BORINGS.

The product of an artesian well, bored in an old district, is, of course, always a matter of uncertainty; but it is well known that in Pennsylvania and Ohio there are many wells which produce from one hundred to five hundred (and even more) barrels of oil daily.

Let us assume that you are successful in obtaining ten wells (the Company have on their property at least twenty natural flowing wells of the largest size,) flowing 100 barrels of forty gallons, each, daily; then we find 1,000 barrels of forty gallons, equal to 40,000 gallons crude oil. Crude oil, at 40 cents (present New-York price)..... $16,000

Daily yield, or monthly, 30 days..... $480,000

And for 12 months..... $5,460,000

* * * * * * * * *

It is easy to see, from these figures, what dividends may be expected when the property is developed to its fullest extent.

Suffice it to say that, having made the first researches on the product of Oil Creek long before any wells were bored there, I am of opinion that the promise of a remarkable development at Buenaventura is far better than it was in the Pennsylvania and Ohio regions, since so famous. B. SILLIMAN, Professor of General and Applied Chemistry in Yale College.

THE
CAPITAL STOCK
CONSISTS OF
100,000 SHARES, PAR VALUE $100.
SUBSCRIPTION PRICE $40 PER SHARE.

NO FURTHER ASSESSMENT.

NO PERSONAL LIABILITY.

ONE-TENTH OF THE CAPITAL STOCK HAS BEEN RESERVED FOR WORKING CAPITAL.

Preparations for obtaining competent agents, machinery, etc., have been made, and a portion of the latter has been forwarded, so that work on the property will at once begin.

Prof. Silliman, in a subsequent report to the Company, made since his return from California, (Feb. 10, 1865,) says:

"I AM HAPPY TO BE ABLE TO CONFIRM, AT THIS DATE, WHAT I HAVE SAID IN MY PUBLISHED REPORT RESPECTING THE EXTRAORDINARY CHARACTER AND HIGH VALUE OF THE ESTATE ON WHICH YOUR COMPANY IS ESTABLISHED."

Subscriptions payable at the time of subscribing, or one-half in cash, the balance in thirty days from the time of subscription.

Prospectus, containing full report of Prof. Benjamin Silliman, and other information with regard to the value of the property, with a descriptive map of the same, will be sent to any address on application to the

President, AUGUSTUS C. RICHARDS, or
Treasurer pro tem., JOHN E. WILLIAMS,
At the Metropolitan Bank, New-York.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Close of the Thirty-Eighth Congress.

Unparalleled Dignity of the Last Session.

LADIES ADMITTED TO THE FLOOR.

SUCCESS OF IMPORTANT BILLS.

Internal Revenue and Tariff Bills Adopted.

The Amended Enrollment Bill Agreed To.

COTTON AGENT BUSINESS FINISHED

Louisiana and Arkansas Seats Not Settled.

Illinois and Niagara Ship Canal Bills Laid Over.

The Direct Railroad from New-York to Washington Fails.

Proposed Coinage of Three Cent Pieces.

THANKS TO PRESIDING OFFICERS.

Special Dispatches to the New-York Times.

THE CLOSING DOINGS OF CONGRESS.

WASHINGTON, Friday, March 3.

Congress has worked with great vigor to-day, and in the House business so far progressed, last night, that whatever important measures were brought up to-day were not rushed through with as much carelessness as has marked similar occasions heretofore.

The Senate, being a less active and heavier body, is further behind, though much has been done to-day. The Senate, yesterday, held a continuous session of fourteen hours, without adjournment. A large number of committee reports were made in the Senate this morning, and the committees discharged from the consideration of a great many "bones of contention." When the Post Route Bill came up, Mr. SUMNER made an attempt to galvanize the Delaware and Raritan Railroad Bill, by attaching it as an amendment, but it was voted down with as much emphasis as on yesterday; so Camden and Amboy rule for another year. The amendatory Tariff Bill, which is a model of brevity this session, was passed with a few amendments, the most important of which is the change of the additional duty on railroad iron to ten cents. The House made it fifteen, and a Committee of Conference will settle it. A provision was also inserted providing that contractors who were affected by changes in the present tariffs on contracts, prior to its adoption, may increase their charges accordingly.

The contestants for seats from Louisiana have got well paid, though they have not got their seats. Mr. DAWES, from the Committee on Elections, reported in favor of paying the gentlemen two thousand dollars each for expenses. Unless they have been very extravagant, this will pay their Washington hotel-bills for about three months, at the rates they charge. The "loyal citizens of Loudon County, Va.," who had their calves, sheep, pigs and chickens seized by Gen. SHERIDAN last Fall, for harboring guerrillas, sent a petition into Congress to-day, asking to be reimbursed, and a joint resolution was passed authorising the payment to them of sixty thousand dollars, under the direction of the Quartermaster-General. The stock seized by Gen. SHERIDAN was sold at York, Pa., for about thirty thousand dollars.

At 1 o'clock, the Hon. GEORGE H. PENDLETON took the floor and made a very able speech of an hour and a quarter in favor of the bill to allow members of the Cabinet seats on the floors of the two Houses of Congress. He was listened to with great attention by crowded galleries, and his argument was logical, dignified, and able.

At 3 o'clock the Senate took up the House bill repealing the eighth section of the act regulating trade in the insurrectionary districts. A long, vigorous, excited, almost bitter discussion followed. Messrs. SUMNER and TRUMBULL and SHERMAN stand up against the repeal. Mr. SUMNER makes an eloquent, exhaustive argument, and receives the close attention of the galleries. Messrs. GRIMES, CHANDLER and WADE favor its repeal, and pile up frightful lists of the corruptions it is said to have engendered. After hours of discussion, the section is stricken out, the bill passed as it came from the House, and permits to trade in cotton are things of the past.

Eight o'clock P. M.—The Conference Committee on the Tax Bill have just submitted their report to the Senate. The tax on sales is stricken out. The tax on State Bank circulation, which was not disputed, stands. The tax on tobacco is left as it stood in the House bill, except that cigars are taxed ten dollars per thousand, no matter whether cabbage-leaves or the most fragrant Havanas. The tax on cotton was stricken out.

Private Secretary NICOLAY now appears, and a message from the President is announced. It simply communicates the fact that he has signed certain bills.

House of Representatives, 8:30 P. M.—The House galleries are now crowded to repletion. A single seat in the diplomatic gallery is all that is reserved, even the correspondents are having their elbows gently jogged by the movements of the ladies, who crowd upon the precincts of the press gallery. The members are nearly all in the chamber, but not by any means in their seats, as they seem possessed by a strong desire to straggle.

A large amount of private business has been transacted; private bills for the relief of numerous officers accidentally short in their accounts; for the changing of individual names, &c.

The principal business has been the appointment of Conference Committees on the Tariff Bill, Tax Bill, and others. The committee on the Tax Bill are having a long and animated session, and have not been able to agree at this hour.

The bill to establish a savings bank for freedmen, with a regular bulwark of the solid men of the country for trustees, has just passed.

The number of private bills is increasing, and a dozen members are demanding the floor at once. The Speaker decides that as the pressure is so great, he will recognize but one bill from each gentleman.

Several pension bills pass, and now comes the report of the Conference Committee on the Indian Appropriation Bill. The report is agreed to, and the Cherokees are not deserted in the hour of their need, though it is said that they have deserted from the rebels. All annuities which by treaty are made payable in coin, are to be paid in coin.

The disputed question of adding twenty per cent. to the pay of the House employes was finally agreed to by the Conference Committee. The report of the Conference Committee is just received in the House, and Mr. MORRILL proceeds to read the amendments which have been compromised. The tax on books was stricken out by the Senate, and the committee had agreed to it. Senator SUMNER made a point against the tax because it was a tax upon knowledge. Senator HALE said if a tax was laid upon knowledge the Senator from Massachusetts would be bankrupted. So there is no tax on knowledge.

Ten twenty P. M.—The crowds of spectators still cling tenaciously to the galleries. Crowds are leaving, but crowds are coming, because they are surer of a seat at midnight than at any earlier time.

Mr. COX rises in his seat, and in a most appropriate and handsome speech, offers a resolution of thanks, to Speaker COLFAX for the eminently able manner in which he has discharged his duties. Hon. JOHN L. DAWSON, of Pennsylvania, (Democrat,) supports the resolution, briefly but eloquently, and Mr. DAWES, who is in the chair, puts the question, and it is adopted unanimously; no, not unanimously. There are two nays on the Democratic side, and the galleries are tempted to hiss them—ELDREDGE, of Wisconsin, and LEBLONDE, of Ohio—who demand the ayes and nays, but the demand is not sustained. It is a shame that the unanimity of this compliment—so well deserved, so appropriately tendered—should have been thus marred.

Now comes one of the "tigers" of the session, Judge SPALDING, of Ohio, moves to suspend the rules to take up the Niagara Falls Ship Canal Bill. Now for filibustering. The motion is put, and the chair cannot say that two-thirds have voted in the affirmative. A division is demanded, and 62 vote aye, 33 nay. Tellers are demanded, and 63 vote aye and 45 nay, and the attempt is abandoned.

The confusion of the last nights of the session begin to reign. Not half the members are in their seats. GREEN CLAY SMITH, of Kentucky, a member of as fine a mein and dignified bearing as graces the floor, rises to a point of order. He cannot hear, for he sits in the uttermost tier of seats, and the noise drowns everything that is said.

The chair calls members to order, bids them take their seats, and Mr. WILSON, of Iowa, the able chairman of the Judiciary Committee, whose services are appreciated now, and will give him higher rank in the next Congress, makes a report for the Committee of Conference on the Army Appropriation Bill. They compromise everything except the everlasting sticking points, the appropriation to the Illinois Central Railroad. The Senate demand that the road shall be paid, and the House insists that it shall not. Mr. WILSON moves that the House recede from its position, and offers an amendment to the bill, which provides that no monies be paid to the Illinois Central Railroad appropriated under this act.

Mr. DAVIS, of New-York took the floor in favor of the road. Mr. FARNSWORTH, ditto.; Mr. ALLEN, of Illinois, ditto; Mr. WASHBURNE against; but, after a long debate and much confusion, the vote was finally taken and Mr. WILSON'S amendment adopted. So the bill as amended again goes to the Senate.

Eleven Thirty P. M.—The Senate galleries, which have been radiant with beauty all the evening, begin to show vacant seats. The Senate has been engaged for the last three hours on the grand omnibus—the Civil Appropriation Bill—and made numerous amendments, among others things it was attempted to attach to it the proposition to pay the iron-clad contractors the additional twenty per cent. which they ask for, but it could not carry. The Senate is preserving its decorum remarkably well, the only member not attending to business is Mr. MCDOUGALL, who is asleep in his chair.

Twelve P. M.—The House is getting interesting. A large number of ladies are on the floor. Chief-Justice CHASE comes in, and is soon in conversation with two charming ladies from Brooklyn. Members' wives and daughters are interspersed all through the seats, and it begins to look like a social time. The galleries are becoming thinned out, for our country cousins must go home early and sleep against the morrow.

Mr. MALLORY moves to take a recess for one hour. Voted down.

Somebody else moves to adjourn till 10 A. M. Saturday; and that is voted down.

The bill to extend the time for the completion of certain land grant railroads in Minnesota, comes in from the Senate with amendments. Mr. WINDOM moves to suspend the rules. After a division, and the tellers, and the ayes and noes, the rules are suspended, and Mr. WINDOM moves the previous question on the Senate's amendments. The bill is reported, the main question put, and the amendments agreed to.

Twelve Forty-five A. M.—Mr. WASHBURN moves the suspension of the rules to take up the Senate amendments to the bill abolishing the cotton trade. The ayes and noes are demanded, and the rules are suspended. The Senate's amendment provides that all cotton brought into our lines must be delivered to United States officers, and paid for in United States bonds running twenty years. The amendments are concurred in and the bill clinched at once.

The committee on the charges against LUCIEN ANDERSON report that the charges are not sustained by the proof. GREEN CLAY SMITH demands the previous question. Mr. MALLORY demands that a paper he holds in his hands be sent to the desk. Mr. SMITH objects, and insists upon the previous question.

Mr. MALLORY (excitedly) -Dh you intend to suppress this paper, Sir?

Mr. SMITH—I do not propose to suppress the paper, but I demand the previous question.

Mr. MALLORY, excitedly—Let's have this thing out. I demand the ayes and noes. On the demand for this previous question no quorum voted. Nearly every member dodged. The Chair reminded gentlemen that by refusing to vote, unless excused, they brought the rules into contempt. A motion is made to lay the whole subject on the table.

The ayes and noes are demanded. Tellers are demanded on the ayes and noes, and they are ordered. The roll is called. No quorum votes. The Democratic side of the House is almost entirely vacant. There's a possible chance for a row. Mr. WASHBURNE moves a call of the House. As the call proceeds the Democrats come out from their hiding places. A quorum is present, but the balance of power is mulish, and want Mr. MALLORY'S paper read.

One Forty-five A. M.—The Senate has reached WINTER DAVIS' amendment in the Civil Appropriation Bill, relating to military arrests, and the Senators are spreading themselves. At the rate they are going on it promises to take them till daylight.

In the House about a dozen ladies are all that are left in the galleries. Several members are asleep. Mr. CONKLING wakes up and under the call of the House votes aye. Mr. STYLES, also asleep, votes no. Mr. LE BLOND withdraws the motion to lay on the table. The report of the Committee is read. A motion to print the report and evidence is declared out of order, and the call of the roll on agreeing to the resolution again proceeds.

The resolution is adopted, nays 71, yeas 38. Some confusion follows. Many motions are made, but they are all suspended by the appearance of Mr. THADDEUS STEVENS, from the Committee of Conference on the tariff bill. The additional duty on railroad iron was agreed upon at ten cents, as fixed by the Senate. The report is agreed to.

Two Thirty A. M.—One solitary lady graces the House gallery. Mr. GARFIELD, from the Committee of Conference on the enrollment, reports that all the differences have been reconciled, except the section which provides that no officers shall be dismissed the service without trial by court-martial. The Senate insists upon striking out this amendment, and Mr. GARFIELD recommends that the House recede. The Secretary of War says that the proposition will disorganize the army. The previous question—a great institution on such a night as this—is moved, the ayes and noes demanded, and the report is agreed to.

Three O'clock A. M.—The Senate is still laboring on the military arrest amendment to the Civil Appropriation Bill. Senator SHERMAN says the whole bill is lost, because there is not time for its enrollment and signature before this Congress will have constitutionally expired.

Three Fifteen A. M.—The report of the Committee of Conference on the Indian Appropriation Bill is agreed to in the House. A bill is passed to construct wagon roads in Idaho and Montana, and a score of members are crying "Mr. Speaker!" but Mr. Speaker is putting business through, and the rules are suspended to consider certain amendments to certain land grants to railroads. A wrangle ensues, and dire confusion reigns; but the Speaker cuts the gordian knot of parliamentary complication with ruling as keen as the blade of a scimetar, and as upright as Roman justice; but the House is getting restive, and ought to anjourn. Several motions are made, and no quorum votes. The solitary lady in the gallery folds her cloak about her, and departs. About forty spectators still stick it out in the gentlemen's gallery; but it is to be presumed they are getting a night's lodging free from the Government. Most of the reporters are gone, only the Associated Press and TIMES are left.

Three Thirty A. M.—The Senate is still fighting on the military arrest business. The strongest men in the Senate are against it, and it looks as though it would fail to be the means of killing the Civil Appropriation Bill entirely. The House is whiling away its time on sundry unimportant matters, the desks being clear of business, and waiting upon the long-winded gentlemen of the Senate.

Four A. M.—The House is still in session waiting for the Senate to get through with the Civil Appropriation Bill, so that a Conference Committee may be appointed, and a report made after the recess at 9 A. A., a motion for which is now pending. Nothing more of importance will be done in the House. The members are in good humor, very orderly, and ready to go home.

The Senate has just finished the military arrest amendment bill be accepting a substitute of Mr. TRUMBULL, a little milder in form. They are now proceeding with the remaining sections and will finish about daylight when it will go to Committee of Conference and be run through that machine.

THIRTY-EIGHTH CONGRESS.

SECOND SESSION.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, Friday, March 3.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

This being the last morning of the session for regular business, most of the committees made a large number of reports, generally asking that their respective committees be discharged from the consideration of the matters named. The reports were concurred in.

REPORT OF THE SECRETARY OF THE SENATE.

The Vice-President presented the annual report of the Secretary of the Senate, which was ordered to lie on the table and be printed.

RECORDED HIS VOTE.

Mr. DIXON, of Connecticut, (Union,) desired that his name might appear on the journal, as voting in the affirmative on the proposition taxing banks, embodied in the Tax Bill, and the necessary order was made.

BALTIMORE AND OHIO RAILROAD.

Mr. BUCKALEW, of Pennsylvania, (Dem.,) presented a resolution calling on the Secretary of War for a statement of moneys paid to the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad since the beginning of the war, for transportation of troops and munitions of War between Baltimore and Washington, which was adopted unanimously.

POST-OFFICE AFFAIRS.

Mr. COLLAMER, of Vermont, (Union,) called up the usual Annual Post route Bill, to which many amendments were made.

Mr. SUMNER, of Massachusetts, (Union,) offered as an amendment thereto what is known as the Camden and Amboy Railroad bill.

Mr. HALE, of New-Hampshire, (Union,) objected to Mr. SUMNER'S amendment as irrelevant.

Mr. SUMNER'S amendment was rejected by the following vote:

YEAS—Messrs. Chandler, Nye, Ramsey, Stewart, Sumner and Wade—6.

NAYS—Messrs. Buckalew, Clark, Collamer, Conness, Dixon, Farwell, Foster, Grimes, Hale, Harlan, Haine, Howe, Johnson, Lane of Indiana, Morrill, Powell, Sprague, Ten Eyck, Trumbull, Willey and Wilson—21.

THE REVISED TARIFF.

The Tariff Bill was then taken up.

Mr. TRUMBULL, of Illinois, (Union,) offered an amendment exempting goods imported for the Northwestern Sanitary Fair at Chicago from imposts and duty, which was adopted.

Mr. WILSON, of Massachusetts, (Union,) offered an amendment, which was adopted, placing a duty of 2½ cents per pound on wrought iron tubes.

Mr. RAMSEY, of Minnesota, (Union,) offered an amendment making the tariff on buffalo robes 10 per cent., which was rejected.

Mr. HARRIS, of New-York, (Union,) offered an amendment providing that parties who contracted with the Government before the increased tariff, to deliver foreign goods, shall be allowed the increase on their contract price, which was adopted.

Mr. POMEROY, of Kansas, (Union,) moved to amend by striking out 15 cents per 100 lbs. on railroad iron and inserting 10 cents. This was adopted—yeas, 24; nays, 13.

Mr. SPRAGUE, of Rhode Island, (Union,) offered an amendment to permit the importation of machinery for the manufacture of fabrics made from hemp and flax for one year from the date of the passage of the bill, which was adopted.

Mr. DAVIS, of Kentucky, (Dem.,) offered an amendment to reduce the duty on coffee, sugar, teas, and molasses one-half after the 30th of June. This was rejected.

The bill was then passed.

THANKS TO THE VICE-PRESIDENT.

Mr. POWELL offered a resolution tending the thanks of the Senate to Hon. HANNIBAL HAMLIN, for the able and efficient discharge of his duty during the past four years. This was adopted unanimously.

RETURNING A COMMUNICATION.

Mr. HALE rose to a question of privilege. He asked that the Senate return to the Secretary of the Navy a communication recently sent by him to the Senate, on the ground that it did not relate to the subject upon which information was asked.

After some discussion Mr. WILSON moved to refer the communication to the Judiciary Committee, which was carried.

LAND GRANTS IN MICHIGAN.

The Senate then took up and passed a bill to extend the time for completing certain land grant railroads in the State of Michigan.

INSPECTORS OF VESSELS.

The House bill, for regulating fees for inspecting vessels on the lakes, was passed.

TRADE WITH INSURRECTIONARY STATES.

The Senate then took up a bill to repeal the following section of the act of July 2, 1864, entitled "An act in addition to the several acts concerning commercial intercourse between loyal and insurrectionary States," &c.

SECTION 8. That it shall be lawful for the Secretary of the Treasury, with the approval of the President, to authorize agents to purchase for the United States any products of States declared in insurrection at such places as therein shall be designated by him, at such prices as shall be agreed on with the seller, not exceeding the market value thereof at the place of delivery, nor exceeding three-fourths of the market value thereof in the City of New-York at the last quotation known to the agent purchasing; provided that no part of the purchase money for any products so purchased, shall be paid, or agreed to be paid out of any other fund than that arising from property held as captured or abandoned, or purchased and sold under the provisions of this act. All property so purchased shall be forwarded for sale at such place or places as shall be designated by the Secretary of the Treasury, and the money arising therefrom, after the payment of the purchase money and the other expences connected therewith, shall be paid into the Treasury of the United States, and the accounts of all moneys so received and paid, shall be rendered to and credited by the proper accounting officers of the Treasury.

Mr. WILSON offered an amendment requiring the delivery of all captured cotton to the agents of the treasury, vouchers to be given to the owners payable at the close of the war. This was adopted.

Mr. SUMNER offered an amendment to provide that no agent of the Treasury Department should purchase cotton except within the lines of the army. This was lost by 15 against 20.

Mr. WILSON offered an amendment punishing, by fine not exceeding $5,000, and imprisonment not exceeding ten years, the passing of any Confederate bond, note or scrip. Which was adopted.

Mr. DAVIS submitted an amendment authorizing the President to issue a proclamation, allowing unrestricted trade between the North and South. Which was not adopted.

The bill was then passed.

The Senate went into Executive Session.

EVENING SESSION.

FREEDMEN'S BUREAU ADOPTED.

Mr. WILSON'S report from the Committee of Conference on the disagreeing votes of the two Houses upon the Freedmen's Bureau Bill was adopted. It places the interests of freedmen and white refugees upon an equal footing, under the direction of the Secretary of War. Instead of making it an independent bureau, it limits the number of assistant commissioners to ten, or one instead of two in each insurrectionary State, and provides for the renting of lands in lots of forty acres each to cultivators, black and white, with an opportunity for their purchase at the end of three years, at a moderate price. It abandons the provision repealing the resolution explanatory of the confiscation act. All the members of the conference sign the report.

NATIONAL CURRENCY.

The House bill to amend an act to provide a National Currency was called up by Mr. SHERMAN and passed.

THE REVENNUE BILL.

Mr. SHERMAN, from the Committee of Conference on the Revenue Bill, made a report as follows: The amendment of the Senate restricting the amounts to be paid for clerk hire was disagreed to. The House agreed to the amendment not to tax miners whose receipts do not exceed $1,000 per year. The amendment to exempt Bibles and Testaments from taxation was stricken out. The tax on cigars was placed at $10 per thousand, without regard to quality. The amendment to tax gross instead of net receipts of corporations was agreed to. The tax on savings banks was agreed to. The section about cotton was stricken out, and the tax on that article remains as heretofore. The amendment postponing the tax on State Bank issues until July was agreed to. The tax on sales was disagreed to. The amendment to appoint three commissioners to consider the subject of taxation, was agreed to.

The report was adopted; yeas 32, nays 9.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

WASHINGTON, Friday, March 3.

PAY FOR ARKANSAS AND LOUISIANA MEMBERS.

Mr. DAWES offered a resolution that there be paid out of the contingent fund to the five claimants of seats from Louisiana and three from Arkansas, two thousand dollars each as mileage.

Mr. DAWES said these gentlemen did not come here as mere adventurers, but in pursuance of what they thought to be the policy of the Government. They had been here three months prosecuting their claims, and to vote this money would not commit the Government to any policy.

The resolution was passed.

PRIVATE BILLS.

The House then acted upon private bills.

ENLISTMENT OF PRISONERS.

The bill to prevent the enlistment of persons charged with crime in the District of Columbia as substitutes in the army or navy, and to prevent frauds in the District Jail in Washington, was passed.

It appears from the report accompanying the bill that seventy of the prisoners in the Jail were recently let out on bail, and sold as substitutes.

ADMISSION OF HEADS OF DEPARTMENTS TO THE FLOOR.

The House then resumed the consideration of the report made by Mr. PENDLETON from the Select Committee, to admit the members of the Cabinet to seats on the floor, to be interrogated and furnish information concerning their respective departments. He proceeded at length to reply to the objections which had been made to the bill. He said that if no other good had been accomplished by the discussion, it had shown that the Executive power ought not to be increased, and his object was to restrain it. Consolidation was despotism. The proposition was constitutional, and, if adopted, would elevate the character of Cabinet Ministers; and thus he proceeded to argue at length.

MILITARY AFFAIRS.

The House acted on the bill in relation to various military matters, to which had been added the Amendatory Enrollment Bill. The Committee on Military Affairs had recommended the striking out of the section providing for the mustering out with their regiments of such men as had enlisted for unexpired terms; but the House retained it. The House refused to strike out the provision holding the principal, in some cases, responsible for an improper substitute.

The Senate's amendments to the bill were acted upon.

FREEDMEN'S BUREAU BILL.

Mr. SCHENCK, from the Committee of Conference, reported on the disagreeing amendments to the Freedmen's Bill, which proposes the establishment of a bureau in the War Department for refugees and freedmen's affairs, and for the care of abandoned lands.

The report was agreed to.

RECESS.

The House, at 4:30 o'clock, took a recess until 7:30.

EVENING SESSION.

A CROWD OF SPECTATORS.

The galleries are densely crowded, and many persons are unable to obtain entrance.

NAVY PAY DEPARTMENT.

Mr. RICE, of Massachusetts, called up the Senate bill regulating the Pay Department of the navy.

Several members, in great excitement, moved that it lie upon the table; but no quorum voted, and then the question was taken up by tellers, and decided in the negative.

Mr. WASHBURNE, of Illinois—I reckon we had better have the yeas and nays on this.

Cries of "Call the roll," "Let's have the yeas and nays."

A message was received from the Senate; but the voice of the clerk who announced its purport could not be heard, owing to the general loud conversation all over the hall.

The clerk commenced the roll-call; but before he had proceeded far, the Speaker rapped and called to order.

This had the effect of somewhat lessening the noise, but it soon broke out anew.

When the call was concluded, the Speaker announced that the bill was tabled by a vote of 55 yeas against 42 nays.

THREE CENT PIECES.

Mr. KASSON, from Iowa, (Union,) from the Committee on Coinage, reported a bill to authorize the coinage of three cent pieces, to be composed of copper and nickel.

The Clerk began to read it when Mr. LEBLOND said it was impossible to hear.

The Speaker replied that the gentleman's point was correct, and he requested gentlemen to take their seats and preserve order.

The bill was read. It also provides that these three cent pieces shall be a legal tender to the amount of sixty cents, and the one and two cents pieces a legal tender for the amount of forty cents. It prohibits the issue of any paper fractional currency below the denomination of five cents, and makes it a misdemeanor for any person otherwise than authorized by law to fabricate any coin to circulate as money, &c.

The bill was passed.

Some member moved to take up a private bill, while another wanted the accompanying report read.

The Speaker said the report contained six pages.

The private bill was not taken up.

THE OVERLAND MAIL.

Mr. NELSON asked leave to report a bill from the Indian Committee appropriating $36,000 for the relief of WOODYARD and KEARNEY, overland mail contractors. He said it would save a family from want.

The House did not appreciate his humane intention, and objected to the consideration of the bill.

FREEDMEN'S BANKS.

Mr. ELIOT, of Massachusetts, (Union,) moved a suspension of the rules, to take up the Senate bill to incorporate the Freedman's Savings and Trust Company.

Mr. ELDRIDGE objected.

Mr. ELIOT—There can be no objection to the bill.

Mr. JAMES C. ALLEN, of Illinois, (Dem.,) called for the reading of the title of the bill. The noise was so great he could not at first hear it.

The House began voting by tellers, and while this was going on the Speaker was engaged in signing enrolled bills.

The House by a vote of 72 yeas against 36 nays suspended the rules, and, under the operation of the previous question, the bill was passed.

PENSION BILLS.

Mr. MILLER, of Pennsylvania, from the Committee of Invalid Pensions reported bills placing the names of the widows of Gens. BAKER, WHIPPLE and BERRY on the pension rolls to receive $50 per month during their widowhood.

They were passed.

CONFUSION.

The Speaker said, as so many gentlemen on both sides were addressing the Chair, he would recognize the right of no member to report more than one bill at a time until the pressure had ceased.

WATER ON THE PLAINS.

Mr. RICE, of Maine, (Union,) asked leave to report a bill to facilitate communication with New-Mexico, Arizona and Colorado, so as to give to any one establishing an artesian well of living water, one section of land on which the well is located.

The bill was passed.

INDIAN APPROPRIATIONS.

Mr. KASSON, of Iowa, (Union,) from the Committee of Conference on the disagreeing votes on the Indian Appropriation Bill, made a report thereon, which was adopted. It contains a provision that annuities shall be paid in coin in cases where treaties with the Indians so require.

It was now 9 o'clock.

LADIES ADMITTED TO THE FLOOR.

Mr. PENDLETON, of Ohio, (Dem.,) moved that the rules be suspended, so that the wives and families of members of Congress might be admitted to the floor, as they had not been able to obtain seats in the galleries.

Mr. GANSON gallantly offered an amendment to include all ladies.

Mr. PENDLETON'S amendment was adopted with this modification.

PAY TO HOUSE EMPLOYES.

Mr. PENDLETON offered a resolution to pay the employes of the House and the reporters of the *Globe* the extra compensation heretofore promised. This, after various preliminaries, was adopted.

SYRENS INVADE THE HALLS OF LEGISLATION.

During these proceedings the ladies availed themselves of the privilege accorded, came into the Hall, and occupied the sofas. Some of them were afterward invited to and occupied the seats of members, the gentlemen neglecting their legislative duties for the purpose of conversing with them, and all appeared very happy.

THE INTERNAL REVENUE.

Mr. MORRILL from the Committee of Conference on the disagreeing amendments to the Amendatory Internal Revenue Bill, made a report, which he explained by saying, as to the appointment of ten revenue agents instead of five, the Senate receded, and also from their amendment that the amount of clerk hire for assessors should be guaged at seventy cents for each hundred names. This would have given clerk hire to every assessor throughout the country, and even to those who did not require it. On rock oil a compromise was made allowing of duty of one dollar a barrel, and the Senate receded from its proposition to have a drawback, and now there will be no drawback. In relation to exempting certain books from taxation, this is stricken out, the conferees believing that we should obtain all the taxes we could from whatever source. The tobacco clauses were nearly all entirely concurred in. The Senate proposed to create two prices, one $5 and the other $15. This was abandoned by the Senate conferees. The committee made a compromise of $10 per thousand, instead of 60 cents a pound. The clause as to the transportation of certain articles free, was altered so as to confine it to silver ore over the plains alone. The income tax remained the same. The gains and income from real estate purchased within the year are to be included. In relation to stamps, the clause has been so amended that instruments not stamped are to be void. He regretted to say the tax on cotton is stricken out, the Senate conferees refusing to concur unless a drawback were given on the manufactured article. The tax on banks was only amended to change from January to July, so as to give six months more time.

Mr. MORRILL answered various questions, eliciting the following points in relation to the bill: The tax on the gross receipts of vessels stands, but they are exempt when chargable with tonnage duties. The tax on sales was abandoned by the Senate conference. Both Houses have agreed to the appointment of commissioners to sit during the recess to examine into the subject of taxation. Savings Banks are taxed one-half of one per centum on their deposits, to take place on the 1st of May. Freight and passengers from one part of the United States to another, and passing through to a foreign country, shall pay the same as passing through other parts of the United States.

The report of the Committee on Conference was adopted by a large majority.

THANKS TO THE SPEAKER.

Mr. DAWES, of Massachusetts, was temporarily called to the chair.

Mr. COX, of Ohio, (Dem.,) offered the following resolution:

Resolved, That the thanks of this House be and are hereby tendered to Hon. SCHUYLER COLFAX, for the dignified, able and courteous discharge of the duties of Speaker during the present Congress.

Mr. COX said he desired to make this an earnest expression of the feeling of the House. During a most unexampled and historic period, when a great conflict was progressing, and when the throes of the nation called for extraordinary scenes, unusual and additionally responsible duties had been imposed on the presiding officer of this House. He would say for himself and for others around him that the speaker has, in the discharge of those duties, moderated in a great degree the passions of Representatives, sometimes more or less affected in the heat and clamor of debate. For this he was not only entitled to our personal but the public regard. In conclusion Mr. COX said: I propose, without formality and with earnestness, to tender him our thanks and good will. I trust, Sir, that in the future the same moderation and benignity may radiate in this House as it has radiated from the chair during the present Congress. We shall part here with unusual good feeling. I wish it could pervade our whole people. In the language of the Bible and in this presence I would all reverently pray, "Let all bitterness and wrath, and anger, and clamor, and evil speaking be put away from you with all malice, and be ye kind to one another, even as God for Christ's sake hath forgiven you."

Mr. DAWSON concurred in the view expressed by his friend from Ohio, that it was eminently proper to tender to the Speaker some acknowledgment for his habitual kindness and courtesy. The members here came together in the midst of civil war, sanguinary beyond parallel, and although it was hardly to be expected that the presiding officer should be entirely free from personal bias in his official action, yet he believed he but expressed the general sentiment when he said to the House that

MONETARY AFFAIRS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange—March 3, 1865.

$5,000	U. S. 6s, '67....	130	800	Mar. Min. Co.....	16¾
1,000	U. S. 6s, '81. R.	111	800	do.....	16¾
80,500	U. S. 6s, '81. C.	110¼	1000	do.....	17
500	U. S. 6s, 5-20s. C. Small.....	111	500	do.....b10	17
10,000	do.....	110¾	800	N. Y. Cen.....	112⅝
21,600	do.....	110¾	50	do.....	112⅝
20,000	do.....	110¾	500	do.....	112⅝
500	do.....new iss.	110	200	do.....s10	112⅝
40,000	U. S. 10-40s...C.	97⅜	100	Alt. & T. H. Pr..	69
30,000	do.....	97⅜	100	do.....	68
5,000	Mo. State 6s....	65⅜	40	Min. Mining Co...	20
1,000	Cal. St. 7s.....	150	1000	Erie Railway.....	71⅜
50,000	Ohio & M. C....	29⅛	300	do.....b10	71⅜
30,000	do.....	29⅛	500	do.....	71⅜
1,000	Erie 2d M., '70.	103	200	do.....s10	71⅜
1,000	B., N. Y. & E. 1st	100	200	Hudson R. R....	114
2,000	Hud. Riv. 3d M.	104	200	do.....	114⅜
2,000	Mich So. 2d M..	92⅜	200	do.....	114⅜
3,000	Alt. & T. H. 1st M.	96⅜	1000	Reading R.....	114⅜
3,500	P., Ft. W. & C. 1st	108⅜	200	do.....	114⅜
5,000	P., Ft. W. & C. 2d.	93	500	do.....	114⅜
5,000	Mar. 1st M. Ba..	61	300	M. S. & N. I.....	66⅜
4,000	At. & G. W. 1st M., Ohio Div.....	87⅜	500	do.....	66⅜
500	Am. Gold.....	198⅜	600	do.....	66
10,000	do.....	198⅜	50	Ill. Cen. R.....	118
118	Etch. & Dror. B'k	120	150	do.....	118¼
90	Corn Ex. Bank...	112	800	Clev. & Pitts.....	78⅜
10	Cen. National Bk.	104⅜	100	Chi. & N. W.....	34
70	Ninth Nat. B'k...	110	200	Chic. & R. I.....	96⅜
400	Canton Co.....	35	500	do.....b30	96
40	Del. & Hud. C. Co	165	200	do.....b60	96
7	do.....	164	200	do.....s10	96⅛
600	Cum. Coal Pr.....	68⅜	400	Mil. & P. Du C....	42
700	do.....	68	1000	P., Ft. W. & C....	94⅜
700	do.....	68⅜	200	do.....s5	94⅜
500	do.....	68⅜	100	do.....b30	94⅞
100	do.....b5	68⅜	100	Chi. & Al. R.....	90
100	Fontinac Lead....	59	100	R. & St. J. R. Pref.	42
100	do.....b30	59	100	Quick. Min.....b30	81

SECOND BOARD.

$3,000	U. S. 6s, '81...C.	110¾	200	N. Y. Cen.....	112⅜
20,000	U. S. 6s, 5-20s. C.	110⅜	100	do.....s30	112
22,000	do.....	110⅞	300	do.....	112⅜
5,000	do.....	111	100	Quick. Min. Co.b30	83⅜
16,000	do...new iss.	110	200	Mar. Min. Co....	18
20,000	U. S. 5s, 10-40s. C.	97⅜	500	do.....	17⅜
5,000	O. & M. Cer.....	29⅜	100	Erie Railway.....	71⅜
4,300	Amer. Gold.....	198⅜	200	P., Ft. W. & C....	94⅜
300	Cum Coal Pref....	73	500	Hud. Riv. R...s10	114
500	do.....	73⅜	150	do.....	114⅜
600	do.....s5	74	100	do.....	114⅜
100	do.....	74	100	do.....s30	114
100	do.....s80	74	200	Reading R.....	113⅜
100	do.....s15	72	400	do.....	113⅜
100	do.....b10	74	200	do.....	113⅜
200	Chi. & N. W.....	34¼	300	M. S. & N. I.....	66¼
100	Chi. & N. W. Pr....	63⅜	300	Clev. & Pitts.....	78⅜

OPEN BOARD—1½ P. M.

$30,000	O. & Miss. C....	29¼	100	Chi. & R. I. R....	s3 95⅜
5,000	do.....b3	29⅜	100	do.....	c 95⅞
5,000	do.....s3	29⅜	400	do.....b30	96
5,000	do.....s3	29⅜	210	Chi. & N. W.....	34
700	N. Y. Cen.....	112⅜	100	C. & N. W. Pr....	63⅜
100	do.....s10	112⅜	300	do.....s3	63⅝
100	do.....s3	112⅜	200	Cum. Coal Co.....	71⅜
100	do.....	112⅜	100	do.....	71⅜
470	Erie Railway.....	71⅜	100	do.....	71⅞
100	do.....s3	71⅜	200	do.....	72⅛
400	do.....c	71⅜	200	do.....	72⅜
200	Hudson R. R....s3	114⅜	300	do.....s10	73
300	do.....c	114⅜	1000	do.....s3	73
100	do.....	114⅜	900	do.....	73⅛
100	Reading R.....s10	113⅜	200	do.....	73⅛
200	do.....	113⅜	300	do.....	73
100	do.....c	113⅜	100	Mar. Min. Co....s3	17⅛
100	do.....	113⅜	100	do.....	17⅛
100	M. S. & N. I. x d	66	100	do.....s30	17⅛
300	do.....	66½	100	do.....s30	17⅛
200	Cleve. & Pitts....	78⅜	300	do.....	17⅛
200	do.....b38	78	100	do.....	17⅛
200	do.....s3	78⅜	400	do.....	17
200	do.....b30	79⅛	200	do.....s3	17
100	Pitts., F. W. & C....	94⅛	200	do.....	17⅛
100	Canton Co.....s3	35⅛			

OPEN BOARD—3½ P. M.

$35,000	O. & M. Cer...	29⅜	100	Ch. & N. W.....s3	34⅛
100	N. Y. Cen. R.....	112⅜	600	C. & N. W. Pr....	63⅜
300	do.....s10	112	100	do.....s10	63⅜
100	do.....s10	112⅜	100	do.....b10	63⅜
700	Erie Railway.....	71⅜	900	Cumb. Coal.....	74⅜
200	do.....b4	71⅜	100	do.....s10	74⅜
300	Reading R.....	113⅜	400	do.....b10	74⅜
200	Clev. & Pitts....	78⅜	300	do.....s10	74⅜
100	Chic. & R. I. R ..	95⅜	200	do.....	74⅜
400	do.....	95⅜	600	Mariposa Min.....	17¼

FRIDAY, March 3—P. M.

The Gold Room to-day ranged 198@199 ℔ cent., or about 1 ℔ cent. higher than Thursday. The Street was again free from military news, or rumors of importance. The rate of Exchange on London, Gold basis, was somewhat firmer, say 108¼ ℔ cent. for Bankers, with a fair business done for Saturday's steamers. The *City of Boston* sails for England and the *Saxonia* for the Continent. There will be little or nothing done on Saturday morning, as the Exchange and Gold Rooms have resolved on a 4th of March holiday.

On the Stock Exchange and on Wall-street there is an improvement of ¼@1 ℔ cent. from Thursday forenoon in Government Gold-bearing Stocks. The old 5-20's rose to 111 ℔ cent. in the afternoon. There was also more done than yesterday in the Popular 7-30 ℔ cent. Loan. The market for Money is quiet at the advanced rate of 7 ℔ cent. at call, on Miscellaneous and 6 ℔ cent. on Government Collateral.

The Railways sold higher by about 1 ℔ cent. than yesterday, and Cumberland Coal was speculated in at a fresh advance of 6 ℔ cent. Mariposa and Quicksilver each recovered 2@2½ ℔ cent. At 4 o'clock the following quotations were made, as compared with the same hour on Thursday, the general market leaving off steady. Gold 198¾ ℔ cent.

	Thurs.	Fri.		Thurs.	Fr.
U. S. 10-40s.....	97¼	97½	Pittsburgh	77¾	78¾
U. S. 5-20's.....	110¾	111	Northwest.....	33¾	34
T. Certificates..	98¾	98¾	N. West Pref....	63⅜	63⅝
N. Y. Central...	112	112½	Rock Island.....	95½	95¾
Erie	71	71¾	Fort Wayne.....	93¾	94¾
Hudson.....	112⅜	114	Cum'land Coal..	67¾	74⅜
Reading.....	113¾	113¾	Quicksilver.....	80¾	82
Mich. Southern..	68	68¾	Mariposa.....	16¾	17¾
Illinois Cen.....	117¾	118	Ohio & M. Certs	29	29⅛

The following bids were made to-day for the City Bank Shares:

New-York.....	114	Market.....	103
Mechanics'.....	110	Corn Exchange	111⅛
Union	115	Continental.....	98
American.....	135	Commonwealth.....	105
North River....	108	Manufac. & Mer'ls'	101
Merchants' Exchange	98	Central National....	104¾
Mechcs' Bkg. Asso.	101	First National.....	205
American Exc.....	122	Fourth National.....	90
Pacific	170	Ninth National.....	110

And the following for the Railway Mortgages:

N. Y. Cen. 7s, con., '76.	115	Alt. & T. H. 2ds, Pref..	82
Erie 1st mort, '68.....	101	Al. & T. H. 2ds, Income	75
Erie 7s, '79.....	103	Chi. & N. W. S. F.....	99
Erie 7s, 2d mort, '83....	105½	Chi. & N. W. Int. 8's.	90
Erie 7s, 5th mort.. '88 .	98	Chi. & N. W. 1st Mort..	84
Buf. N. Y. & E. 1st, '77.	100	Chi. & N. W. 2ds....	98½
Hud. R. 7s, 1st m., '69..	102	Han. & St. Jo. L. G....	85
Hud. R. 7s, 2d m. s. f.'85.	106	Tol. & Wab. 2ds.....	79¼
Hud. R. 7s, 3d M. '75..	104¾	Tol. & Wab. Int. Bds....	99
Hud. R. 7s, bonds, '67..	95	Mil. & P. du Ch. 1sts..	100
Harlem 1st. mort '69-72.	101	Clev. & Tol. S. F.....	100
Harlem 3d. '68.....	97	Pitts. Ft. W. & C. 1sts.	108½
Mich. C. new 1st, 8,'82.	111	Pitts., F. W. & C. 2ds..	97½
Chi., B. & Q., 8 ℔ c. 1st	112	Clev. & Pitts. 3ds, con.	90
Mich. S. 7 ℔ c. 2d mort.	90	Alt. & G. W. 1sts.....	86
Alton & T. H. 1sts.....	66½	Mil. & St. Paul 1sts....	80

The monthly averages of the First National Bank of New-York for February are reported as follows:

Loans.....	$6,209,106	Deposits.....	$9,029,698
Legal-Tender...	2,709,904	Circulation.....	277,300

The subscriptions to the 7-30 United States Loan at the First National Bank to-day amount to $750,000.

The holders of the overdue old 7-30 ℔ cent. Treasury Notes, convertible into the long 6 ℔ cent. United States Stock of 1881, are again reminded that the right of conversion ceases, by act of Congress, on Friday next, March 10. After that, the principal of the Notes, if left outstanding, will be paid off in Legal Tender. The convertible privilege is now worth 10 ℔ cent.

The day's business at the office of the Assistant Treasurer was as follows: Total receipts $1,262,018 10; including for Customs, $234,000; payments, $2,511,935 65; on account of Loan, $60,000; balance, $28,288,316 53.

The week's imports of Dry Goods have been to the value of $1,309,777, against $3,575,-550 same week last year. The following is the summary for the week:

	CONSUMPTION DIRECT.		WAREHOUSED.		WITHDRAWN.	
	Pkgs.	Value.	Pkgs.	Value.	Pkgs.	Value.
Manf. of Wool.	942	$319,863	1481	$200,551	581	$280,803
Manf. Cotton..	345	100,561	210	72,084	416	159,692
Manf. of Silk..	246	239,904	69	60,789	127	114,266
Manf. of Flax	494	123,907	207	61,156	393	113,727
Miscellaneous.	269	74,968	7	4,968	418	26,744
Totals.....	2,296	$909,229	973	$400,548	1,935	$656,232
		400,548				909,229
Total entered..		$1,309,777	Total marketed			$1,565,461

The following are the sales of Real Estate March 2, by ADOLPH H. MULLER, P. B. WILKINS & Co.: House and lot No. 80 West Thirty-first-street, $10,950.

Subscriptions received at the Ninth National Bank for the 7-30 loan to-day amount to $400,000.

The National Finances.

From the Circular of Messrs. Jerome, Riggs & Co.

During the month just past the popular subscriptions to the 7 3-10 Government loan reached fully $75,000,000. This vast sum was the voluntary contribution of the nation. No extraordinary effort was made to induce subscriptions by enlisting the agency of great monied corporations or capitalists. The Government appealed to the people, and the response has been most prompt and satisfactory. So far there is no abatement to the amounts daily taken, and there appears to be no reason why those for the present month will not be fully equal to the last.

Such a result at the end of four years from the commencement of a great civil war, furnishes an extraordinary illustration of the confidence and attachment felt for the Government, and of the unimpaired strength of our people. The effect of the war has been to unite instead of to divide the country. It has everywhere developed a sentiment of nationality. The necessity of a strong central power has been so thoroughly demonstrated, that we are never again likely to hear it disputed. Our people desire to live under a broader sovereignty than that of a State, and are surer to make any sacrifices to establish and maintain uniform laws and privileges over the whole land.

The ability with which they sustain the immense burdens imposed upon them shows how little their strength has been weakened by the rebellion. There has never been a period in which so large a sum could be raised, with so little disturbance and inconvenience, as the present. There is no doubt that the people are abundantly able, as well as willing, to supply to the Government, as fast as wanted, all the means necessary for the prosecution of the war to its triumphant close.

Such a state of things is most gratifying, not only in the present, but in the assurance it gives of the ability of the country to repair any mistakes into which we were driven or led by the exigencies that were forced upon us. We were compelled to resort to an irredeemable currency, and are now feeling its effects in the high price of gold and merchandise of all kinds. A currency not convertible at the will of the holder into gold and silver, is a great evil, and no time should be lost in correcting it. We do not now see how we could have avoided our present dilemma. It is now plain, however, that we can extricate ourselves from it, and that we can begin the work whenever we choose. Government can immediately commence the retirement of the currency it has put forth. If it chooses it can take in and cancel two or three millions a week, from this time forward, till the "lawful money" of the United States shall, for the want of any other, be wholly of gold and silver.

If we would get back to a healthy and normal condition, we must, of course, retrace our steps to the point from which we started at the outbreak of the rebellion. An extraordinary emergency called for extraordinary expedients. We trust that emergency is fast passing away. With peace, the ordinary revenues of the country will be ample for all its expenditures. By means of loans we can then retire the national currency as fast as we shall be warranted in doing so by a wise regard to the public interests.

We assume that it is no part of the functions of Government to supply a currency to the people consisting of its own promises to pay, except so far as such promises are part of the machinery for the collection of taxes; nor should it ever absolve itself or the public from the duty and ability of meeting these obligations in gold and silver. The moment the former is in condition to do this, all inducements to the issuing of currency are at an end. Nothing whatever would be gained by it, as an equivalent amount in the precious metals would always have to be kept on hand for its redemption. Government is not a capitalist to lend money, but a borrower, with its means wholly derived from those of the people.

BANKING AND FINANCIAL.

☞ ROWES & MACY,

Bankers, No. 30 Wall-street, New-York.

(Formerly officers of the Park Bank.)

FOUR PER CENT. INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS.

Persons opening accounts may deposit and draw as they please, the same as with the City Banks, and will be allowed interest on their daily balance at 4 per cent.

Collections made on any part of the United States or Canada.

Orders for the purchase or sale of the various issues o Government and other Stocks, Bonds, and Gold, promptly executed for the usual commission.

☞ CLARK, DODGE & CO.,

BANKERS AND AGENTS

FOR THE U. S. 7-30 LOAN,

NO. 51 WALL-ST.,

have all denominations of 7-30 notes on hand for immediate delivery.

☞ UNITED STATES

7-30

TREASURY NOTES

for immediate delivery at

HOWES & MACY'S, Bankers.

No. 30 Wall-st., New-York.

☞ THE AMERICAN NATIONAL BANK

Of New-York, No. 74 Broadway.

NEW-YORK, Jan. 28, 1865.

This bank has commenced business at No. 74 Broadway, and offers its services to the public. Collections will be made on all accessible points on the lowest terms.

All orders for Government securities will be promptly executed, and the customary commission allowed to purchasers.

Special attention will be given to business connected with Government, and persons wishing to avoid the inconvenience of addressing the departments are invited to apply to the officers of this bank.

NOAH L. WILSON, President.

ALFRED A. POST, Cashier.

☞ TENTH NATIONAL BANK,

No. 240 BROADWAY.

Seven-Thirty Treasury Notes on hand for sale.

D. L. ROSS, President.

J. H. STOUT, Cashier.

GENERAL MARKETS.

NEW-YORK, Friday, March 3, 1865.

Receipts of the principal kinds of Produce since our last, 87 bbls. Ashes, 3,812 bbls. Flour, 124 bbls. and 2,324 bags Corn Meal, 300 bushels Wheat, 2,636 bushels Corn, 8,983 bushels Oats, 3,227 bushels Malt, 1,711 packages Provisions, and 160 bbls. Whiskv.

ASHES—Have been in limited request at $11 for Pots and $12 for Pearls, ℔ 100 lbs.

BEESWAX—Sales have been made of 1,200 lbs. Western Yellow, on private terms.

CANDLES—Have been quiet, but held firmly.

COFFEE—Has been inactive at about former quotations.

COTTON—Has been in very moderate demand at declining prices. Middlings 81c.@83c., chiefly at 82c. ℔ lb.

FISH—The market has been quiet, but firm for the principal kinds.

FLOUR AND MEAL—State and Western Flour has been quiet, but quoted steady, to-day. Sales since our last amount to 7,300 bbls., including very inferior to choice Superfine State and Western, at $9 70@$10 10; poor to choice Extra State at $9 95@$10 50, chiefly at $10@$10 15; Round-hoop Extra Ohio, inferior to good shipping brands, at $10 85@$11, ℔ bbl.

Superfine State and Western.....	$ 9 70	@10 10
Extra State.....	9 95	@10 50
Extra Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, &c.	10 10	@12 00
Extra Ohio, round-hoop, shp'g brands.	10 85	@11 00
Extra Ohio, trade and family brands.	11 10	@12 50
Extra Genesee.....	10 50	@12 25
Poor to Choice Extra Missouri.....	10 45	@14 25

Southern Flour is inactive at former rates. Sales since our last 600 bbls., at $10 65@$11 75 for poor to good, and $11 80@$14 25 for good to choice extra brands, ℔ bbl. Canadian Flour is quiet and heavy. Sales 380 bbls. Extra, at $10@$12 ℔ bbl. Rye Flour is inactive, including fine and superfine at $7 65@$8 65 ℔ bbl. Corn Meal is in brisk demand, at $7 50@$7 60 for Jersey, and $8 40@$8 50 for Brandywine, ℔ bbl. Sales 1,450 bbls.

FRUIT—The demand has been quite moderate, but prices have not varied materially. Of Raisins, 12,500 boxes Layer and Bunch were sold on private terms.

GRAIN—Wheat has been inactive and depressed. Sales since our last, 23,000 bushels, including Red Western (Winter) at $2 30, Milwaukee Club at $2 15, and Chicago Spring at $2 16½ ℔ bushel. Corn continues in limited demand at $1 88@$1 89 for Mixed Western, and $1 75@$1 76 for new Yellow Jersey, ℔ bushel. Sales 6,000 bushels. Oats quiet and irregular. We quote Western at $1 13@$1 14½; Jersey and Pennsylvania at $1 10@$1 11 ℔ bushel. Rye continues inactive; sales 1,600 bushels Western at $1 60 ℔ bushel. Barley rules quiet at from $1 90@$2 20 ℔ bushel. Barley Malt is inactive at $2 15@$2 25 ℔ bushel.

HAY—North River continues quiet and heavy at $1 55@$1 65 for shipping, and $1 65@$1 80 for small lots for city use, ℔ 100 lbs.

HOPS—New are in limited request, at 17½c.@50c. for very inferior to very choice, the latter an extreme rate, according to quality, ℔ lb.

HIDES—Are inactive and depressed.

LEATHER—Attracts less attention, at declining prices.

MOLASSES—Has been in limited demand, at about previous figures.

NAVAL STORES—Have been quiet, yet steady, including Spirits Turpentine, at $1 70@$1 75 ℔ gallon; Resin at $17@$30, ℔ 280 lbs.; Tar, domestic and foreign, at $5@$7, ℔ bbl.

OILS—Are in moderate demand, at about former figures, including Crude Whale at $1 55; Crude Sperm at $2 75@$2 80; Bleached Winter Whale at $1 75; Unbleached Sperm at $2 25@$2 60; Linseed at $1 55@$1 61, for large and small lots; No. 1 Lard at $2 18@$2 25 ℔ gallon.

PETROLEUM—Is inactive, and somewhat unsettled. We quote; Crude 41½c.@42½c.; Refined, in bond, 67c.@68c.; and Refined, free, at 98c.@99c. ℔ gallon.

PROVISIONS—Pork has been in less demand at reduced prices. Sales since our last, 4,700 bbls., in lots, at $36 25@$36 50, closing at $36 37½, regular way, for New Mess; $33 75@$34 25, closing at $34, cash, for 1863-64 Mess; $35@$35 50 for New Prime Mess; $30@$30 25 for New Prime, ℔ bbl. Sales also of 3,250 bbls. New Mess, March and April, seller's and buyer's options, at $36 75@$37 25; and 1,000 bbls. Prime Mess, seller, May and June, part at $25 50 ℔ bbl. Cut Meats are in fair demand, at 17c.@18c. for Shoulders; 18c½.@21c. for Hams; sales equal to 300 pkgs. Bacon is more active but at easier prices; sales have been made of 1,350 boxes, including Cumberland Cut for immediate delivery at 18½c.@20c.; long rib at 20¾c.@21c., chiefly at 21c., and short rib at 21¼c.@21¾c.; Dressed Hogs are dull and heavy at 15¾c.@16¾c., for Western, ℔ lb. Lard is lower; sales 2,100 tcs. and bbls. for immediate and forward delivery, at 19¾c.@27¾c., the latter for choice, ℔ lb. Beef is in moderate request at $21@$24 for Extra Mess; $18@$23 for New Plain Mess; sales 540 bbls. Tierce Beef is in limited demand; 100 tcs. Prime Mess changed hands at $35. Beef Hams are in less demand; sales 825 bbls., in lots, at $26@$27 50 ℔ bbl. Butter is quiet and heavy; 28c.@43c. for poor to choice State, and 22c.@34c. for Western, ℔ lb. Cheese is inquired for at 15c.@25c. for poor to very choice, the latter rate for fine factory, ℔ lb. The movements in Provisions in Milwaukee week ending with Feb. 28, Messrs. JONES & Co., review thus: "The total receipts of Hogs by railroad to date this season amount to 100,846, viz.: 40,681 live and 60,165 dressed, against a total of 135,462, or 47 908 live and 87,554 dressed, to same date last year. The receipts reported for the past week aggregate 751 dressed, against 699 dressed for corresponding period last year. The Hog market during the past week has been quiet but steady at $12 50@$13 50 for light to heavy lots of dressed. The transactions in the Pork market during the past week have been unusually small, and barrelled meats have been much depressed, but to-day there is a good demand at the decline. There are buyers of Mess Pork at $32, but holders are firm at $33. Clear Pork is nominal at $36@$36 50. Prime Mess could be sold at $28 50 and probably at $29, but there are no sellers under $30. Extra Prime is in moderate demand at $25. English Meats firm but quiet. Offerings quite moderate. We quote Short Middles at 18c.@18¾c. Cumberlands 17c @17¼c. Long Cut Hams 17c.@17¾c. Sweet pickled Hams, in barrels and tierces are dull and nominal at 16c.@17c. Dry Salted Shoulders are held at 15¾c.@15¾c., packed. Prime Lard is very firm at 21¾c.@22c. Stock small. No. 1 is in small supply and firm at 20¾c.@21c. Freights unchanged."

SALT—Has been quiet at former prices.

SEEDS—Have attracted more attention, including Clover at 24¾c.@25¾c. ℔ lb; rough Flax at $3 55@$3 60; Timothy at $5 75@$7 ℔ bushel; and Linseed at $2 12½@$2 25, in gold, ℔ bushel. The recent sales of Linseed, here and in Boston, add up 12,500 bags.

SPICES—Have been quiet and less buoyant in price.

SUGARS—Have been in limited request and on the decline. Sales since our last, comprise 235 hhds. Cuba, &c., at 16c.@19c. ℔ lb. Refined Sugars continue dull and heavy at 18½c.@25¼c. ℔ lb.

STEARINE—Sales 61,000 lbs. at 22½c.@23c. ℔ lb.

TALLOW—Sales, 76,000 lbs. at 15½c.@15¾c. ℔ lb.

TEAS—Have been quiet to-day, at essentially unaltered rates.

TOBACCO—Is quiet, being held above the views of buyers. Sales 121 hhds. Kentucky at 11c.@30c. ℔ lb. The movements in this line, during the past month, Messrs. M. RADER & SONS notice thus: "The favorable complexion which of late our military operations have assumed, have had the effect of checking all mercantile undertakings. Transactions in Kentucky Tobacco have been strictly confined to immediate orders for export, and the limited requirements of our home manufacturers. The sales barely reach 2,500 hhds., the bulk consisting of Lugs and Low Leaf. In other sorts but little has been done. We retain the quotations of last month as nominal: Common and Frosted Lugs, 9½c.@10¾c.; Lugs, 11c.@17c.; Common Leaf, 12½c.@20c.; Medium Leaf, 16c.@25c.; Good Leaf, 19c @30c.; Fine Leaf, 24c.@35c.; Selections, 29c.@42c. ℔ lb. As regards the state of this market, it is perfectly anomalous. Our stock on hand of old crop, still large for the season, consist mostly of noodescript, sorted out grades; foreign markets are overstocked with the same sorts, the demand in general very limited, and likely not to receive any stimulus for some time to come, and yet holders are firm, and with the lower rate of gold expect to get the same currency rates as when it stood twenty points higher. The chief cause of this is the condition of affairs in the West. The last crop turns out to be not over 65,000 to 70,000 hhds., and this is considered overestimated by many, the quality in general not as good as expected; in the best sections of a husky color, thick leaf, and affected by worms, and still planters are not in a hurry to send their produce to market or sell it, unless they can get what they consider full prices, in which they are sustained partly by speculative purchases already making at 20c.@25c. ℔ lb. for round crops, and sales have been reported for Tobacco suitable for stripping at much higher figures, partly by the generally expressed conviction, that under most favorable auspices but a very small crop can be raised the coming season. Taking into consideration the state of foreign markets, and the large surplus left of last crop, the fact now so fully established that if foreign consumers cannot get our product at prices assimilating to the substitutes, now getting more and more in use, the chance that further military successes may bring the large stocks of Virginia Tobacco within our reach, and would cause a still greater appreciation of gold, and, in consequence, a further derangement of values, impress us strongly that that speculative enterprises of that nature are fraught with danger and risk. About 500 bales of Havana Tobacco were sold at from $1 15@$1 35 ℔ lb., duty paid, the demand altogether being of a retail character. For Seedleaf Tobacco the demand has been extremely dull, the reports from Germany being highly unsatisfactory, has checked almost all export demand. Several lots of common and medium grades of New-York State and Ohio have changed hands for home trade at very low figures. Fine grades of all kinds are scarce and prices maintained. Manufactured Tobacco has participated in the general dullness of the month. A few lots of 10s and ½ ℔. were sold at a concession from former prices. Also, some parcels of bright work, including one line of over one thousand packages at very low figures. The demand for Navy Tobacco has been good; but the exceedingly small supply on the market has prevented transactions of any account."

WHISKY—Sales 1,100 bbls., in lots, at $2 29@$2 30 ℔ gallon.

FREIGHTS—Have been very dull to-day. For Liverpool, the engagements included 1,000 bxs. Cheese at 7s. 6d.; 100 loads Timber on private terms. For London, 400 tons Logwood on private terms; 20 hhds. Tobacco at 30s.

BALTIMORE, Friday, March 3.

FLOUR dull and nominal. WHEAT dull, with a declining tendency; sales of Southern Red at $2 60@$2 65, CORN dull; sales of White at $1 65, and Yellow at $1 60. WHISKY dull at $2 34. PROVISIONS steady.

PHILADELPHIA, Friday, March 3.

FLOUR dull, with a declining tendency. WHEAT dull and nominal. CORN dull. OATS are steady at $1. WHISKY dull at $2 30.

Movements of European Steamers.

FROM AMERICA.

City of Boston	March 4	New-York	Liverpool.
Saxonia	March 4	New-York	S'ampton.
China	March 8	New-York	Liverpool.
Canada	March 15	Boston	Liverpool.
Edinburgh	March 11	New-York	Liverpool.
Pennsylvania	March 11	New-York	Liverpool.
City of Baltimore	March 18	New-York	Liverpool.
Cuba	March 22	New-York	Liverpool.
Africa	March 29	Boston	Liverpool.
Washington	March 29	New-York	Havre.
Borussia	April 1	New-York	S'ampton.
Bavaria	April 15	New-York	S'ampton.
Germania	April 29	New-York	S'ampton.
Teutonia	May 13	New-York	S'ampton.
Saxonia	May 27	New-York	S'ampton.

FROM EUROPE.

City of London	Feb. 4	Liverpool	New-York.
United Kingdom	Feb. 8	Glasgow	New-York.
China	Feb. 11	Liverpool	New-York.
Canada	Feb. 18	Liverpool	New-York.
Cuba	Feb. 25	Liverpool	New-York.
Borussia	March 8	S'ampton	New-York.
Bavaria	March 22	S'ampton	New-York.
Germania	April 5	S'ampton	New-York.
Teutonia	April 19	S'ampton	New-York.
Saxonia	May 3	S'ampton	New-York.

For New Orleans, &c.

Fung Shuey	March 4	New-York	New Orleans.
Evening Star	March 4	New-York	New Orleans.
Moro Castle	March 8	New-York	Havana.

European Mails.

The mails for Ireland, by the *City of Boston*, will close at 10:30 A. M. on Saturday.

The mails for the United Kingdom and the Continent, via Southampton, by the *Saxonia*, will close at 10:30 A. M. on Saturday.

For New-Orleans.

The mails for New-Orleans, by the *Fung Shuey*, will close at 1:30 P. M. on Saturday.

Departure of Domestic Mails.

East Mails close at	5:30 A. M., 1:30 and 6 P. M.
Western and Southwestern Mails	5 A. M. and 4:15 P. M.
Long Island	5 A. M. and 2:30 P. M.
Newport and Fall River	3:00 P. M.
New-York Central Railroad	3 P. M.
North Mails	5 A. M. and 3:45 P. M.
North Mail, Way	5:00 A. M. and 2 P. M.
South Mail at	5 A. M., 4:30, 6 and 10:30 P. M.

PERSONAL.

IF FRIEND WILL ADDRESS STATION E, 6th-av., they will hear from H. J. C.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA cleanses and renovates the blood, instills the vigor of health into the system, and forges out the humors that make disease.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

ST. LUKE'S HOSPITAL, 54TH ST. AND 8TH-AV.—Lectures on *The Church as the Brotherhood in Christ*, will be delivered (D. V.) by Rev. Dr. MUHLENBERG, in the Chapel of the Institution, on SUNDAY AFTERNOONS, during the season of Lent, commencing Sunday, 5th inst. On these occasions collections will be made in aid of the Hospital, which, it is hoped, will be materially benefited, as it has been in former years, by the Lenten offerings of its friends. Service to begin at 4 P. M.

REV. ISAAC WESTCOTT, D. D., PASTOR, will preach in Bloomingdale Baptist Church, south side of 42d-st., between 7th and 8th avs., on SUNDAY, at 10½ A. M. Subject—*The Sycophancies of Woman, an Example of the Prayer of Faith.* And at 7½ P. M., the first of a series of discourses on the doctrines of the Bible. Subject—*The Primeval State and Fall of Man.* Sunday School at 9 and 2 o'clock.

AT THE TWENTIETH-STREET UNIVERSALIST CHURCH, between 6th and 7th avs.—Rev. E. G. BROOKS will preach on SUNDAY AFTERNOON, at 3 o'clock. Subject—*What is Universalism?* Inquirers, and all who would not unjustly oppose Universalism without knowing what it is, are specially invited to hear. Morning service at 10½.

STRONG-PLACE BAPTIST CHURCH, Brooklyn.—Rev. WM. HAGUE, D. D., of Boston, will preach in the MORNING, at 10½ o'clock, on SUNDAY, 5th instant, and Rev. J. S. BACKUS, D. D., Secretary of American Baptist Home Missionary Society, in the EVENING, at 7½ o'clock. Subject—*The Pressing Claims of the New States and Territories and of the South.*

SPIRITUALISTS' SOCIETY—DODWORTH'S HALL, No. 806 Broadway.—Mr. WILLIS speaks at 10½ o'clock, on *The Deathlessness of the Soul.* 7½—Lecture to young men and women—*True Manhood and Womanhood.* Conference, 3 o'clock. Question—*What is a Human Soul, and what are its Relations?* Seats free. The public cordially invited.

ORPHANS' HOME.—A SERMON WILL BE preached in behalf of the Orphans' Home of the Protestant Episcopalian Church, on SUNDAY EVENING next, March 5, by Rev. ALEXANDER H. VINTON, D. D., in the Church of the Holy Apostles, 28th-st. and 9th-av. The services are to commence at 7½ o'clock. A collection will be made in aid of the funds of the institution.

MADISON-AV. BAPTIST CHURCH, CORNER of East 31st-st. Rev. Dr. WESTON, Pastor. A public meeting will be held in this church, in aid of the objects of the National Freedman's Relief Association, on SUNDAY EVENING, the 5th inst

AUCTION SALES.

AUCTION SALE OF HIDES AND TALLOW.

Will be sold at public auction, at Sixth-st. Wharf, Washington, D. C., on THURSDAY, the 9th day of March, 1865, at 11 o'clock A. M., the following articles, more or less:

6,745 Salted Beef Hides.
31 Dry Beef Hides.
1,234 Sheep Skins.
39,412 pounds of Beef Tallow.
457 pounds of Mutton Tallow.
676 gallons Neats-foot Oil.
Terms cash.

G. BELL, Lieut.-Colonel and C. S.

T. R. MINTURN, Auctioneer.

UNITED STATES MARSHAL'S SALE.
BY T. R. MINTURN.

By virtue of a writ of venditioni exponas, to me directed and delivered, I will sell at public auction, on the 13th day of March, 1865, at 12 o'clock noon, on board thereof:

The prize steamer *Charlotte*, her tackle, apparel and furniture, as she now lies.

The above-named vessel now lies at the Atlantic Dock, Brooklyn.

R. MURRAY,
United States Marshal, S. D. N. Y.

DATED MARCH 1, 1865.

GEO. COOK, Auctioneer.—Office, No. 91 Liberty-st.

ON MONDAY, AT 10 1-2 O'CLOCK, AT No. 45 Grove-st., two superb Brussels carpets, bedroom carpets and oil-cloths, enameled chamber-suites, mattrasses, pillows, bedsteads, dining-table, chairs, stoves, &c. Sale absolute, and goods must be removed immediately after sale.

PROPOSALS.

ARMY SUPPLIES.

OFFICE OF ASSISTANT COMMISSARY-GENERAL OF SUBSISTENCE, No. 4 STATE-ST., NEW-YORK, March 1, 1865.

Sealed proposals (in duplicate) will be received by the undersigned until 4 o'clock P. M. on MONDAY, the 6th instant, for supplying, for the use of the United States Army, SUBSISTENCE STORES, to be delivered in New-York or Brooklyn, as follows, viz.:

5,000 barrels of first quality extra superfine Southern, St. Louis, or other brands of FLOUR, suitable for keeping in a warm climate. The brands and places of manufacture to be stated in the bids. The barrels to be in good shipping order, with round hoops, full head-lined and bungs sealed.

3,000 barrels first quality kiln-dried CORN MEAL, two-thirds to be manufactured from white flint corn; sample of package to accompany proposals.

3,000 pounds of RICE, in clean, good, stout oak barrels, *like samples to be seen at this office.*

25,000 pounds first quality, white flint corn HOMINY, size No. 3 and 4, in well-coopered head-lined flour barrels.

100,000 pounds good hard SOAP, to be made by boiling, and only from good materials, free from clay, sand or glass, or other adulteration, to have no unpleasant odor, to contain not more than twenty-five per cent. of water, and to be well dried before being packed; 15,000 pounds to be such as is generally used for washing hands.

1,000,000 pounds of first quality PILOT BREAD, to be made of good sound Extra Ohio or other equally good side-branded flour; crackers to be thoroughly baked and perfectly dried before being packed, and in size, thickness, openness, &c., to conform to standard heretofore established; to be packed in boxes of 50 *pounds bread to each box*; boxes to be made of fully seasoned wood, of such kinds as will impart no taste or odor to the bread; bottom and top of single pieces, or if of two pieces, grooved and tongued together. Boxes to be strapped with light straps of suitable wood. The Flour and Bread will also be examined by the Inspector, who will reject all that in the quality of the flour, or in any other respect, is inferior to the standard samples. Bidders to state the location of their bakeries, when they can begin their deliveries, and how much bread they can deliver daily.

The goods to be furnished as soon as practicable; bidders are requested to state the time when they can deliver.

Separate proposals, *in duplicate*, must be made for each article enumerated, and bidders may propose for the whole or any part of each.

Samples of all the articles must be delivered with the proposals, and referred to therein. Samples of Beans, Sugar, Tea, Rice, Candles, R and G. Rye, Peas, Hominy, and Pepper, must be in neat boxes of card-board or tin, fully labeled, *and not in paper parcels.*

A printed copy of this advertisement must be attached to each proposal, and the proposals must be specific in complying precisely with all the terms. Each bid, to have consideration, must contain the written guaranty of two responsible names, as follows:

"We, the undersigned, hereby guaranty that, should all or any part of the above bid be accepted, it shall be duly fulfilled according to its true purport and conditions; also, that a written contract, with bonds to the amount of one fourth the value of the stores proposed to be furnished, shall be executed, if required."

The seller's name, place of business and the date of purchase, as well as the name of contents, with weight, gross and tare, and shipping marks, to be hereafter designated, must be plainly marked on every package. All other old marks must be obliterated. All boxes to be strapped with green hickory straps.

The flour will be inspected at the date of delivery, and compared with the retained samples by an inspector appointed by this office, whose certificate will be required.

All the stores will be carefully inspected before their delivery and compared with the retained samples. Returns of weights, signed by a professional public weigher, must be furnished.

Payment will be made in currency or its equivalent, as soon as funds are received for the purpose.

Contractors are expected to hold their goods, without expense to the United States, until required for shipment.

Blanks for Proposals will be furnished at this office, which must be inclosed in an envelope addressed to the undersigned, and indorsed "Proposals for Subsistence Stores."

H. F. CLARKE,
Colonel, A. D. C, and C. S.

ARMY SUPPLIES—BEEF CATTLE.

OFFICE COMMISSARY OF SUBSISTENCE, No. 6 STATE-ST., NEW-YORK, March 1, 1865.

Sealed Proposals (in triplicate) will be received by the undersigned at this office, until 12 o'clock M. on TUESDAY, the 7th inst., for supplying Beef Cattle for the use of the United States Army, to be delivered at the Washington Drove Yards, New-York City, or at some other convenient point in or in the near vicinity of the City of New-York, to be designated by the undersigned, and in such numbers as may from time to time be required, not exceeding one thousand head in any calendar month from the 11th of March, 1865, to the 11th of June, 1865; notice to be given to the contractor on Saturday of each week, on his application at this office, of the number of cattle he shall be required to deliver during the following week.

All the cattle will be required for shipment, they will be subject to a rigid inspection, and none but *first quality* of oxen or steers, entirely free from all blemishes or imperfections and not less than three years old, will be received; and no lot of cattle the average gross weight of which is not as high as thirteen hundred pounds, nor any bullock of less gross weight than twelve hundred and fifty pounds. The exact gross weight of each bullock to be ascertained by the scales; time of weighing to be determined by the inspector on the part of the United States, without certificate of inspection, stating the number of cattle delivered, their weight, &c., will constitute the voucher, on presentation of which the accounts will be paid, when funds are in hands for the purpose. Each proposal, to be entertained, must have a printed copy of this advertisement posted at its head, and be in the following form:

"I, A— B—, of the city or town of ——, county of ——, State of ——, hereby propose to deliver to the Subsistence Department of the United States Army, at the Washington Drove-yards, New-York City, or other point in or near said city, to be designated, such number of Beef Cattle, not exceeding *one thousand* head in any calendar month, of the quality, condition, &c., described in the advertisement above posted, as I may from time to time be required to furnish on due notification, at —— cents per pound gross weight."

To be subscribed by two responsible sureties, as follows:

"We, the undersigned, hereby agree that, should the above bid be accepted, we will give our bond in the sum of ten thousand dollars that the contract shall be fulfilled.

——, ——."

Payment will be made in currency or its equivalent, as soon as funds are received for the purpose.

The ability of the sureties to respond in the sum of ten thousand dollars must be certified by the United State District Attorney, or other proper officer; such certificate to accompany the proposal.

Proposals to be indorsed "Proposals for Beef Cattle." The right exists with the United States to reject any or all the bids that shall not be regarded as satisfactory. All bidders must be present at the opening of the bids.

A. L. CARLTON, Capt. and C. S. V.

No. 2.] OFFICE CHIEF QUARTERMASTER, CINCINNATI, Ohio, Feb. 27, 1865.

PROPOSALS ARE INVITED BY THE undersigned, until FRIDAY, March 10, 1865, at 12 o'clock M., for furnishing this department with

SKY BLUE KERSEY—Army Standard.
D. B. UNIFORM CLOTH—Army Standard.

To be delivered free of charge at the United States Inspection Warehouse, in this city, in good, new packages.

Parties offering goods, should make separate proposals for each article offered, and must distinctly state in their bids the quantity they propose to furnish, the price (*which should be written both in words and figures*) and conform to the terms of this advertisement, a copy of which should accompany each proposal.

Standard samples of the articles required may be seen at the office of Clothing and Equipage in this city.

Samples when submitted must be marked and numbered to correspond with the proposal; and the parties thereto must guarantee that the goods shall be, in every respect, equal to Army Standard, otherwise the proposals will not be considered.

A guarantee, signed by two responsible persons, must accompany each bid, guaranteeing that the bidder will supply the articles awarded to him under his proposal.

Bids will be opened on Friday, March 10, 1865, at 12 o'clock M., at this office, and bidders are requested to be present.

Awards will be made on Saturday, March 11, 1865.

Bonds will be required that the contract will be faithfully fulfilled.

Telegrams relating to proposals will not be noticed.

Blank forms of proposals, contracts, and bonds may be obtained at this office.

The right to reject any bid deemed unreasonable is reserved.

Indorse envelope "Proposal for [here insert the name of the article offered]," and address

C. W. MOULTON,
Depot Quartermaster.

PROPOSALS FOR STATIONERY.

Proposals for furnishing the Medical Purveying Department in this city, with stationery are respectfully invited.

Manufacturers and dealers are requested to send samples, with price list, to this office, as early as practicable.

C. SUTHERLAND,
Surgeon U. S. A., Medical Purveyor.

MEDICAL PURVEYOR'S OFFICE, WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 28, 1865.

ASSISTANT Q. M. OFFICE, FORAGE DEPARTMENT, No. 66 CEDAR-ST., NEW-YORK CITY, Jan. 27, 1865.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED daily at this office, for the furnishing of this department with:

CORN,
OATS,
HAY AND STRAW.

Parties will specify in their propositions how the Hay and straw is baled, and whether the Grain is sacked or in bulk.

E. D. CHAPMAN, Captain and Q. M.

AUCTION SALES.

DANIEL H. BURDETT, Auctioneer.

U. S. MARSHAL'S SALE.
BY BURDETT, JONES & CO.

By virtue of a writ of venditioni exponas to me directed and delivered, I will sell at public auction, on the 15th day of March, 1865, at 12 o'clock noon, at the Storehouse of Messrs, Bailey & Steel, No. 40 Commercial Wharf, Brooklyn.

THE CARGO OF THE PRIZE STEAMER BLENHEIM, consisting of

BLANKETS,
ARMY CLOTHS,
SAL SODA,
SODA ASH,
BEEF AND PORK,
GROCERIES,
DRY GOODS, &c., &c.

R. MURRAY, U. S. Marshal.

R. A. CHILTON, Auctioneer.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT SALE OF HIDES, TALLOW, SHEEP-SKINS, BEEF, FLOUR, HAMS, HOMINY, HOOFS, HORNS AND BREAD.

Will be sold at public auction on TUESDAY, March 7, 1865, at 12 o'clock M., at Naylor's Storehouse, No. 17 Albany-st., near Washington-st.:

2,364 Dry Hides, 58 casks Tallow, 19 bbls. Hoofs and Horns, 141 Sheep-skins, 1 bbl. Pelts, 1 bbl. Tips.

ALSO,

CONDEMNED SUBSISTENCE STORES,

53 bbls. Beef, 279 bbls. Flour, 3 tierces Hams, 2 bbls. Hominy, 31 bbls. Army Bread.

Sale positive. Terms cash, in Government funds.

By order, Col. H. F. CLARKE,
A. C. S. S., U. S. Army.

DANIEL H. BURDETT, Auctioneer.

UNITED STATES MARSHAL'S SALE.
BY BURDETT, JONES & CO.

By virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas to me directed and delivered, I will sell at public auction, on the 18th day of March, 1865, at 12 o'clock M., on board the of the prize steamer *Bienhaim*, her tackle, apparel, furniture, &c., as she now lies.

N. B.—The above vessel now lies at the Atlantic Dock, Brooklyn.

DANIEL H. BURDETT, Auctioneer.

U. S. MARSHAL'S SALE.
By BURDETT, JONES & CO.

By virtue of a writ of venditioni exponas to me directed and delivered, I will sell at public auction, on the 9th day of March, 1865, at 12 o'clock at noon, on board the of the prize steamer *Stag*, her tackle, apparel, furniture, engines, &c., as she now lies.

N. B.—The above-named vessel now lies at the Atlantic Dock, Brooklyn.

R. MURRAY,
U. S. Marshal.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

EXECUTOR'S SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTY ON GREENWICH, HUDSON, WEEHAWKEN, WEST 10TH, CARMINE AND MINETTA STS.—ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO., will sell at auction, on TUESDAY, March 7, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, by order of the Executors of Abraham Van Nest, deceased, the following described real estate, viz:

GREENWICH-ST.—The two three-story and attic brick buildings and lots situate on the westerly side of Greenwich-st., between Murray and Warren sts., known as Nos. 268 and 270. No. 268 has a two-story brick extension covering the lot, and No. 270 has a one-story extension covering the lot.

HUDSON-ST.—The three three-story and attic brick houses and lots situate on the easterly side of Hudson-st., between Charles and West 10th sts., and known as Nos. 528, 530 and 532. Also, the frame house adjoining, on the northerly side. No. 534.

WEST 10TH-ST.—(late Amos-st.)—Three two-story and attic brick-front houses and lots, on south side of West 10th-st., between Washington and Weehawken sts., known as Nos. 198, 200 and 202.

WEEHAWKEN-ST.—The four-story brick house and lot on southeast corner of West 10th and Weehawken sts. Also, the two two-story and attic brick houses and lots on the east side of Weehawken-st., adjoining the above.

CARMINE-ST.—The two three-story and attic brick houses and lots on southerly side of Carmine-st., near its junction with 6th-av., and known as Nos. 6 and 8. Also the lot and gore lot adjoining, being on the southeast corner of Carmine-st. and Minetta-lane.

MINETTA-ST.—Four lots of land, with the two-story and attic brick-front houses on the front, and the two and one-half-story brick houses on the rear thereof, situated on the northerly side of Minetta-st., between Minetta-lane and Bleecker-st., known as Nos. 2, 4, 6 and 8. Also the three-story brick houses Nos. 10, 12 and 14 Minetta-st.

A. M. MERWIN, Auctioneer.

BY BANGS, MERWIN & CO., AT THEIR new and elegant salesrooms, Nos. 694 and 696 Broadway, corner of 4th-st.

EXECUTRIX'S SALE.

ON MONDAY AFTERNOON, March 12, at 5 o'clock, and the four following days, at the same hour, COINS AND MEDALS, in Gold, Silver and Copper, being the entire collection of the late Dr. JAMES R. CHILTON, gathered with much care and enthusiasm during many years, embracing a great variety of rare and choice American pieces, and particularly rich in ancient and foreign specimens, to which is added a large and ornamental fire-proof CABINET, and a fine portrait of BISHOP PROVOOST, the patriot clergyman, painted by Benjamin West; also, valuable Numismatic Works, fine and scarce Engravings, &c. Catalogues are ready; price 50 cents.

A. M. MERWIN, Auctioneer.

BY BANGS, MERWIN & CO., AT THEIR new and elegant salesrooms, No. 694 and 696 Broadway, corner of 4th-st.,

MONDAY, TUESDAY AND WEDNESDAY EVENINGS, March 6, 7 and 8, at 7 o'clock:

Private library of fine editions of English and American books, in all departments of literature, arts and sciences, including many superbly illustrated works, &c. Most of them are richly and substantially bound. See catalogue for particulars.

T. R. MINTURN, Auctioneer.

UNITED STATES MARSHAL'S SALE, BY T. R. MINTURN.

By virtue of an order of the United States District Court, to me directed and delivered, I will sell at public auction, on WEDNESDAY, the 8th day of March, 1865, at 12 o'clock noon, at the warehouse of Messrs. Bailey & Steele, No. 40 Commercial wharf, Atlantic dock, Brooklyn, the cargo of the prize steamer *Charlotte*, consisting of Hardware, Groceries, Paper, Shoes, Hats, Army Cloth, Army Blankets, Solid Shot, Cartridges, Enfield Rifles, Army Buttons, Machinery, &c., &c., &c. The catalogues will be ready three days previous to sale. R. MURRAY, U. S. Marshal, Southern District of New-York.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE OF 9TH-AV. PROPERTY.—ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction, on TUESDAY, March 7, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, the four-story brown stone front house and store on the easterly side of 9th-av., 24 feet 8 inches north of 21st-st., and known as No. 158. The building covers the entire lot on the first floor. Lot 24.8x60 feet.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

LOTS ON WEST FIFTY-THIRD AND FIFTY-FOURTH STREETS AT AUCTION.—ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO., will sell at auction, on MONDAY, March 6, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway:

FIFTY-THIRD-ST.—4 lots north side 53d-st., 97 feet east of 6th-av., each 25 by 100 feet 5 inches.

FIFTY-FOURTH-ST.—4 lots south side 54th-st., 97 feet east of 6th-av., each 25 by 100 feet 5 inches.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

FIRST-AVENUE LOTS AT AUCTION.—ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO., will sell at Auction, on MONDAY, March 6, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway.

FIRST AV.—6 lots on the westerly side of the 1st-av., between 51st and 52d sts., each 25 by 100 feet.

PROPOSALS.

MAIL MESSENGER SERVICE.
NEW-YORK.

POST-OFFICE DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON, Jan. 3, 1865.

Proposals for performing mail messenger service in the City of New-York for four years, beginning on the 1st of July, 1865, and ending June 30, 1869, will be received at the Contract Office of this Department until 3 P. M. of THURSDAY, April 27, next, to be decided by the 29th.

The service will consist of the conveyance of mails, as follows:

ROUTE No. 1,461.—From the Post-office on Nassau-street, by Station A, at No. 129 Spring-street; Station C, at the corner of Troy and 4th streets; Station E, at No. 368 8th-avenue; Station G, at No. 1,683 Broadway, (old number;) Station F, No. 408 3d-avenue; Station D, No. 12 Bible House, and Station B, No. 439 Grand-street, back to the Post-office in Nassau-street. Also from Post-office in Nassau-street, by the stations, in the following order, viz: B, D, F, G, E, C and A, back to the Post-office. The entire trips, averaging about eight miles each, to be performed five times each day, except Sunday, (on which day there will be one round trip only, at 6 A. M.,) the first leaving the Post-office on Nassau-street at 6 A. M. and at the last at 7 P. M., and all of them to reach the upper station and return to the Post-office within two hours. The service to be performed with water-tight covered one-horse wagons.

The accepted bidder will be required to enter into contract and bond, with two sureties of ample and unquestionable sufficiency, conditioned for the faithful performance of the service in every respect. It will also provide that the contractor shall be answerable for all persons to whom he shall commit the care and transportation of the mails, and be accountable to the United States for any damage sustained through their unfaithfulness or want of care; that fines may be imposed and deductions made for failures and delinquencies in the performance of the service; and that the contract may be annulled for repeated failures, for violating the Post-office laws, or disregarding the instructions of the department.

The Postmaster-General will reserve the right to curtail or add to the service, if required by the public interest, decreasing or increasing the pay pro rata.

Proposals should be sealed, superscribed "Proposals for Mail Messenger Service, New-York," and addressed "Second Assistant Postmaster-General, Washington, D. C.," and sent by mail.

Each proposal must be guaranteed by two responsible persons, certified to as such by the Postmaster at New-York, and the certificate must have affixed to it a five-cent revenue stamp, canceled, as required by law.

Payments will be made quarterly by warrants on the Treasury, or drafts on postmasters, at the option of the department. W. DENNISON, Postmaster-General.

Blank proposals can be procured at the New-York Post-office.

DENTISTRY.

TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN

Those who are desirous of having teeth extracted should call on Dr. HOYT, the originator of Anæsthetic Nitrous Oxide. Office No. 878 Broadway, near 18th-st.

COLTON DENTAL ASSOCIATION ORIGINated and make a specialty of Nitrous Oxide for extracting. "Experience makes perfect." We never had an accident. Office No. 19 Cooper Institute.

CORNS, BUNIONS, INVERTED NAILS, tender feet, &c., cured by Dr. BRIGGS, Chiropodist, No. 212 Broadway, over Knox's. Branch office and residence No. 920 Broadway, corner 21st-st. Briggs' Alleviator and Curative, sold by druggists and sent by mail.

FOR SALE.

COUNTRY SEATS AND FARMS FOR SALE
BY E. H. LUDLOW & CO., NO. 3 PINE-ST.

New-Rochelle, fine farm, 114 acres	$35,000
East Chester, fine farm, 50 acres	10,000
Rye, elegant residence and 25 acres	45,000
Stamford, dwelling and 40 acres	6,000
Pittsfield, Mass., house and 30 acres	15,000
Glen Cove, L. I., house and 22 acres	17,000
Wilton, elegant residence and 25 acres	85,000
Fairfield, Conn., house and 6 acres	18,000
Kinderhook, house and 26 acres	20,000
Irvington, house and 38 acres	35,000
Ravenswood, house and grounds	16,000

Also, a number of desirable places in all sections of the country.

Full particulars at the office, No. 3 Pine-st.

FOR SALE OR TO LET,

Valuable property on Bond-st., Newark, N. J., consisting of four-story brick building, brown-stone front. The first story is large store fitted up for the grocery business, with cellar and lumber-shop. The upper stories finished for dwelling; size of building 25 by 80 feet; lot running through to an alley with brick stable on the rear; well worthy the attention of capatilists, and a first-rate stand for business. For further particulars inquire of SAYRE BROTHERS, near Centre-st. depot, Newark, N. J.

FOR SALE,

VALUABLE PROPERTY AT ORANGE, N. J., Consisting of three dwelling-houses and large store-house, now doing a good business, with about eight acres of ground: corner property; about fifteen minute's walk from railroad; cars running every half hour to Newark; valuable for investment or occupancy; price for the whole $10,000. For further particulars inquire of SAYRE BROTHERS, near Centre-st. depot, Newark, N. J.

FOR SALE AT ELIZABETH, N. J.—A COTtage, situated at the corner of Spring and Water-sts.; contains 12 rooms, about half an acre of land, fine lawn and shrubbery; garden well stocked with fruit. Apply to BENJAMIN OGDEN, No. 221 Broad-st., Elizabeth, opposite the depot.

FOR SALE—A DWELLING HOUSE AND NEARly an acre of ground, extending 100 feet on the Albany Turnpike, third of a mile above Kings Bridge. The house contains twelve rooms, with carriage-house, stables, sheds, &c. Price $6,500. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—THE BEAUTIFUL AND UNIQUE cottage house No. 1, Park-av., corner of 34th-st.; house in complete order throughout; has dining-room, drawing-room, reception-room, butler's pantry, &c., on first floor; stable connected with the house. Price $40,000. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

YONKERS.—FOR SALE—A BEAUTIFUL RESIdence in the village of Yonkers; price, $35,000. For particulars, apply to H. BAYLIS, No. 15 Murray-st.

FOR SALE—VALUABLE WATER-FRONT ON North River, containing nearly two blocks, with a frontage of 520 feet on the river. Apply to BENEDICT & COIT, No. 4 Pine-st.

MEDICAL.

PRIVATE DISEASES CURED IN THE shortest possible time, by DR. WARD & CO., No. 62 Franklin-st., near Broadway, without the use of Mercury, loss of time or charge of diet. Dr. WARD from the hospitals of London, Paris and Edinburgh, is the discoverer of the only certain and reliable remedies for diseases of a private character. In 28 years practice he has cured more cases of Secret Diseases and Wrong Treatment than all others combined. I can and will cure you in less time and at less expense than any other one or will, and those who have been robbed of their money and health call; it will take but little money and time to restore you. If you have been unfortunate, call at once. By his special experience in this much neglected branch of medical science, he is enabled to guarantee a cure in the most complicated cases. Recent cases of Gonorrhœa or Syphilis cured in a few days, without change of diet or hindrance from business. Secondary Syphilis—the last vestige eradicated without the use of Mercury. Involuntary emissions stopped in a short time. Sufferers from Impotency, or loss of sexual power, restored to full vigor in a few weeks, permanently and speedily cured by a new treatment. Persons at a distance failing to receive prompt treatment elsewhere, may get a permanent cure effected by writing a full diagnosis of their case, addressed to Dr. WARD, No. 61 Franklin-st. Call, send, or write.

MANHOOD AND THE VIGOR OF YOUTH regained in three days by Dr. POWERS' ESSENCE OF LIFE. This wonderful agent restores manhood to the most shattered constitutions, and perfectly cures Seminal Weakness, Sexual Debility, and Impediments to Marriage generally; Nervousness, Mental and Physical Incapacity, resulting from self-abuse, &c. The time required to cure the most inveterate case is one week. Failure is impossible. This life-restoring remedy should be taken by those about to marry, as its effects are permanent. Young man, are you subject to that soul and body destroying disease, secret habits? Dr. POWERS' Invigorating Essence is a never-failing cure. Sold by WALTER POWERS, M. D., No. 61 Franklin-st., between Broadway and Elm-st., New-York.

ADVICE TO MARRIED LADIES, who require a safe and certain remedy for removing obstructions, from whatever cause. Can rely upon the celebrated INFALLIBLE FRENCH FEMALE MONTHLY PILLS. No. 1, price $1 a box, to restore the monthly sickness in forty-eight hours. In all short standing; but obstinate cases, of long standing, may require No. 2 which are four degrees stronger than No. 1, and can never fail, are safe and healthy, price $5 a box. Sold at No. 127½ Liberty-st., and 162 Chambers-st., or sent by mail, with full instructions; address Box 2,359 N. Y. P. O.

A PHYSIOLOGICAL VIEW OF MARRIAGE—Containing nearly 300 pages and 150 fine plates and engravings of the anatomy of the sexual organs, in a state of health and disease, with a treatise on self-abuse, its deplorable consequences upon the mind and body, with the author's plan of treatment—the only rational and successful mode of cure, as shown by the report of cases treated. A truthful adviser to the married and those contemplating marriage, who entertain doubts of their physical condition. Sent, free of postage, to any address on receipt of 25 cents, in specie or postage stamps. Address Dr. LA CROIX, No. 31 Malden-lane, Albany, N. Y.

DR. POWERS' PERIODICAL DROPS are designed for both married and single ladies, and are the very best thing known for the purpose, as they will bring on the monthly sickness in case of obstruction from any cause, and after all other remedies of the kind have tried in vain. Express' or obstinate cases. Warranted as represented in every respect, or the price will be refunded. ☞ Beware of imitations! Purchased directly of Dr. POWERS, 61 Franklin-st., N. Y.

IMPORTANT TO THE MARRIED.—DR. A. M. MAURICEAU, Professor of Diseases of Women, informs ladies that "THE MARRIED WOMAN'S PRIVATE MEDICAL COMPANION" is for every lady, but more particularly intended for those whose health or circumstances forbid a too rapid increase of family. Price $1. Sold at his office, No. 129 Liberty-st., and No. 1 Vesey-st.

EDWARD H. DIXON, M. D., EDITOR OF the SCALPEL, attends exclusively to operative surgery and the more obscure diseases of the pelvic viscera, stricture, hernia, hemorrhoids, varicocele and fistula. No. 42 5th av., between 10th and 11th sts. Office hours from 8 to 9, 1 to 3, and 7 to 9 evenings.

THOUSANDS ARE RUINED BEYOND REDEMPTION in this life by not calling on Dr. HUNTER sooner or later. He can cure the worst cases of secret disease in a shorter time than any other physician, or no pay taken. Skeptics and doubters will please call and read lots of reliable certificates of cures made within the last thirty years of almost hopeless cases, that had had the benefit of dozens of our most eminent physicians and surgeons. Dr. Hunter is in constant attendance from 8 in the morning till 9 at night, at his old office, No. 3 Division-st., New-York City, since 1834. Charges moderate. Cure guaranteed. Separate rooms, so that the patient sees no one but the Doctor himself. His wonderful medical discovery, DR. HUNTER'S RED DROP, cures private diseases when regular treatment and all other remedies fail; cures without dieting or restriction in the habits of the patient; cures without the disgusting and sickening effects of all other remedies; cures in few cases in less than six hours; cures without the dreadful consequent effects of mercury, and possesses the peculiarly valuable property of annihilating the rank and poisonous taint that the blood is sure to absorb unless his remedy is used. This is what he claims for it, and what no other will accomplish. $2 per vial. Book, 50 pages, gratis

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

THE FIRM OF WARD & CO. IS THIS day dissolved by mutual consent, Mr. JOHN WARD retiring from the firm and from active business.

Either of the partners may sign the firm name in liquidation.

(Signed,) JOHN WARD,
HENRY H. WARD,
WM. G. WARD,
CHARLES H. WARD.

NEW-YORK, March 1, 1865.

The undersigned have formed a copartnership under the name of WARD & CO., for the purpose of transacting the general business of bankers and stockbrokers, and of continuing the business of the late firm of WARD & CO.

(Signed,) HENRY H. WARD,
WM. G. WARD,
CHARLES H. WARD,
of the late firm of Ward & Co.
WM. A. STEPHENS,
late of Messrs. Hunt, Tillinghast & Co.

NEW-YORK, March 1, 1865.

Mr. John Ward will continue to be found at our office, No. 54 Wall-st.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE THIS DAY entered into copartnership under the name of

HARDY & GUTHREY,

for the purpose of buying and selling Stocks, Bonds and Gold, exclusively on commission.

Offices, for the present, at No. 72 Beaver-st.

HENRY C. HARDY,
JNO. GARNETT GUTHREY.

NEW-YORK, March 1, 1865.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.—MR. LUTHER B. WELLINGTON has been received into our firm as a partner from this date. The business will be continued as heretofore, under the same firm name.

WELLINGTON & COX, No. 74 Broad-st.

NEW-YORK, March 1, 1865.

MACHINERY.

HE STEAM STONE-CUTTER COMPANY

Will lease their machines, which will cut any stone out of the quarry in any desirable shape, as straight and smooth as sawed stone. They will do the work of thirty men, at but a fraction of the cost of hand labor. A sample of stone cut and model of machine can be seen at the office of the Company, No. 18 Wall-st.

REYNOLDS' TURBINE WATER-WHEELS.

Competent men are employed to measure streams, make plans, and put in flumes, wheels and gearing.

TALLCOT & UNDERHILL, No. 170 Broadway, N. Y.

TODD & RAFFERTY, MACHINERY merchants, No. 4 Dey-st., works, Paterson, N. J., manufacture Stationary and Portable Engines, Boilers, Flax, Hemp, Tow, Oakum, Rope Machinery, Mill Gearing, Shafting, &c.

FOR SALE.

VALUABLE WHARF PROPERTY FOR SALE IN THIS CITY,

together with half the block of land next adjoining.

TERMS EASY.

Apply to HOMER MORGAN,
No. 2 Pine-st.

CHEAP RENTS IN BROOKLYN.

Parties wanting houses are invited to purchase, on very easy terms, the following houses, which will be sold at old prices, and the interest on the purchase money will amount to only half the present rents: 8 three-story and basement brick houses in Canton-st., fronting on City Park; 5 two-story and basement new brick houses on Pacific-st., just north of Washington-av.; 3 three-story brick houses, Nos. 80, 82, 82½ Carlton-av.; 2 frame cottage houses, Nos. 180 and 182 Sands-st. Apply about 1 o'clock, at office No. 1, over Fulton Bank, New-York.

FARM FOR SALE—THE MANSION AND FARM of fifty acres situated at Glenville, Connecticut. Glenville is about two and three-quarter miles from Port Chester; Port Chester is one hour and a quarter ride on the New Haven R. R., from this city. The situation is unsurpassed for health and beautiful drives and scenery, and free from mosquitoes and fever and ague. The mansion was built about ten years since, contains all the modern conveniences, water, hot and cold, throughout the house. Two-thirds of the purchase money can remain on bond and mortgage, at six per cent., for a term of years. If required, the furniture will be sold also, and all ready for an immediate occupant. Apply to PENTZ BROS., No. 155 South-st.

MURRAY HILL PROPERTY FOR SALE.—The elegant French-roof, four-story, brown-stone front house, known as No. 14 East 38th-st., between 5th and Madison avs., with the vacant lot adjoining; the house is first-class in every respect, and has just been overhauled; dimensions, 25 by 52, with a two-story extension 18 by 22; lot 38.9; the carpentery, plumbing and painting all by days' work; the woodwork throughout the parlor floor all seasoned black walnut, with mantel in extension room of same; also, stairs all the way to the attic of the same; immediate possession given; the extra lot is full size, without restriction. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE IN UTICA.—THE ELEGANT house and lot, No. 52 Broad-st., lot about 50x243 feet, extending from Broad to Catharine-st., in the rear; the house has on the first floor, a large drawingroom, library, bed room, dining-room, winter and summer kitchens and wood sheds. On the second floor are seven chambers and large bath room; it has gas, water, bells, furnaces, water closet &c.; the garden is well stocked with choice fruits; a portion of the purchase money can remain on mortgage for a term of years if desired. Address No. 270 Genesee-st., Utica.

FOR SALE—AT COLD SPRING, ON THE HUDson, nearly opposite West Point, a very desirable country seat, with 13 acres of beautiful lawn, having a splendid view of nine miles on the river, and convenient to the railroad station. Large house, finished in the modern style of architecture, amply supplied with water from a never-failing spring. The gate-house, carriage-house, wood and ice houses are tastefully and conveniently arranged.

Apply to N. G. FOSTER, No. 167 Broadway.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—A FIRST-class residence in Westchester, Westchester Co., consisting of about 84 acres, and only one hour's ride from New-York, on the New-Haven Railroad. Fine outbuildings, comprising large barns, stables, carriage-house, ice-house full of ice, large vegetable garden. Three dwelling-houses besides the main house. The place is also well stocked with fruit trees. Apply to JOHN B. DUNHAM, No. 75 East 13th-st.

FARM FOR SALE—THE RESIDENCE OF THE late John V. Hewlett, at Woodbury, L. I., 2½ miles from Syosset Depot, and 4 miles from Colesprig Landing, consisting of 80 acres of land in a high state of cultivation, large two-story house, barns, and other outbuildings, in good order, well watered and an abundance of fruit. Apply to WOODHULL JARVIS, Farmingdale, L. I., or O. H. JONES, No. 263 5th-av.

FOR SALE—FOUR HOUSES, 17x25, LOTS 25x100, north side of 119th-st., 100 feet east of 4th-av., $2,500, or $350 rent; Nos. 48 Hubert-st., and 242 West-st. Farm, with good buildings, near Beloit, Wis., and 30 lots in Brooklyn. Also, to let, basement, 2d and 3d floor of No. 1,935 3d-av., $300 per annum.

F. N. SPOFFORD, No. 29 Broadway.

FOR SALE—THE PEHQUENAKONCK HOUSE, with 22½ acres of land, stables, ice-house (filled,) furniture, &c. Said property is on line of Harlem Railroad, five miles east of Croton Falls; buildings and furniture are nearly new and in good order; overlooks a beautiful lake, celebrated for fishing. Apply to BAKER & VAIL, corner Reade and Washington sts., or to T. C. VAIL, North Salem, N. Y.

FOR SALE—AT ORANGE, N. J., A PLACE containing about 2½ acres of land; house has 13 rooms, built in the best manner, with all modern improvements; good barn for 6 horses; also other outbuildings; garden stocked with the best varieties of fruit trees. For further particulars and price address Box No. 5,448 Post-office, New-York.

FOR SALE—ON MURRAY HILL, TWO SPLENdid houses, built regardless of cost, Nos. 8 and 10 East 38th-st.; solid walnut stairs from basement to attic; also dumb-waiter, and heated with steam; also, No. 4 to lease, with mirrors and gas-fixtures. Apply on the premises, from 8 A. M. to 5 P. M.

FOR SALE CHEAP—A NICE FARM OF 60 acres, one hour out, between the H. and N. H. Roads. Also, one of 30 to 70 acres, at Bloomfield, N. J. Also, a very desirable residence, plenty of fruit and land, with all the conveniences of a city residence, at Orange, N. J. Inquire of J. VAN BUREN, No. 34 Pine-st.

FOR SALE IN BROOKLYN, ON ADELPHI-st., a three-story brown-stone front house, 22x45 feet, lot 100 feet, with bath, gas fixtures, heater, range, washtubs and water-closet; piazza in front; good sub cellar; is in a first-class neighborhood, near Lafayette-av. Inquire at jeweler store, No. 244 Greenwich-st., near Robinson-st., New-York.

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE—IN WILliamsburgh, three-story and basement, frame; water and gas throughout; three blocks from ferry; second and third floors rent for $300, beside which there are four rooms on first floor and two basements; price $4,000; $1,500 can remain. Apply at No. 38 South

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, SATURDAY, MARCH 4, 1865

THE NEW-YORK TIMES.

The price of the TIMES (Daily) is FOUR CENTS.
To Mail Subscribers per annum.....$10 00
Including Sunday morning edition, $12.
THE SEMI-WEEKLY TIMES.
One copy 1 year.....$3 00
Two copies 1 year.....5 00
THE WEEKLY TIMES.
One copy 1 year.....$2 00
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Fresh names may at any time be added to Clubs, both of the WEEKLY and SEMI-WEEKLY, at Club Rates.
Payments invariably in advance.
We have no authorized traveling Agents. Remit in checks or post-office money orders wherever it can be done.
Address H. J. RAYMOND & CO., Publishers.

Amusements this Evening.

BARNUM'S MUSEUM—MRS. GEN. TOM THUMB AND BABY, TWO MAMMOTH FAT WOMEN, GIANT BOY, LIVING SKELETON, DWARF. Afternoon and Evening: WORKMEN OF NEW-YORK; or THE CURSE OF DRINK—EXPOSE OF SPIRITUALISM.

WINTER GARDEN—HAMLET.

VAN AMBURGH & CO.'S MENAGERIE—(Nos. 539 and 541 Broadway)—DAY AND EVENING.

HELLER'S—(No. 585 Broadway)—MAGIC—THE GYGES.

HIPPOTHEATRON—HARLEQUIN MOTHER GOOSE, or THE FAIRY LEGEND OF THE GOLDEN EGG.

BROADWAY THEATRE—FORTY WINKS—THE TOODLES AFTERNOON—WHO SPEAKS FIRST—SOLON SHINGLE.

WALLACK'S—TICKET OF LEAVE MAN.

NIBLO'S—THE BELLE'S STRATEGEM.

DODWORTH HALL—A POSY OF POETIC BEAUTY AND OLIO OF ODDITIES.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—GRAND MONTHLY CONCERT—AFTERNOON—MARTHA.

MILTON GALLERY—MILTON'S PARADISE LOST.

IRVING HALL—GRAND VOCAL AND INSTRUMENTAL CONCERT.

THEATRE FRANCAIS—LA FIN DU ROMAN.

☞ No Evening Edition of the TIMES will be issued to-day.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

THE REBELLION.

Richmond papers of the 2d inst. contain very significant and important indications of the complete success of Gen. SHERMAN'S grand military combinations. We gather from the rebel statements that Gen. SHERMAN deceived the enemy as to his real intentions by making feints against Charlotte and Florence, while with the main body of his army he pushed across the country from Columbia in the direction of Fayetteville, N. C. BRAGG was also induced, by a feint movement from Wilmington toward Goldsboro, to mass his troops on the line of the North-east Cape Fear River, leaving Gen. SCHOFIELD to move up the Cape Fear River toward Fayetteville, where he will probably form a junction with Gen. SHERMAN. This line of march will be protected by our gunboats, and by the rivers and swampy lands that lie between him and Gen. BRAGG'S forces.

The Cincinnati *Gazette* has lengthy details of the capture of the rebel yawl and 14 men at Chapman's Landing, below Kingston, on the Tennessee, by seven loyal Tennesseeans. The yawl was armed with torpedoes intended for the destruction of Government property. The party were regularly uniformed and acted under the orders of the rebel navy department. The yawl was built at Richmond, brought to Bristol on the cars, placed on the Holston River, and moved thence with muffled oars to the place of its capture. Their instructions were not to destroy or disturb anything until they got below Kingston, where they were to destroy the Government transports. They hoped also to destroy the warehouses, rolling-mills, &c., on the banks of the river at this place. The whole enterprise was in charge of a scientific officer. The rebels were chagrined at being outwitted by half their number of citizens, after having run the gauntlet of the soldiers at Knoxville, Kingston and other points on their route.

A recent Washington dispatch intimates that SHERIDAN has begun a campaign in the Shenandoah Valley, toward Lynchburgh.

CONGRESS.

The Senate, yesterday, was well disposed toward hard work. Various committees were discharged from the consideration of matters in hand. The Vice-President submitted his annual report. The Post Route Bill was passed; an attempt te fasten the proposed railroad from New-York to Washington upon this bill was a failure. The Revised Tariff Bill was passed. The usual vote of thanks to the Vice-President was passed. The bill to repeal the act authorizing the appointment of agents to buy property in the insurrectionary States was passed. The Freedmen's Bureau Bill was passed. The report of the Committee of Conference on the Internal Revenue Bill was agreed to.

In the House, it was voted to allow the claimants for seats from Arkansas and Louisiana $2,000 each as mileage. The settlement of their right to seats will come before the next Congress. The Senate's amendments to the amended enrollment bill were agreed to. The report of the Conference Committee on the Freedmen's Bureau bill was adopted. The bill to regulate the Pay Department of the Navy was tabled. A bill authorizing the coining of three-cent pieces, to be composed of copper and nickel, was adopted. An attempt was made to grant relief to one of the Overland-Mail contractors, but it did not succeed. The bill to incorporate Freedmen's Banks was passed. The Indian Appropriation Bill was passed.

STATE LEGISLATURE.

In Senate yesterday, bills were reported incorporating the Metropolitan Railway Company; amending the New-York Fire Act; for increase of interest on Croton Water Bonds. Bills were introduced to incorporate the New-York Pier and Warehousing Company, and to provide for two additional Surrogates in New-York City. The Metropolitan Paid Fire Department Bill was passed by 21 to 6. The bill to incorporate the New-York Conservatory of Music was passed. A bill authorizing the Delaware and Lackawanna Railroad Company to acquire lands was defeated.

In Assembly, bills were reported to incorporate the New-York Pier and Warehouse Company; to incorporate the German Savings Bank of New-York; to amend the charter of the City Fire Insurance Company; for two additional Surrogates in New-York; to incorporate the Village Gaslight Company of Kings and Queens Counties; relative to taxes and assignments in the City of New-York.

FROM EUROPE.

The steamship *Canada*, with news via Queenstown to the 19th ult., arrived at this port yesterday morning. The political intelligence is of no special importance. The Peace Conference between President LINCOLN and Mr. SEWARD and the Confederate Commissioners, Messrs. STEPHENS, HUNTER and CAMPBELL, continued to be the leading theme of discussion and conversation. The failure of any terms of peace being agreed upon was generally credited, but some doubt existed in regard to it.

GENERAL NEWS.

There are only five soldiers of the Revolutionary War now living. They are: LEMUEL COOK, enlisted at Hatfield, Massachusetts, now about ninety years of age, and resides in Clarendon, Orleans County, New-York. SAMUEL DOWNING, enlisted in Carroll County, New-Hampshire, now about ninety-eight years of age, and lives in Edinburg, Saratoga County, New-York. WILLIAM HUTCHINGS, enlisted at Newcastle, Maine, (then Massachusetts,) now one hundred years old, and resides in Penobscot, Hancock County, Maine. ALEXANDER MARONEY, enlisted at Lake George, New-York, as a drummer-boy, now about ninety-four years old, his residence is Yates, Orleans County, New-York. JAMES BARHAM, substitute for a drafted man in Southampton County, Virginia, lives in the State of Missouri, and is in his one hundred and first year.

A newspaper correspondent, who has recently seen Parson BROWNLOW, says: "He is now about sixty years old, but looks young and vigorous—good for many years yet, I trust. He lives in a good, two-story wood house, in the centre of the city; has his family of seven children around him, save two sons in the Union army. He is hopeful for Tennessee; says the whole State had 275,000 slaves at the beginning of the war, and East Tennessee but 20,000. The State shall be free, and all the laws that crushed the black man must first be abolished, and he be protected ere he can start much. He is the only candidate for Governor, and is bound to be elected on the 4th of March."

A Democratic paper in San Francisco, professing to be well informed with regard to the Sonora-Gwin affair, positively denies that NAPOLEON has given up the Sonora colonization scheme. It is not intended to make the States over which Dr. GWIN will have control, a portion of the French Empire or a French colony. Paramount authority is to reside in the Emperor of Mexico, while the territory is held in trust for the payment of the French debt, and is to be defended by French arms.

Gov. ANDREWS, of Massachusetts, has provoked a lively discussion by a statement in his Message of the great disproportion of women to men in Massachusetts, and by a recommendation that they be exported to the West. The excess of females by the last census is 30,000; but emigration of servant girls and the crowd of native girls to the cotton factories satisfactorily accounts for this state of facts.

The Newburgh papers exaggerated the damage done to the Washington iron works in that city by fire on Wednesday last. Only the boiler-shop was burned, and as arrangements were at once made for carrying on the work done in that building elsewhere, none of the men were thrown out of employment. The business of the establishment will continue as usual.

There was a fight in the Canada House of Assembly on Wednesday last. Mr. CAUCHON, a French Canadian, and Mr. DUFRESNE, another member of the same race, being the parties concerned. Nobody was hurt, but the dignity of the House suffered considerably, and strangers were ordered to withdraw from the galleries.

Eighteen States have now ratified the Constitutional Amendment, Wisconsin having been the last. Three States have positively rejected it, Delaware, Kentucky and New-Jersey.

Further returns of the recent election in Tennessee show that not the least opposition has been made to the new Constitution. The vote in favor thus far is 6,992.

In consequence of increasing military and legislative business, the contemplated visit of Gov. CURTIN to Charleston has been postponed.

LOCAL NEWS.

In the United States Commissioner's office, yesterday, before Commissioner WHITE, GEORGE VANDEVEER was brought up for examination, charged with stealing from the Navy-yard at Brooklyn. Prisoner's counsel raised the point that since the recent act of Congress, dividing the Southern District, the courts of the new district alone had jurisdiction in cases where the crime was committed within the limits of the district. The Commissioner decided that the objection to his jurisdiction must be maintained, and discharged the prisoner.

Preparations for the demonstration to-day in commemoration of our recent victories have been made on a stupendous scale, and have been entered into heartily by all classes of citizens—even by those who at first were opposed to countenancing the celebration The decorations will be superb, the parades of military and civic organizations will be general, and the weather promises to be auspicious. If the programme is fully carried out, the day will be a memorable one in the annals of the city.

The annual commencement of the Medical Department of the University of New-York took place last evening in the chapel of the University, Washington-square. Prof. JOHN. W. DRAPER delived an instructive lecture to the graduates. The proceedings were highly interesting.

Messrs. SCHRICK & SHEGOGUE'S drug-store, at No. 59 Macdougall-street, was burned at about noon, yesterday. The fire originated from the falling of a bottle of benzine near a lighted lamp. Mr. JOHN JONES' stock of drugs and medicines, on the second floor, was considerably damaged.

In the Court of General Sessions yesterday, sentence of death was passed upon FRANK FERRIS, convicted by a jury of the murder of his wife. The sentence will be carried into execution on the 12th of April next.

WILLIAM SMITH, a Swede, has been arrested for stabbing and mortally wounding DANIEL LAWRENCE, at No. 126 Hester street, on Saturday night last.

JANE ELLIOTT, a servant, died at Bellevue Hospital, yesterday, from injuries which she received by being run over, on the 18th ult., by a horse-car on the Second-avenue Railroad.

The Board of Councilmen held a special meeting yesterday, and concurred in the resolutions adopted by the other board, to participate in celebrating our recent victories to-day.

Col. BAKER, chief of the Government detective officers in this city, left for Washington last evening. He will return on Monday morning.

The Government Securities were higher by ⅛@1 ℔ cent. yesterday. The Gold Room sales, 198@199, closing 198⅜ ℔ cent. The Railways steady. The Miscellaneous speculations higher. Money market quiet at 6@7 ℔ cent.

In produce and merchandise yesterday, very moderate transactions were reported, though buyers had any existing advantage. Pork declined 25c. ℔ lb.; Lard, ¼c., and Butter, 2c. ℔ lb. Whisky, 1c. ℔ gallon. The freight market was quite dull. The auction sales of dry goods passed off with less spirit. Business operations will be suspended to-day at the Produce Exchange, and other commercial centres.

WHAT MIGHT HAVE BEEN.—The Richmond *Dispatch*, in speaking of the approaching inauguration of Mr. LINCOLN for a second term, says:

"No sane man now doubts that if, on assuming the Executive authority four years ago, Mr. LINCOLN, in his inaugural address, had proclaimed the sentiment recommended by Gen. SCOTT, 'Wayward sisters, depart in peace,' *the old Union would long ere this, without the expenditure of a dollar of treasure or a drop of blood, have recovered its integrity.*"

We do not know how it is with "sane men" down South, if there are any such there, but a good many men of that class here doubt very much whether any such result would have followed. It is possible, to be sure, that if the rebel States had been allowed to "go in peace" and set up an independent Government of their own, they might have consented on their own terms to extend their authority over the North also, and *thus* to restore what they call the Union. But nobody doubts, North or South, that the fundamental condition of any reunion to which they would have assented would have been the annulment of the popular will as expressed in the election of 1860, and the reinstatement of the authority then overthrown. And this of itself would have been such a death-blow to the vital principle of our form of government, as would have made Democratic institutions forever after utterly impossible. Whatever it may cost, in treasure and blood, to put down this rebellion, will be the price necessary to be paid for the preservation and perpetuation of a Government in which the will of the people is the supreme law; and *the boon is worth the price.*

The *Dispatch* justly deplores the ruin and devastation—the expenditure of life and of money—which the war has involved, and draws a glowing picture of the splendid achievements which these treasures might have accomplished if expended in the pursuits of peace. True—but the rebellion rendered all this utterly impossible; and the responsibility for that rests not upon the Government, but upon those who assailed it. The regrets of the *Dispatch* are natural, but, so far as the past is concerned, they are unavailing.

Close of the Presidential Term.

The first Presidential term of President LINCOLN closes to-day. It is hard to realize that but four years have elapsed since that untried Springfield lawyer took upon himself his stupendous responsibilities. The nation has been subjected to dangers so appalling and so protracted, and has undergone such prodigious changes, that this brief olympiad, as we look back upon it, looms upon the imagination with almost the proportions of a century.

As this term of office now completes itself into a unity, it becomes easier to judge it comprehensively and justly. It has been marked by three successive yet distinct stages—the period of absolute forbearance, the period of qualified action, and the period of absolute severity.

The first period took definite shape at once in the pledges and appeals of then Inaugural which accompanied the oath of office. President LINCOLN, while declaring his determination to "hold, occupy and possess the property and places belonging to the Government," yet left no word unspoken that could tend to hold his "dissatisfied fellow-country men" to their constitutional duties. With the utmost emphasis he pledged himself to keep every safeguard of slavery in the Constitution unimpaired, and to favor, if these safeguards were insufficient, a convention for amending the Constitution so as to make the security perfect. With intense earnestness he besought the South to reflect, and not let passion break "the bonds of affection." Though all this conciliating language was hooted at by the South, President LINCOLN maintained his pacific attitude. Anxious to give reason every possible chance to resume its sway, he refrained from lifting a finger even against treason already rampant. He made no movement toward retaking the forts and arsenals which had been seized by the rebels, and contented himself simply with the effort to send supplies to the starving garrison of Sumter. It was not until the traitors had actually opened their batteries upon that devoted garrison, and brought to the dust the glorious old flag that waved over it, that he issued his memorable proclamation for seventy-five thousand troops to suppress the insurrection and execute the laws. That proclamation was put forth on the 15th of April. It terminated the period of forbearance.

The period of qualified warfare, which succeeded, continued until McCLELLAN was dismissed from the chief command, and the emancipation policy became a fixed fact. The military operations against the rebels were practically conducted by McCLELLAN, in part at least, on the theory that the less they damaged the domestic institutions of the South, the more easily pacification would come. It is difficult to say how much of McCLELLAN'S backward and tender style of warfare came from natural indecision, and how much from his settled conviction that this was the method that promised best for reunion. However this may be, there is no denying the fact itself that the war had that character. Gen. McCLELLAN possessed the confidence, both of the army and of the people, to a wonderful extent; and the President was willing enough to let the sparing system be fairly tested. He reserved the extreme exercise of the war power, and bore with McCLELLAN. The war was waged with these trammels upon it until the Autumn of 1862, when the preliminary Emancipation Proclamation was issued, and McCLELLAN was removed from command. This wound up the business of fighting the enemy with gloved hands.

Then came the final system of letting out the unrestrained power of war against the rebellion. The proclamation was a thunderbolt launched at the very vitals of all Southern Slavery—a perfectly justifiable, and yet, as all its friends admitted, an extreme exercise of the war power. Generals of vigor and decision were raised to the chief commands, and when not successful were quickly superseded by others, until finally those leaders of matchless capacity were found, from whose blows the rebellion is now reeling to its fall. In no line of action has the President spared anything during this last period to give the war its fullest force and utmost effect. His supreme object has been to crush the rebellion in the speediest way possible; and with his consummate Generals and armies, he has been performing the work with a success that dismays all rebeldom and astonishes the world.

The Presidential term has thus been superlatively successful. But for the great practical wisdom of Mr. LINCOLN, not only in shaping his action, but in recognizing the appropriate time for his action, the result would have been very different. His forbearance and conciliatory language during the first period were necessary to convince the bewildered North that the South had absolutely ceased to be sensible to any such influences. Without having any effect upon the South, they had a prodigious effect upon the North. They settled all doubts, assimilated all sentiments, and prepared the people, as nothing else could, for that unparalleled uprising which followed the first flash of rebel artillery. So, too, the restricted mode of warfare that at first prevailed was an immense advantage. It kept the great body of the Democratic party reconciled to the war, gave time for old party ideas to fade away, and gradually schooled all classes of the people up to a recognition of the necessity of fighting with the rebellion, and slavery, its nurse, without reserve. Just as there could have been no united North but for the Executive forbearance during the first period, and the casting upon the rebels the responsibility of the first violent act, just so the North would have been afterwards fatally divided if the removal of McCLELLAN, or the issue of the Emancipation Proclamation had been hastened. All this tremendous peril was averted by simply leaving Time to be the great monitor. President LINCOLN went no faster than popular support would firmly follow; and the result was that his final policy of exterminating not only the rebellion, but the institution out of which it grew, was ratified by his reëlection with a majority hardly equaled by any of his predecessors.

Nobody pretends that this Presidential term has been without errors. To say this would be to say that Mr. LINCOLN is more than human. In the thick darkness that has so often closed in upon all public counsels, it would be miraculous if the President, like all our public men, had not sometimes made a misstep. He has sometimes erred; yet has always been quick to retrieve himself. The historian will be astonished as he scans Mr. LINCOLN'S path through all the immense difficulties of this Presidential term, that he has traversed it with such forecast, such firmness and such success.

Sherman's March—Schofield's Co-operation.

The anxiety of the rebels about SHERMAN is getting the better of the orders which their press have to keep mum about him; and through the Richmond papers of day before yesterday, we are enabled to get a partial, uncertain glimpse of his movements and those of the coöperative army of SCHOFIELD. They venture, at least, to tell us where he is *not*; they even go so far as to indicate, by indirection, certain points at which he has touched; and their remarks and speculations help us to infer, at least, what they now fancy his line of advance to be. There is an absence of dates; but we judge that their news concerning SHERMAN comes up to the opening of this week.

It would appear, then, that he did not move from Columbia to Charlotte, or to Florence, though he threatened both of these points skilfully, but taking a course about equi-distant from those places, made by way of Camden, at which he was formerly reported, for Cheraw, on the northern line of South Carolina, and on the right bank of the Great Pedee River. From there the rebels fancy his march will be to *Fayetteville*, on the Cape Fear River, where the junction with SCHOFIELD is to be effected. Fayetteville is at the head of uninterrupted boat navigation on the Cape Fear, which river affords the best navigation of any river in North Carolina. It is 90 miles northwest of Wilmington, 60 miles south of Raleigh, the capital of the State, and 160 miles from the City of Columbia, which place SHERMAN'S army left on the 19th of last month, or a fortnight ago to-morrow. The reason why we have not heard from SHERMAN via Wilmington and through our own sources, now appears clearly; for even if his army made twelve miles a day from Columbia, and marched direct and continuously, it would be fully this hour before he could reach Fayetteville. The troops of BEAUREGARD, now under JOHNSTON at Charlotte, will thus be left in the vocative; and the best thing that the troops of HARDEE, who are left out in the cold at Florence, can do, is to dodge SHERMAN the best they may—perhaps by taking refuge in Gum Swamp.

In the meantime, Gen. SCHOFIELD is actively carrying out his part of the programme, and appears to have completely bamboozled poor BRAGG. Of course he had no intention of moving his troops up the Weldon road from Wilmington at this moment, but he made a feint in that direction, likely with a score of cavalrymen, and BRAGG at once made haste to report a victory in driving them back—whether in "good order" or "disorder," we are not informed. While this was going on, SCHOFIELD'S main column would seem to have ascended the Cape Fear, either on or under the protection of Admiral PORTER'S fleet; and we may remark, in passing, that it is doubtless owing, to this absence of Admiral PORTER up the Cape Fear that we have not been favored with any of those opportune reports of the progress of operations which are always so welcome to the public. It would seem, also, that the rebels have suspected the approach of our fleet up this river, for they inform us that the great rebel monster *Chickamauga* which took refuge here, has been destroyed.

This brief survey of the lines of movement, and of the objective point of the coöperative armies of SHERMAN and SCHOFIELD, is based on disjointed hints in the Richmond papers of Thursday, and is mainly inferential from their remarks; but it does not decrease our faith in the rebel outgivings that they tally exactly with the *theory* put forth by us in an article on the subject yesterday.

From all the rebels tell us it is evident that the great campaign is progressing gloriously. So, let all the people this day rejoice.

A PAID FIRE DEPARTMENT.—The bill establishing a Paid Fire Department in this city has passed the State Senate, and will undoubtedly pass the Assembly also. We are confident this measure will commend itself to the judgment and good sense of the great mass of our people. Even the members of the existing organization who look at the subject fairly, and lay aside the personal interest which their associations have naturally engendered, can scarcely fail to concur in its propriety. Indeed many of them do not hesitate already to express their preference for the paid system. The volunteer system, which might answer well enough in small towns, is utterly unsuited to the wants of a great city, and has been long since discarded in every such city except this in the country. Its apparent cheapness is deceptive, for the grants constantly made for new engines, for engine houses, for furniture, &c., &c., amount in the aggregate to a very large sum. The system is known, moreover, by its practical workings, to be loose, disorderly and utterly demoralizing. In spite of all efforts to prevent such results, it has been by far the most fruitful nursery of rowdyism and crime in this city. We trust it will speedily be superseded by a system better adapted to our necessities and wants.

The Celebration To-day.

Up to the hour at which we write, everything—even including the weather—seems to conspire in favor of the great Celebration. The ample and varied programme shows how heartily and fully all classes and parties will be represented in the demonstration of the day. Its main feature promises to be the voluntary participation of the great body of our citizens in the rejoicings. Whatever is merely perfunctory in the Celebration will be overshadowed by the spontaneous congregation of the loyal masses. They are to turn out, because they think the time has come when our brave soldiers in the field, and our gallant sailors on the main, should be greeted with the lusty cheers of the loyal multitudes at home; and because, with the final overthrow of the rebellion already in sight, they desire to give a formal expression to their belief in the early and certain prospect of a restored and regenerated Union.

We trust it is unnecessary to suggest that, since the time of the Celebration is coincident with the inaugural ceremonies at Washington, there will be no ill-considered and uncourteous mixing up of party or partisan affairs with a demonstration which is essentially and entirely national. The least thoughtful speaker that opens his mouth to-day will not, we feel assured, forget that the rejoicings of the hour are the peculiar right and heritage of no section or party among us, and that the best tribute we can offer to the stout-hearted men who have fought and won the battles of the nation, is to sink completely, for the day, our sectional preferences and prejudices in a common testimony of our devotion to the national honor, and the restoration of national unity and peace.

Thus far, there is not the first whisperings even of an obstruction being thrown in the pathway of SHERMAN'S triumphant advance, to mar the purpose or lessen the enthusiasm of the Celebration. And from every grand division of the national army there is complete assurance that the final triumph is approaching with rapid strides. Let the day, then, be devoted with unstinted thankfulness to a commemorative tribute to the glorious defenders of the Republic. Right truly is such a tribute due; right heartily let it be rendered.

NEWS FROM WASHINGTON.

Special Dispatches to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, Friday, March 3.

THE COMING INAUGURATION.

Washington seems as full as it can be. The hotels are literally shelving their guests. There is a great scramble to get anything to eat, and greater difficulty still to get a place to sleep. Yet Washington is not besieged by half so many people as have assembled here on inauguration days heretofore. The weather for two days has been wet and miserable, but with a better promise for to-morrow. The ceremonies will take place in the Senate chamber if the weather be not fair, and the galleries are already secured by tickets for a thousand or more privileged ladies—the wives, daughters and friends of all sorts of dignitaries, from Cabinet officers down to anybody who can get a ticket. The Sergeant-at-Arms of the Senate has made complete arrangements in conjunction with Messrs. DOOLITTLE, FOSTER and HENDERSON, the Senate Committee on the subject. Mr. LINCOLN'S, address, I am assured, will be very brief, and as a consequence the ceremony short. The procession promises to be of fair proportions.

Dispatches to the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, Friday, March 3.

THE INAUGURAL ADDRESS.

The Inaugural Address of President LINCOLN will be brief—not exceeding, probably, a column in length.

PACIFIC RAILROAD AFFAIRS.

Some of the newspapers have erroneously stated that a bill which passed the Senate on the 1st inst., authorizing certain Pacific Railroad Companies to issue respectively their bonds to the extent of $100,000,000. The bill passed by that body authorized certain Pacific Railroad Companies to issue, respectively, their bonds to the extent necessary for the construction of one hundred miles of road, in advance of a continuous completed line from Sacramento.

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE SECRETARY OF WAR.

The Secretary of War to-day sent to Congress his Annual Report, which he says has been delayed in order that Lieut.-Gen. GRANT might furnish a summary of his military operations; but the summary has not been received, as the activity of the campaign in progress demands his unceasing attention. The Secretary says the military events of the past year have been officially published as they transpired, and are as fully known in every branch of the Government as throughout the civilized world. They constitute a series of successful marches, sieges and battles, attesting the endurance and courage of the soldiers of the United States, and the gallantry and military skill of their Commanders. Despite the superior advantages for recruiting volunteers, greater success has been reached in the regular service than was anticipated. The result of the volunteer recruiting service under the different calls for troops, dated Feb. 1, March 14 and July 18, are given in the report of Provost-Marshal-General FRY, who says, in reference to the reënlistment of veterans, during the Autumn of 1863 over 136,000 soldiers, who would otherwise ere this have been discharged, were secured for three years longer. Organizations which would otherwise have been lost to the service, were preserved and recruited; and experienced officers were retained in command. This force has performed an essential part in the great campaign of 1864, and its importance to the country cannot be overestimated. The result of recruitment in the rebel States is reported as unfavorable. The arrest of deserters and stragglers is continued with vigor, and 39,392 were arrested between Oct. 1, 1863, and Oct. 1, 1864. The total number received from the establishment of the bureau to Oct. 1, 1864, is 60,760. The Veteran Reserve Corps, on Oct. 1, 1864, consisted of 764 officers and 28,738 men. The report of the secretary gives a summary of reports of heads of several bureaus connected with the War Department, and concludes by saying the general exchange of prisoners effected under the instructions of the department, is in course of execution, and it is hoped that all of our prisoners who are in the hands of the rebels, will soon be returned. A furlough of thirty days is extended to them as they are returned to the City of Annapolis.

THE PRESIDENT AT WORK.

The President remained at the Capitol until a late hour to-night in the room of the Vice-President, signing bills and transacting other private business. At one time all the members of the Cabinet were present with him.

Proclamation by the Governor.

ALBANY, Friday, March 3.

Gov. FENTON has issued the following proclamation:

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT,
ALBANY, March 4, 1865.

Whereas, This day is being observed by the citizens in various localities, and especially in our great commercial metropolis, as a day of congratulation and rejoicing on account of our progress in subduing the rebellion, and in reëstablishing the national supremacy; therefore, be it ordered, that a salute of one hundred guns be fired at the Capitol to-day, at 12 o'clock, M.

(Signed,) R. E. FENTON.

PROCEEDINGS OF CONGRESS.

[*Continued from the First Page.*]

the Senate's amendment to the Minnesota Land Grant Railroad Bill.

COTTON AGENTS.

Mr. WASHBURNE, of Illinois, moved, and the House took up the Senate's amendments to the joint resolution repealing so much of the act of 1862 as provides for the appointment of agents to buy the products of insurrectionary States. One of the amendments makes it a felony, punishable with fine and imprisonment, for any one to alter or use Confederate or rebel currency.

The amendments were concurred in.

CASE OF MR. ANDERSON.

Mr. SMITH, from the Select Committee, heretofore appointed to investigate the charges of corruption and malfeasance against LUCIUS ANDERSON, a member of this House, in connection with Gen. PAINE, made a report concluding with a resolution that the charges are not sustained by proof.

Mr. SMITH moved the previous question.

Mr. MALLORY asked him to yield that he might have read a letter from Col. BROWN.

Mr. SMITH declined, and yielded the floor for that purpose.

Mr. MALLORY, in a loud voice—Does my colleague intend to suppress the facts?

Mr. SMITH—I do not.

Mr. MALLORY—I hope the House will refuse to second the demand for the previous question. I ask to be excused from voting.

Mr. SMITH—As my colleague has declined to vote I also decline to vote.

The Speaker caused to be read the rule which requires every member to vote unless excused; and gentlemen, who not being excused, refuse to vote, bring their own rules into contempt.

Mr. BROOKS—The difficulty is, we do not know how to vote, owing to the imperfect information.

Mr. PRUYN asked, but the House refused to excuse him from voting.

Mr. MILLER, of Pennsylvania, in justice to Mr. ANDERSON, appealed to Mr. SMITH to let the evidence be read.

Mr. ELDRIDGE wished to ask a question, but Mr. SMITH declined to answer any.

Mr. LE BLONDA moved to leave the resolution on the table.

The question was taken, but no quorum voted. There was a call of the House, when 123 members answered to their names.

Mr. LEHLOND withdrew his motion to lay the resolution upon the table.

The report of the Select Committee was read.

Mr. MALLORY asked to be excused from voting.

The Speaker *pro tem.*—(Mr. WASHBURNE, of Illinois, decided that the request was not in order.

Mr. ELDRIDGE—Cannot the motion be made under the constitutional provisions.

The Speaker *pro tem.*—It is carried.

Mr. ELDRIDGE—Then, I hope the gentleman's (Mr. ANDERSON'S) character is made pure by this resolution of the Select Committee.

Cries of "Order."

The resolution was agreed to by a vote of 79 yeas against 38 nays.

THE AMENDATORY TARIFF BILL.

Mr. STEVENS made a report on the disagreeing votes to the bill amendatory of the Tariff Act, and it was agreed to.

VARIOUS MILITARY BILLS.

Mr. GARFIELD made a report on the disagreeing votes to the bill in relation to various military subjects, including the enrollment bill. He said the original bill was to provide for the pay of officers' servants, but to this the two houses had added thirty-one sections.

The House committee receded from its amendment providing for the mustering out of men who enlisted for the unexpired term of regiments, having been informed by the Secretary of War that such a provision would take 40,000 men out of the army.

Mr. SCHENCK said if this report were not agreed to, nearly all the military legislation of the session would be lost.

[NOTE.—As we go to press (3 A. M.) both Houses are still in session.—ED.]

STATE LEGISLATURE.

SENATE.

ALBANY, Friday, March 3.

BILLS REPORTED.

Incorporating the Metropolitan Railway Company—a majority report.

Authorizing the Delaware and Lackawana Railroad Company to acquire certain real estate in New-York.

To amend the act for the prevention of fires in New-York.

The Brooklyn sewerage and drainage act.

For the increase of the interest of the Croton water works bonds.

Incorporating the German-American Colonization act.

A communication was received from the New-York Street Commissioner stating the width of Liberty-street.

BILLS NOTICED.

To regulate the landings of steamboats on the East and North Rivers in New-York.

For the removal of all sheds and other obstructions from the wharves and docks of New-York.

To incorporate the Students' Aid Association of the New-York Free Academy.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

Incorporating the New-York Pier and Warehouse Company.

By Mr. LAIMBEER—To provide for two additional Surrogates in New-York.

BILLS PASSED.

Amending the charter of the Republic Fire Insurance Company.

Amending the charter of Elmira.

The Metropolitan Paid Fire Department Bill, by a vote of 21 to 6.

Amendments were offered providing for the election of the Commissioners by the electors of the district, and to tax the Insurance Companies for the expenses of the department, but these were voted down by similar votes.

Incorporating the New-York Conservatory of Music.

Authorizing the Delaware and Lackawanna Railroad Company to acquire real estate in New-York, for office purposes.

In the debate on the bill, it was charged by several Senators that this company was an extensive monopoly, discriminating most injuriously against the people of this State.

The bill was defeated, by a vote of 13 to 16.

BILLS PASSED.

To amend the charter of the German Savings Bank of New-York.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

To amend the charter of the Blind Mechanics' Association.

To amend the charter of the Onondaga County Savings Bank.

To amend the charter of Buffalo.

To establish an Asylum for the chronic insane.

For the construction of the New-York and Spuyten Duyvil Railroad.

To incorporate the Manhattan Land Improvement Company.

To incorporate the Metropolitan Market Company.

To provide for Commissioners of Brokers; for procuring loans of money by them, and to repeal article 1st, title 19, of the Revised Statues.

To amend the act relative to closing up insolvent and dissolved Insurance Companies.

To increase the duty on salt.

Adjourned until 7:30 o'clock Monday evening.

ASSEMBLY.

ALBANY, Friday, March 3.

REPORTS.

To incorporate the New-Rochelle and Whitestone Ferry Company.

To incorporate the New-York Pier and Warehouse Company.

To amend the act relative to the incorporation of insurance companies.

To incorporate the German Savings Bank of New-York.

To amend the charter of the City Fire Insurance Company.

To incorporate the German-American Colonization Society.

For two additional Surrogates in New-York.

To incorporate the Village Gaslight Company of Kings and Queens counties.

To authorize the City of Poughkeepsie to borrow money.

Relative to taxes and assignments in the City of New-York.

REPORTS.

Incoporating the New-Rochelle and Whitestone Ferry Company.

To incorporate the New-York Pier and Warehouse Company.

To amend the act relative to incorporating insurance companies.

The Buffalo Police Bill.

Authorizing the City of Rochester to borrow money.

Authorizing Poughkeepsie to borrow money.

NOTICES.

For a political code for the State.

For a penal code for the State.

For a civil code for the State.

To establish a book of forms relative to the codes.

Incorporating the Masonic Hall Association of Buffalo, etc.

To improve the avenues and streets in New-York.

To incorporate the Blossom Society of New-York.

To incorporate the German Working Mens Protective Union of New-York.

Adjourned to 7:30 o'clock Monday evening.

Seven-Thirties.

PHILADELPHIA, Friday, March 3.

JAY COOKE reports that the subscriptions to the Seven-thirty Loan, to-day, amounted to $3,366,300. The largest from the West was for $150,000, from Pittsburgh; from the East, $750,000, from New-York. There were 2,352 individual subscriptions for small amounts.

THE DAY OF REJOICING.

Summary of the Programme of the Grand Demonstration.

Route of the Procession — The Civic and Military Parade.

STUPENDOUS AND MAGNIFICENT DISPLAY.

The celebration to-day promises to be an event which will eclipse in magnificence and splendid novelties, all others of the many grand popular demonstrations which have been made in this city. Expressing, as it does, the joy and gratitude of the people for the succession of brilliant victories that Providence has vouchsafed to our arms, no effort and no expense have been spared to make the pageant commensurately as imposing as the achievements and successes it commemorates are glorious. The fall of Charleston and Wilmington foreshadow the speedy overthrow of the rebellion. The dissensions of the chief rebels and the rapid disintegration of their one remaining host, still more completely justify us in rejoicing now, at least over the vast and brilliant achievements already complete, and thus made sure as portions of history. In full accordance with this joyful national crisis all our officials and citizens are heartily joining together, laying aside mere partisanships, in celebrating the national prosperity. Public offices and institutions are very generally to be closed; all the city will turn out; and rich and poor together, this vast metropolis, all gay with banners, processions and shouts, will fitly testify its deep delight at past victories, at the prospect of future ones, and at the beginning, amid every sign of strength and happiness, of a new four years' term, and let us hope an indefinite term, of the indivisible existence of our glorious United States.

ROUTE OF THE PROCESSION.

The line of march will begin at the corner of Fourteenth-street and Broadway, down Broadway to the Astor House; up Park Row and Centre-street to Canal; up Canal to Bowery; up Bowery and Fourth Avenue to Twenty-third-street; down Twenty-third-street to Madison-avenue; up Madison-avenue and around Madison-square; down Fifth-avenue, thence to Union Square by Fourteenth-street, where the procession will be dismissed.

ORDER OF PROCESSION.

The procession will be headed by a detachment of police, mounted and on foot, commanded by Commissioner ACTON and Superintendent KENNEDY. The Committee of Arrangements, on horseback, will follow.

Brig.-Gen. WM. HALL, Grand Marshal, with mounted escort, and aids.

First Division—The division will form in the following order on Fourteenth-street, the right resting on Broadway; First Division New-York State National Guard, Major-General Sandford commanding; Detachments of the Second Division New-York State National Guard; Lieut.-Gen. Winfield Scott, Major-Gen. John E. Wool, Major-Gen. Robert Anderson, Major-Gen. John A. Dix, Admiral Hiram Paulding, the Governor of the State of New-York, the Legislature, the Board of Aldermen and the Board of Councilmen, in carriages, two abreast; Judges of the Courts, Board of Supervisors, Heads of Departments and County Officers, Clergy and Professors of Colleges.

Second Division.—The second division will form on Ninth-avenue, the right resting on Fourteenth-street, as follows: Col. M. T. McMahon, marshals and aids; Maj.-Gen. Peck and staff; Brig.-Gens. Hunt, Hincks, F. St. George and Wessels, with staffs; general officers of the army on duty and leave, with their staffs; officers of the army, mounted and in uniform; ex-officers of the army, who have served during the present war, in uniform; wounded soldiers, in suitable conveyances; furloughed soldiers, on foot; mounted citizens; veterans of 1812; New-England Soldiers' Relief Association; New-York State Volunteer Institute Cadets, under Col. Young; New-York Caledonians, in Highland costume.

Third Division—The Third Division will form on Eighth-avenue, the right resting on Fourteenth-street: Marshal ABRAHAM WAKEMAN and aids; officers of the navy, on leave or on duty; officers of the Marine Corps, on leave or on duty; sailors and marines; Jeremiah Simonson's full-rigged ship, manned by veteran tars; model representation of the original monitor, 20 feet long, by Thomas F. Rowland, builder of the original one, with appropriate motto; detachment from the Sailors' Home; seamen of the merchant service; officers of the Custom-house will appear in the procession, headed by revenue-barges, fully manned, upon six-horse trucks; Wm. Van Etter, No. 84 West-street, minature full-rigged man-of-war, nine and a half feet long, pierced for 44 guns, on a wagon; one ornamented car, marked, Sherman, Geary, Foster & Co., Savannah, Ga.; Grant, Sherman & Co., Charleston, S. C.; Porter, Terry & Co., Wilmington, N. C.; Thomas & Co., Nashville, Tenn.

Fourth Division.—The Fourth Division will form on Seventh-avenue, the right resting on Fourteenth-street, WILLIAM SELIGMAN Marshal, and aids; New-York Sharpshooters; Independent Rifle Company, Capt. Geissler, commanding; New-York Turners' Association, Henry Metzner President, 300 strong, with badges; Veterans of the Turner Regiment will also join, and those from neighboring towns; No. 1. Arion Society, C. Trices, President; No. 1. Allgemeine Saengerbund, ten societies, composed of about fifty members each, who have arranged their programme so as to keep up one continuous song throughout the whole line of march; German Central Committee, Steinbrenner, President; Robert Blum Mutual Aid Union of Germans, forty strong; Mechanics' and Artisans' Association of Social Reformers, 1,000 strong, 100 singers; Council No. 4, Union League, Mr. A. N. Dunham, Chief; Nineteenth Ward Republican Club, Archilla Cain, President; a six-horse truck, containing members of the Sixth-avenue M. A. Total Abstinence Association, Maj. Michael Missing, President; the Italian Benevolent Society, Francisco Nash, President, 200 strong, with national banners.

Fifth Division.—The Fifth Division will form on Sixth-avenue, the right resting on Fourteenth-street, CHARLES G. CORNELL, Marshal, and aids. This division will be composed of society and trade representatives, comprising many novel features.

Sixth Division.—JOHN DECKER, Marshal, and Assistant Engineers, as aids. The Fire Department, in uniform, with steam engines, hose, hook and ladder companies.

THE CIVIC DISPLAY.

Yesterday, the Councilmen adopted resolutions to participate in celebrating our recent victories, and tendering the thanks of the Common Council to the army and navy. At noon to-day the members of the Common Council will assemble at the City Hall, and proceed thence in carriages to join in the procession. It is understood that Mayor GUNTHER will accompany them.

The Fire Department will parade, with their apparatus, forming a prominent feature of the display.

The Union General Committee, at their meeting on Thursday evening, adopted a series of resolutions to the effect that the committee will cordially cooperate in the national commemoration arranged for to-day, and requesting the sub-committees and local associations under the direction of the General Committee to unite in the proposed celebration, and leave nothing undone which can contribute to its completeness or success.

A number of our large manufacturing firms will make imposing displays. The Singer Manufacturing company will turn out about 1,000 strong, with several wagons and superb teams.

SUSPENSION OF BUSINESS.

The City and County, Departments, Insurance companies, Produce Exchange, Custom-house, Post-office and most of our private business houses will close at one P. M. to-day. The Board of Brokers have adjourned over to Monday.

THE MEETING IN UNION SQUARE.

The following is the programme for the meeting in Union-square:

1. Grand stand, Fourteenth-street, head of Broadway.
2. Stand for Music, Glee, and German Chorus, University-place and Fourteenth-street.
3. Stand for Speakers, University-place, near Seventeenth-street.
4. Rockets from Fourteenth-street and Seventeenth-street.

The meeting will be called to order at the grand stand by MOSES TAYLOR, and Gen. DIX will be nominated for President. Mr. S. SLOAN will nominate three hundred Vice-Presidents, embracing the names of our best known and most influential citizens. A series of patriotic resolutions have been adopted by the committee. It is believed they will be satisfactory to all loyal men.

The following-named gentlemen will speak: Maj.-Gen. Dix, Rev. E. H. Chapin, Judge Chas. P. Daly, Rev. Wm. H. Boole, Edwards Pierrepont, George F. Noyes, Judge J. R. Brady, Judge W. F. Allen, A. Oakey Hall, John Cochrane, W. W. Brown, Wm. H. Dodge and others. An original poem will be recited by Mr. John Banvard, the artist.

The flag of the *Star of the West*, the vessel sent to convey stores and ammunition to Fort Sumter, will be displayed from the house of Mr. MARSHAL O. ROBERTS, corner of Fifth-avenue and Eighteenth-street.

THE CUSTOM-HOUSE.

The employes of the custom-house have contributed liberally toward the decoration of the building, having raised three thousand dollars for that purpose. The rotunda has been elegantly decorated by the committee, consisting of Messrs. DANIEL JACKSON, H. D. MUNSON, F. G. HUBBARD, and GEORGE HILLIARD. Around the cupola are placed a number of flags, while streamers of red and white gracefully droop to the sides of the room. The desks are adorned with innumerable small flags, and liberty caps crown the posts of the railings. The sides and balconies are trimmed with festoons of evergreen and bunting. In the niche opposite the entrance, is a bust of WASHINGTON, over which is the word "Union." Over the entrance, and facing WASHINGTON, is the bust of LINCOLN, over which is "Victory." To the right of WASHINGTON is the bust of JACKSON, with the motto, "The Union must be preserved." To the left is the bust of WEBSTER, with the motto, "No North, no South." All of the busts face toward that of WASHINGTON. On the four flat sides are the names of GRANT, SHERMAN, FARRAGUT and PORTER, with the names of the most important victories which they have won. Over GRANT is Vicksburgh; over SHERMAN, Charleston; over FARRAGUT, New-Orleans, and over PORTER, Wilmington. On the eight flat columns are the following: Fredericksburgh, Wilderness, Savannah, Atlanta, Sumter, Fort Hudson, Fort Fisher and Anderson. From the galleries the effect is beautiful—the *tout ensemble* being very fine, and reflecting much credit on the artistic skill of the committee.

THE PYROTECHNIC DISPLAY.

Principal pieces with colored devices, representing battles and explosions of forts, will be displayed on Fourteenth-street, between University-place and Fourth avenues.

Rockets, Colored Lights, Balloon with Bengola Lights and Bombs, will be displayed and fired at different points from Fourteenth to Seventeenth streets.

Calcium Lights will illuminate all the grounds occupied by the assemblage.

All the grounds and stands occupied, will be ornamented with Flags, Banners, Chinese Lanterns and other appropriate decorations.

THE METROPOLITAN POLICE

Are to be out in full force, Superintendent Kennedy's order being that every off platoon shall report at its own station at sharp 10 o'clock this morning, and that the Captains shall appear at the Central Department of Metropolitan Police at precisely 11. In the First, Second, Third and Fourth Wards three platoons are to be detained to protect property and for duty in the event of fire, &c., and the fourth platoon is to be detailed for duty on the streets through which the column will move. In every police precinct north of the City Hall, three platoons are to be called to the line of march, leaving only one platoon to guard each precinct. In Broadway, from Twenty-third-street to Barnum's, Park-row, Centre-street, Grand-street to the Bowery, the Bowery to Fourth-avenue, and thence to Union-square, an ample force of policemen will stand on duty until the procession shall have passed. The column will move, as usual, with a platoon of picked policemen in advance, led by Inspector Daniel Carpenter, and as usual the procession will fill the streets from curb to curb. At Union-square the details of police arrangements are to be under the supervision of Capt. Copeland.

Vehicles of every kind are to be excluded from the streets through which the column is to move, but when the procession has passed a street, this interdiction is to be removed.

BROADWAY WINDOWS.

Last evening Broadway window-rents were at a high premium, $10 being a not uncommon offer for a second-story window from noon until 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

OFFICIAL NOTICE.

The Committee of Arrangements will be in session at the Maison Doree to-day (Saturday) until 12 o'clock noon.

All applications and communications can be addressed to the Chairman, WM. P. BLODGETT, or Col. FRANK E. HOWE, Secretary.

THE DAY IN BROOKLYN.

The Acting Mayor, Alderman WHITNEY, in the absence of Mayor WOOD, issued a proclamation yesterday, directing that the various public offices of the city be closed at 11 o'clock A. M. to-day, in honor of the "National Celebration of Union Victories." In a proclamation previously issued by Mayor WOOD, the patriotic citizens of Brooklyn are recommended to suspend business, display flags, and illuminate in the evening. The fire and church bells are to be rung at 12 o'clock noon. There will be no further demonstration in honor of the event.

THE DAY IN WILLIAMSBURGH.

The celebration in honor of the recent Union victories will be inaugurated here by the ringing of the fire bells, in accordance with the following order:

BROOKLYN, March 1, 1865.

The Chief Engineer of the Eastern District Fire Department is directed to have the fire bells rung on Saturday, March 4, 1865, for half an hour, in honor of the recent victories of the Union troops.

A. M. WOOD, Mayor.

The public offices and leading places, of business will be closed.

IN CASE OF BAD WEATHER, ETC.

The Committee of Arrangements voted last evening, that in case it was deemed advisable to postpone the celebration on account of bad weather, the flags be struck at the Astor House, Fifth-avenue Hotel, the Seventh Regiment Armory, Maison Doree, and City Hall, at 9 o'clock A. M., and that the celebration be postponed until Monday, if the weather be fair, and if not, then the first fair day.

TWO DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE.

The Canada at Halifax—English Discussion of the Recent Peace Conference—Affairs in Parliament—The Cession of Mexican Provinces to France—Uneasiness at Turin.

HALIFAX, Friday, March 3.

The steamship *Canada*, from Liverpool on the 18th, via Queenstown on the 19th of February, arrived here at 9 o'clock yesterday morning. Her dates are two days later than those already received.

The *Canada* reports as follows: Had fine weather on the voyage. Feb. 21, at 11 A. M., passed, in lat. 51° lon. 15°, the steamship *City of Cork*, bound to Liverpool. Feb. 24, in lat. 49° lon. 27°, passed steamship *Africa* bound east.

The *Canada* sailed at 12 o'clock noon for Boston, where she will be due to-morrow (Saturday) night.

The steamship *Glasgow*, from New-York, arrived at Liverpool on the 17th of February.

The steamship *Borussia*, from New-York, arrived at Southampton the 18th of February.

The political news by the *Canada* is of no special importance.

The Peace Conference between President LINCOLN and Mr. SEWARD and the Confederate Commissioners, Messrs. STEPHENS, HUNTER and CAMPBELL, continued to be the leading theme of discussion and conversation. The failure of any terms of peace being agreed upon was generally credited, but some doubt existed in regard to it.

The London *Gazette* announces the appointment of W. TRASHER SMITH as British Consul at the port of Savannah.

The steamship *City of Limerick* left Liverpool for New-York at about the same time as the *Canada*.

GREAT BRITAIN.

THE PEACE CONFERENCE.

In the absence of later news from America than to the 4th of February, per the steamship *Hibernian*, the English journals continue their speculations on the recent peace conference held at Fortress Monroe between President LINCOLN and Mr. SEWARD, on the part of the North, and the Confederate commissioners, Messrs. HUNTER, STEPHENS and CAMPBELL, on the part of the South.

The London *Globe*, of the 16th, is fully convinced that the peace negotiations were an utter failure, and that the war is now entering upon a new term, in which both sides are more determined than ever to leave everything to the arbitrament of the sword. It thinks that, the conference having failed, the peace advocates on both sides will now be silenced.

The London *Star* of the 17th believes that the conference was entered upon in good faith by both parties. The meeting was entirely for discussion and an interchange of views—a kind of preliminary meeting, to ascertain whether any common basis could be discovered on which negotiations might be opened in a more formal manner. In its very nature it was a conference of which the details could not immediately be made public, and because of this apparent want of result, the journals of the North were probably too apt to take a somewhat too decided view of the conference, and pronounce it a failure.

The London *Index* observes that the mere fact of negotiations having been found possible demonstrates with what rapid strides the American people have been advancing toward the idea of peace. That happy contingency may yet be far distant, but these things are indications of its approach.

The *Index* rejoices that the Southern States have prized their independence above the advantages of the passing hour.

The London *Times*, of the 17th, thinks that thus far there has not been the least sign of any real movement in the direction of peace. The dream of the South of a powerful confederation amounts almost to a monomania. So long as that idea stands on its pedestal the war must rage on, and it can see no symptoms of its early overthrow.

The *Army and Navy Gazette* thinks the meeting only marks a new phase in the bloody conflict. It makes the boundary line between the belligerents broader and deeper, and renders peace, it fears, impossible, till one party or the other have won, by the sword, the fight.

PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS.

Parliamentary proceedings continue unimportant.

In the House of Commons on the 17th, Mr. LAYARD, in response to Mr. WATKIN, bore testimony to the zeal, tact, discretion and ability with which Lord LYONS had discharged his duties at Washington. In no one of many thousand cases had he failed to obtain the highest approval of the Government, and his duties had been so laborious that in one year his dispatches filled sixty folio volumes. Under such circumstances it was not surprising that his health had broken down, and for the present the Government foredore to press him to decide whether he would return to Washington or not. In the meantime Mr. BEVERLEY HUME was most satisfactorily discharging the duties of the embassy.

Mr. WATKINS complains that the Government was allowing the Reciprocity Treaty to be set aside without the slightest attempt to avert it by negotiations. He also complained that an intercepted letter had been published, without explanation, stating that President LINCOLN had, himself, signed the order for Breaking the blockade at Mobile, and that, too, while the American Embassador was complaining of British subjects doing so. He moved for the papers.

Mr. LAYARD said there were no papers to produce.

The *Index* says that seven hundred and fifteen American ships have been transferred to the British registry since the commencement of the war.

Demonstrations in support of the Freedmen's Aid Society took place at Exeter Hall, London, on the 15th inst. Sir THOMAS FOWELL BUXTON presided. Speeches were made by LEVI COFFIN and Dr. HAYNES, from America; Mr. FORSTER, M. P., and others. Much enthusiasm was evinced in favor of emancipation, Mr. LINCOLN and the Northern cause.

The *Army and Navy Gazette* says the army estimates have been framed so as to reduce the strength of the army by about 3000 men.

FRANCE.

The weekly returns of the Bank of France show an increase of over fifteen millions of francs in cash.

A treaty of commerce has been signed between France and Sweden.

The absence of any allusion to America in the Emperor's speech to the Legislature attracts attention in England.

The Pall Mall *Gazette* says the question of the cession of certain provinces in Mexico to France had been discussed in the French Privy Council. The project was advocated by the Duke DE MORNY, supported by M. FOULD, but DROUYN DE LHUYS objected on account of a possible war with the United States, and the Emperor ultimately agreed with him.

The Bourse was very firm at 67 50.

SPAIN.

The Minister for Foreign Affairs had announced to Congress that a treaty of peace had been signed between Spain and Peru, the latter paying an indemnity of 400,000,000 reals.

A royal decree had been issued extending to Cuba the law regulating companies and public works.

It is reported the Peruvian indemnity is to be made in consignments of guano.

ITALY.

A Turin telegram says great uneasiness prevailed there. It was thought that MAZZINI was at the bottom of the agitation.

The eruption of Vesuvius was increasing. No damage had yet occurred. That of Etna was diminishing.

AUSTRIA.

It is stated that proposals for a further considerable reduction of the Austrian army, especially in Italy, had been submitted to the Emperor for approval.

Austria and Prussia are said to have definitely resolved upon the flag of the Schleswig-Holstein Navy.

PRUSSIA.

The Finance Committee, in a report to the Chamber of Deputies, propose that the Chamber should declare that the Budget does not show a correct distribution of State expenditures; that the military estimates particularly require great modification and reduction.

TURKEY.

A difficulty has arisen between the Turkish and Persian Governments, the latter having refused to conclude a treaty of commerce with Turkey on the same basis as with other Powers. The Porte threatens to withdraw the license to Persian traders.

The Porte proposes a general amnesty for those implicated in the Syrian disturbances in 1860.

BRAZIL.

Additional details state that the City of Paysandu was taken by the Brazilians after a sanguinary conflict lasting fifty hours. Great mortality existed in Paysandu on its capture.

The Brazilian army was marching upon Montevideo.

The Banda of the Oriental Government was about to send a commission to Europe to solicit the mediation of France in the Brazil question.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LONDON MONEY MARKET.

The funds have partially recovered the fall produced by the first news of the Peace Conference, but under the impression that the real sequel to the conference was not yet known, prices were not fully negotiable.

The demand for money was active, and only in very exceptional cases was anything done below the bank minimum, 5 ₰ cent.

Messrs. BARON BROTHERS says: The news of the peace negotiations raised five-twenties from 50 to 54½, but they declined on subsequent intelligence to the present quotations, 51½@51¾. Erie, which went to 34½, are now 32@32⅜. Illinois Central, after reaching 53½, rule at 51¾@52¼.

(The weekly Cotton Market was received per *Moravian* at Portland.)

TRADE REPORT.

The Manchester market was flat and irregular.

LIVERPOOL BREADSTUFFS MARKET.

The Breadstuffs market is quiet. WHEAT is firmer, with a slight advance. Messrs. RICHARDSON, SPENCE & Co., BIGLAND, ATHYA & Co., and others, report: FLOUR quiet and steady. WHEAT firmer, and advanced 1d@2d per cental; Red Western, 7s. 9d.@8s. 4d. CORN inactive; Mixed, 27s.@28s.

LIVERPOOL PROVISION MARKET.

The market is quiet and steady. Messrs. WAKEFIELD, NASH & Co., GORDON, BRUCE & Co., and others report: BEEF steady. PORK firm, and market bare. BACON firmer with a partial advance of 1s. LARD easier at 59s.@66s. BUTTER firm. TALLOW active and easier.

LIVERPOOL PRODUCE MARKET.

The Broker's Circular reports: ASHES quiet at 30s. 3d.@31s. for Pots and Pearls. SUGAR quiet and steady. COFFEE inactive. RICE upward. LINSEED easier. LINSEED CAKES steady at £9. LINSEED OIL upwards a 34s. 6d.@35s. SPERM OIL easier. ROSIN dull and declining. SPIRITS OF TURPENTINE flat and nominal.

PETROLEUM.

BOULT, ENGLISH & BRANDON report the market quiet and steady; refined 1s. 11d.@1s. 11½d. ₰ gallon.

LONDON MARKETS (BARING.)

BREADSTUFFS quiet and steady. SUGAR firmer and advanced 3d.@3d. COFFEE firm. TEA quiet; Common Congou 1ls. RICE inactive. IRON firm. TALLOW flat at 44s.@44s. 6d. LINSEED CAKES firm and advanced 5s. SPIRITS TURPENTINE firm at 67s.@68s. PETROLEUM firm; Crude £18; Refined 2s. SPERM OIL quiet at £80.

LONDON MONEY MARKET.

Consols closed Friday evening at 89¾@89¾ for money.

AMERICAN STOCKS.

Illinois Central Railroad, 51¾@52¼; Erie Railroad, 32@32⅜; United States 5-20s, 51¾@51¾.

LATEST COMMERCIAL VIA LIVERPOOL.

LIVERPOOL, Saturday, Feb. 18.

COTTON—Sales to-day 25,000 bales. The market is dull, with little inquiry and prices weak.

BREADSTUFFS—The market is quiet and steady.

PROVISIONS—The market is quiet. LARD inactive at 59@60.

PRODUCE—The market is steady.

LONDON, Saturday, Feb. 18.

Consols 89½@89¾ for money.

AMERICAN STOCKS.

Illinois Central Railroad, 51¾@52¼; Erie Railroad, 31¾@32¼.

LATEST VIA QUEENSTOWN.

LONDON, Sunday, Feb. 19.

There is no political news to-day of importance.

PARIS, Sunday, Feb. 19.

The Bourse closed last evening firm; Rentes, 67fr. 50c.

Amusements.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.—The third performance of "La Forza del Destino" was witnessed, last evening, by an exceedingly full and brilliant audience. The work improves so rapidly on acquaintance that there is no longer a doubt about its becoming one of the most popular in Mr. MARETZEK'S extensive and singularly fresh repertoire. The singers were in fair voice, and the judicious curtailments made since the first night enabled all to hear the end of the opera.

To-day there will be a grand performance of "Martha." The performance begins at 1 o'clock, and ends in time for the procession. This will enable country visitors to kill two birds with one stone—they can hear the opera and see the glorification.

IRVING HALL.—The attachés of this [establishment take their first benefit to-night, and Mr. HARRISON, the proprietor, with his usual liberality, has provided a bill of unusual proportions and remarkable attractiveness. He proposes "to keep the day," to celebrate our victories not only in music but in war. The hall will be decorated superbly. Nothing that taste and patriotism can suggest will be omitted, either in the decoration of the hall or the celebration of the festival. The list of artists is too long to reprint here. Their names will be found in another column. The are headed by Mlle. DE KATOW, the Russian violoncellist, and Mr. JAS. M. WEHLI, the justly famed pianoforte virtuoso, who will, we are glad to say, play his "Huguenot" fantasie. The programme is admirable, and introduces the names of nearly all our resident talent. Mr. HARRISON, in a word, has set his heart on celebrating our recent triumphs, and his influence has brought nearly all the artists of New-York to his banners.

BROADWAY THEATRE.—Mr. OWENS will give his incomparable personation of "Solon Shingle" here to-day, for the first and only time at a matinée. Performance commences at 1.

WINTER GARDEN.—Mr. BOOTH repeats his morning performance of *Hamlet* here to-day, commencing at 1 and ending in time for the procession.

The Jubilee Matinée at the Hippotheatron to-day will commence at 1 o'clock precisely, in place of 2:30, and will conclude in full time for all the visitors to witness the inaugural festivities in Union-square. The successful pantomime of "Harlequin Mother Goose," and the varied equestrian and gymnastic performances will be given on the occasion. The building is to be brilliantly illuminated in the evening.

WINTER GARDEN.—A grand matinée of BOOTH'S *Hamlet* will take place to-day at this theatre. The doors will open at 12:30. Commencement at 1 o'clock precisely, so as to terminate in time to enable all attending it to witness the celebration spectacles. The last nights of "Hamlet" are now drawing near, so that the few opportunities left should not be neglected.

BERGEN TUNNEL.—The telegraph apparatus for signalling trains passing through the Bergen tunnel has been nearly completed. Four martello towers—two at each end—for the Erie and Morris and Essex Roads respectively, have been erected, connected with wires running above the tunnel.

A Down-Town Merchant

having passed several sleepless nights, disturbed by the agonies and cries of a suffering child, and becoming convinced that Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP was just the article needed, procured a supply for the child. On reaching home, and acquainting his wife with what he had done, she refused to have it administered to the child, as she was strongly in favor of Homeopathy. That night the child passed in suffering, and the parents without sleep. Returning home the day following the father found the baby still worse; and while contemplating another sleepless night, the mother stepped from the room to attend to some domestic duties, and left the father with the child. During her absence he administered a portion of the Soothing Syrup to the baby, and said nothing. That night all hands slept well, and the little fellow awoke in the morning bright and happy. The mother was delighted with the sudden and wonderful change, and although at first offended at the deception practised upon her, has continued to use the Syrup, and suffering, crying babies and restless nights have disappeared. A single trial of the Syrup never yet failed to relieve the baby, and overcome the prejudices of the mother. 35 cents a bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Sooner or Later, a Neglected Cold will develop a constant cough, shortness of breath, failing strength, and wasting of flesh—the ayant couriers of consumption. In some instances the same cause will produce bronchitis, a disease of the branches of the windpipe. In all affections of the pulmonary organs, as well as in bronchial complaints, JAYNE'S Expectorant is both a palliative and curative, as the testimony of thousands and its world-wide reputation attest; while in coughs and colds it acts speedily, and, when taken according to directions, promptly removes them. Why not give this standard article an immediate trial?

To the Weak, Strength.—The efficacy of HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS as a specific for recruiting the enfeebled body and cheering the desponding mind has passed into a proverb. In the United States, where this marvelous Tonic has borne down all opposition and eclipsed all rivalry, the demand for it has annually increased in a heavier and heavier ratio for more than twelve years, until at last the regular sales of this Preparation exceed those of all other Stomachics combined. Eminent members of the medical profession and hospital surgeons without number, have candidly admitted that the pharmacopœia of the faculty contains no prescription that produces such beneficial effects in Dyspepsia, General Debility and Nervous Diseases, as HOSTETTER'S BITTERS. To use the language of a venerable physician of New-York. "The Bitters are the purest Stimulant and the safest Tonic we have." But the uses of the great vegetable antidote are much more comprehensive than such praise would imply. In Canada, the West Indies and Australia, it is considered an infallible safeguard against the attacks of Fever and Ague and Bilious Remittent Fever. The miner, the planter, the farmer, the traveler, the hunter, colonists of new regions, and in fact all whose occupations are prosecuted under circumstances prejudicial to health, declare that it doubles the constitutional and vital strength of all who use it.

Helmbold's Concentrated Extract Buchu

Is the Great Diuretic.

HELMBOLD'S CONCENTRATED EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA

Is the Great Blood Purifier.

Both are prepared according to rules of Pharmacy and Chemistry, and are the most active that can be made.

Dr. Lighthill can be consulted at his residence, No. 34 St. Mark's-place, (8th-st., between 2d and 3d avs.,) from 9 A. M. till 3 P. M., on

DEAFNESS, CATARRH,

Discharges from the Ear, Noises in the Head, and all diseases of the

EAR, THROAT, AND AIR-PASSAGES.

Deafness, Impaired Sight,

NOISES IN THE HEAD, CHRONIC CATARRH, affections of the THROAT, LUNGS AND ASTHMA cured by DR. VON EISENBERG, No. 816 Broadway, near 12th-st.

Quantity vs. Quality.—HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA—THE DOSE IS SMALL. Those who desire a large quantity—and large doses of medicine—ERR.

I CAN SUIT ALL.

Batchelor's Hair Dye.

The best in the world, the only reliable and perfect dye known. Instantaneous and harmless. The genuine is signed WILLIAM A. BATCHELOR. Sold by all druggists and perfumers. Factory No. 81 Barclay-st.

Great Bargains in imported Satin Slippers, Black, White, Blue and Pink, $1 50 and $2 a pair, made by Este. Also Ladies' Boots cheap, to close out the stock, the proprietor retiring from business.

M. L. HILL, No. 571 Broadway.

The best hotels use Burnett's Flavoring Extracts.

Old Eyes Made New.

A pamphlet directing how to speedily restore sight and give up spectacles, without aid of doctor or medicine. Sent by mail free, on receipt of 10 cents. Address E. B. FOOTE, M. D., No. 1,130 Broadway, New-York.

Artificial Limbs of Superior Quality and adaptability: Army and Navy furnished gratis with the best, per commission of Surgeon-General U. S. Army, by E. D. HUDSON, M. D., Astor-place, Clinton Hall, N. Y

Second-Hand Safes.

In large numbers, of our own and others make, taken in exchange for our new patent Alum and Dry Plaster Safes, For sale low. MARVIN & Co., No. 265 B'way.

Grover & Baker's Highest Premium Elastic stitch and lock-stitch sewing-machines, No. 495 Broadway, New-York, and No. 235 Fulton-st., Brooklyn.

All Ladies should use Sterling's Ambrosia for the Hair.—It cleanses, beautifies, preserves and renders the hair soft and glossy.

Wheeler & Wilson's Highest Premium LOCK-STITCH SEWING-MACHINES, No. 625 Broadway. See WHEELER & WILSON'S BUTTON-HOLE MACHINE.

Trusses, &c.—MARSH & CO.'S Radical Cure Truss Office only at No. 2 Vesey-st. Also, supporters bandages, silks elastic stockings, &c. A lady attendant

Corns, Bunions, Enlarged Joints, and all diseases of the feet, cured by Dr. ZACHARIE, No. 780 Broadway.

Dyspepsia Tablets Cure Indigestion, Heartburn, &c. 50 cents per box. Prepared by S. G. WELLING, No. 571 Broadway. Sold by all druggists.

Its Effect is Miraculous!

THE OLD, THE MIDDLE-AGED AND THE YOUNG UNITE TO PRAISE

HALL'S SICILIAN VEGETABLE HAIR RENEWER.

It is an entirely new scientific discovery, combining many of the most powerful and restorative agents in the VEGETABLE KINGDOM.

IT WILL POSITIVELY RESTORE GRAY, DRY, DISCOLORED HAIR TO ITS ORIGINAL COLOR, and change brash, wiry, uncomely locks into

BEAUTIFUL SILKEN TRESSES.

We have such confidence in its merits, and are so sure that it will do all we claim for it, that we offer

$1,000 REWARD

if the Sicilian Hair Renewer does not give satisfaction in all cases when used in strict accordance with our instructions.

It will restore gray hair;
It keeps the hair from falling out;
It cleanses the scalp;
It makes the hair lustrous and silken;
It is a splendid hair-dressing;
It is liked by all who use it.

It is rapidly gaining a popularity among all classes of community, such as no other preparation for the same purpose has ever enjoyed. This is simply because it is just what we say it is—an unequaled Hair Restorative and Dressing.

PROOF.

To prove it—try a bottle,

R. P. HALL & CO.,
Nashua, N. H., Proprietors.
DEMAS BARNES & CO.,
No. 21 PARK ROW, New-York, General Agents.

Colgate's Honey Soap.

This celebrated **Toilet Soap,** in such universal demand, is made from the choicest materials, is **mild and emollient** in its nature, **fragrantly scented,** and extremely beneficial in its action upon the skin. For sale by all Druggists and fancy-goods dealers.

For Coughs and Throat Disorders, use *"Brown's Bronchial Troches,"* having *proved* their efficacy by a test of many years.

"I have never changed my mind respecting them from the first, excepting to think yet better of that which I began thinking well of."

Rev. HENRY WARD BEECHER.

Do not Waste your Money Buying any of the numerous worthless articles called GOLD PENS, which have flooded the market for the last few years, when at lower prices you can get pens which are acknowledged to be the BEST IN THE WORLD.

Avoid the shameless Upstarts, whose lack of brains compels them to attempt imitation, *even to the advertisement.* If you want the full value of your money call on A. MORTON, No. 25 Maiden-lane, or inclose stamp for circular.

In the great procession to-day, see a lady operating a SEWING-MACHINE by the aid of D. BARNUM'S *Self-Sewer* or *Self-Guide* and *Self-Baster*, sewing and reading a book at the same. *It preserves the eyes, avoids bending, no basting.* For sale, *all* machines, at BARNUM'S MUSEUM, in Wax Figure Hall, and at No. 508 Broadway, New-York. $1 50, with directions. Sent by mail.

A Tuing of Beauty is a Joy Forever.

Those who desire brilliancy of complexion, must purify and enrich the blood, which HELMBOLD'S CONCENTRATED EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA invariably does. Recollect it is no patent medicine. Ask for Helmbold's. Take no other.

A New Perfume for the Handkerchief.

Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus."

A Most Exquisite, Delicate and Fragrant Perfume, Distilled from the Rare and Beautiful Flower from Which it takes its name, manufactured only by PHALON & SON.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.

ASK FOR PHALON'S—TAKE NO OTHER.

Sold by druggists generally.

A Silent Sewing Machine.

WILCOX & GIBBS, No. 508 Broadway.

MARRIED.

DICKINSON—EASTMAN.—On Thursday, March 2, at the Clinton-av. Congregational Church, by Rev. Dr. Budington, PLATT K. DICKINSON, of this city, and ADELAIDE, youngest daughter of Smith J. Eastman, Esq., of Brooklyn.

KOPPER—GILLELAN.—On Tuesday, Feb. 28, at the residence of the bride's father, PHILIP W. KOPPER and Miss RACHEL T. GILLELAN, youngest daughter of John Gillelan, of Harlem.

MCHENRY—IRVING.—At Tarrytown, on Wednesday evening, March 1, by Rev. J. A. Todd, Mr. WILLIAM MCHENRY and Miss ELIZABETH IRVING, both of Irvington.

ROWLEY—MOUNT.—On Wednesday, March 1, at the residence of the bride's mother, by Rev. Dr. Price, EDWIN H. ROWLEY, of Connecticut, and AMANDA, daughter of the late Joseph E. Mount, of this city. No cards.

SAUNDERS—ROGERS.—On Tuesday, Feb. 28, at Calvary Episcopal Church, by Rev. William D. Walker, BENJAMIN SAUNDERS and ELIZABETH LYDIA ROGERS, only daughter of Edward Thos. Rogers, all of this city.

DIED.

BANTA.—Suddenly, on Friday, March 3, in the 73d year of her age, HESTER, widow of Garret Banta.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Monday, the 6th inst., at 10 A. M., without further notice, from the residence of her son-in-law, S. W. Mannaring, No. 58 King-st. Remains to be taken to English Neighborhood Cemetery for interment.

HOWLAND.—On Friday evening, March 3, at the Fifth-av. Hotel, WILLIAM H. HOWLAND, of Morristown, N. J., in the 59th year of his age, son of the late John H. Howland.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend his funeral, from Trinity Chapel, 25th-st., on Monday, the 6th inst., at 1 o'clock, without further notice. His remains will be taken to Greenwood for interment.

LOCKWOOD.—At Rome, Italy, on Friday, Jan. 27, MARIE LOUISE, wife of Alfred Lockwood, and daughter of Eliss Wade, Jr., of this city.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, at the residence of her father, No. 22 West 26th-st., on Sunday, the 5th inst., at 1½ o'clock P. M., without further notice.

MERRITT.—At Montclair, N. J., on Thursday, March 2, ARMOUR EDWARD HENRY MERRITT, eldest son of Edward H. and Martha J. Merritt, aged 7 years, 10 months and 4 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend his funeral, this (Saturday) afternoon, at 2 o'clock, from the M. E. Church, Montclair. Relatives at his parents' residence at 1½ o'clock. Train from Barclay-st. per Morris and Essex Railroad, 11¾ o'clock.

MOYER.—On Friday, March 3, FRANKLIN, son of J. G. and Jane Moyer.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, from the parents' residence, No. 139 East 26th-st., on Sunday afternoon, at 1½ o'clock.

MURDOCK.—On Friday morning, March 3, after a lingering illness, BARTLETT MURDOCK, in the 49th year of his age.

The relatives and friends

PETROLEUM.

PROSPECTUS
OF
THE UNITED REPUBLIC PETROLEUM COMPANY,
OF THE
CITY OF NEW-YORK.

THE UNITED REPUBLIC PETROLEUM COMPANY is a corporation, organized under the laws of the State of New-York, with a capital of $2,500,000, divided into 250,000 shares, of the par value of $10 each, the shareholders of which are exempt from all personal liability.

FIVE HUNDRED THOUSNND DOLLARS WORKING CAPITAL.

The books are now opened for a limited number of subscriptions, at the following offices:

Messrs. Lowber, Ostrom & Co., No. 105 Front-st.; Messrs. T. Ketcham & Co., No. 68 Wall-street; Messrs. Fancher & McChesney, corner Moore and Water-st.; Wm. M. Parks, No. 19 Broad-st.; Messrs. Wellington & Cox, No. 74 Broad-st.; Wm. A. Fowler, No. 74 Broadway, N. Y.; D. K. Ducker, No. 38 Fulton-st., Brooklyn; D. B. Powell, No. 77 Myrtle-ave.; George J. Hardy, No. 33 Court-st., Brooklyn, and at the office of the company, No. 74 Broadway, N. Y.

TRUSTEES:

E. J. Lowber, firm Lowber, Ostrom & Co, No. 105 Front-st.

J. C. Dayton, firm J. C. Dayton & Co., No. 107 Front-st.

Wm. A. Fowler, No. 74 Broadway.

I. B. Wellington, firm Wellington & Cox, No. 74 Broad-st.

Smith Fancher, firm Fancher & McChesney, No. 5 Water-st.

John Chadwick, No. 181 Pearl-st.

Frederick Lacey, firm Mead, Lacey & Co., No. 47 Water-st.

W. M. Parks, No. 19 Broad-st.

Edward Dodge, No. 51 Wall-st.

OFFICERS:

President—E. J. LOWBER.
Vice-President—J. C. DAYTON.
Treasurer—WM. A. FOWLER.
Secretary—JAMES H. KIDDER.

The property of this company has been selected by practical judges of oil interests, and includes territory which is considered the very best in the whole oil region, embracing selections on Cherry Run, Pit-hole and Oil Creeks, and Alleghany River.

The producing interests are now yielding over one hundred and eighty barrels per day, principally from new wells, and this alone is sufficient to pay two per cent. per month on the entire capital, and with the developments to be made with the unusually large working capital, promises increased dividends at an early day.

FEE SIMPLE INTERESTS.

1.
159 acres D. Gaines Farm, on Horse Creek, laying nearly a mile on either side of the creek—an excellent piece of oil territory.

2.
20 acres Stuart's Run, all boring land on each side of the run, within a mile of the great U. S. Well, on Pit-hole Creek, McKinley Farm.

3.
85 acres Graham Farm, on Pit-hole Creek, one mile from the U. S. Co's well—over 50 acres fine boring land, one of the finest farms on the Creek, and not to be excelled for oil purposes.

4.
110 acres Shirk Farm, on Sugar Creek, two miles above Cooperstown, where heavy oil is found—a fine location, and a very long distance on the Creek.

5.
38 acres Fry farm, on Cherry Tree Run—all boring land, and full of streams—a splendid piece of oil territory, one mile from Cherry Tree.

6.
5 acres McClure Farm, on Cherry Run, lying one half mile above Plumer, which is very promising for oil purposes.

7.
250 acres Tidioute Creek, running one mile on the creek—100 acres fine boring land.

8.
30 acres Haworth Farm, on Pit-hole Creek—a beautiful site, all boring land, two miles above the great Well, and the property is believed to be fully as valuable as the Smith Farm on Cherry Run.

LEASEHOLD INTERESTS.

9.
⅞ working interest in Lease No. 18, McClamont Farm, Cherry Run, on which there is a well now going down.

10.
⅜ working interest in Lease No. 4, Lamb Farm, Cherry Run—a well now drilling, night and day—A fine location, just above the Humboldt Works.

11.
⅜ working interest in lease No. 16, Lamb Farm, Cherry Run—a well going down, and a good situation, below the Humboldt Works.

12.
¼ working interest in Lease No. 8, Lamb Farm—an excellent lease, with a well now being put down.

13.
Lease No. 6, Henry Farm, at Henry's Bend, Alleghany River, for one half the oil, for fourteen (14) years—adjoining the great Heydrick Well, which has turned out over 61,000 bbls. of oil, and is still pumping over 60 bbls. per day. Well to be put down and completed at once on this lease.

14.
Lease No. 8, Henry Farm, at Henry's Bend, Alleghany River, for one half the oil, for fourteen years.

15.
Lease No. 9, Henry Farm, at Henry's Bend, Alleghany River, for one half the oil, for fourteen years.

16.
Lease of 15 acres Haworth Farm for twenty-five (25) years, for one half the oil, on Pit-hole Creek, lying on both sides of the Creek, and a selection of his Farm of over 100 acres. Seven (7) wells to be put down on this property at once, free of all expense to this Company.

17.
Lease of 10 acres, being a selection from 76 acres of the Heydrick Farm, on Muskrat Run, near Pit-hole, for one-half the oil. This is a valuable piece of oil territory.

18.
Lease No. 2, Heydrick Farm, Pit-hole Run, for one-half the oil, only a few rods from the great United States Well. Well to be put down free of expense.

19.
Lease No. 4, Heydrick Farm, Pit-hole Run, for one-half the oil, same as above. Well to be put down by the company.

20.
Lease No. 5, Heydrick Farm, Pit-hole Run, for one-half the oil. Well to be put down by the company.

21.
Lease No. 1, Prather Farm, ⅝ working interest, on which there is a well going down.

PRODUCING INTERESTS.

22
⅜ working interest Grocery well and lease, Smith Farm Cherry Run. This is a flowing well and now producing 200 barrels per day. Our interest in this well is.....90 bbls.

23
¾ working interest Coquette Well, Egbert Farm, Oil Creek, now flowing 650 barrels per day. Our interest in this well over.....80 bbls.

24
¼ free interest, Lady Washington Well, and lease, Blood Farm, Oil Creek, now pumping 80 barrels per day. Our interest in this well.....10 bbls.

Total producing interest per day.....180 bbls.

THE STELLA
PETROLEUM COMPANY,

OFFICE NO. 74 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK.

ORGANIZED UNDER THE GENERAL LAWS OF THE STATE OF NEW-YORK.

CAPITAL.....$500,000
100,000 SHARES. PAR VALUE, $5.
$75,000 RESERVED FOR WORKING CAPITAL.
SHAREHOLDERS ARE EXEMPT FROM ALL PERSONAL LIABILITY.

OFFICERS.
SAMUEL BOOTH, President.
JOHN FRENCH, Vice-President.
HEMAN B. AUTEN, Secretary.
WILLIAM H. LITTLE, Treasurer.
ALEX. McCUE, Counsel.

TRUSTEES.
SAMUEL BOOTH, No. 66 Myrtle-av., Brooklyn.
JOHN FRENCH, Clinton-av., Brooklyn.
FOSTER PETTIT, of Pettit & Crook, No. 136 Water-st., New-York.
WILLIAM H. WALLACE, No. 131 Washington-st., New-York.
RICHARD INGRAHAM, No. 16 Court-st., Brooklyn.
WILLIAM M. LITTLE, of Wyckoff & Little, Montague-st., near Court, Brooklyn.
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JOHN DOHERTY, Park-place, Brooklyn.
L. HORATIO BIGLOW, L. H. Biglow & Co., No. 2 William-st., New-York.

PROPERTY IN VENANGO COUNTY, PA.,

Consisting of two hundred and thirty-eight acres of the best oil territory lying on Pithole Creek, Cherry Run, Maguire Run and Dun Run, near tide-out, in fee simple, and interests in the "Lady Washington," "Amazon," and "Colby" wells, and in a number of wells being put down.

Wells will be immediately sunk on the property held in fee simple by this company, and with the large working capital of $75,000 great results are anticipated.

The developed interests, as will be seen above in the "Lady Washington," the "Amazon" and the "Colby" wells, are already sufficient to enable the company to pay monthly dividends.

The company has been formed not as a matter of speculation, but to develop a property which, it is believed will prove to be of great value. The reputation of the gentlemen composing the Board of Trustees is a sufficient guarrantee that this object will be rapidly and faithfully carried out, and thus the stock will prove a most desirable and profitable investment.

Subscription Books for a limited number of shares are now open at the following offices:

Office of the Company, No. 74 Broadway, N. Y.; Wm. H. Wallace, Esq., No. 131 Washington-st., N. Y.; L. H. Biglow & Co., No. 2 William-st., N. Y.; Pettit & Crook No. 136 Water-st., N. Y.; Wyckoff & Little, Montague-st., near Court, Brooklyn; D. & W. C. Booth, No. 66 Myrtle-av.; Stewart & Co., No. 102 Fulton-st.; M. Nevin, No. 302 Fulton-st.; also, with either of the Trustees.

BROOKLYN PETROLEUM COMPANY.

FIRST DIVIDEND.

The Trustees of this company have this day declared a Dividend of Two (2) Per Cent., out of the earnings of the company, payable at their office, No. 74 Broadway, on the 15th inst., free of Government tax. The transfer books will be closed from the 10th to the 15th inst., inclusive.

New-York, Feb. 28, 1865. GALLIN, Secretary.

PETROLEUM.

PROSPECTUS
OF THE
IRVING PETROLEUM COMPANY.

CAPITAL, $500,000.
DIVIDED INTO 100,000 SHARES.
PAR VALUE, $5 EACH.

Temporary Office of the Company at Randolph M. Cooley's, No. 88 Wall-st., New-York.

OFFICERS.

PRESIDENT. CARL L. RECKNAGEL. | TREASURER. RANDOLPH M. COOLEY.

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CARL L. RECKNAGEL, of Recknagel & Co., No. 46 Cedar-st.

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MITCHELL N. PACKARD, of Packard & James, No. 160 Water-st.

JOHN F. RATHBONE, No. 11 Green-st., Albany.

THEODORE F. HUMPHREY, No. 16 State-st., Albany.

Shareholders are exempt from all personal responsibility.

The property has been carefully selected by merchants, and placed before the public, not for the purpose of making money out of selling the stock, but for the development of their lands, which are acknowledged to be among the best in the oil region. Their two farms on Pit-hole, in fee simple, are considered very fine boring territory, and on which they are to commence work at once.

Their producing property consists of an interest in the celebrated Coquette Well, the largest flowing well in existence; and will guarantee prompt dividends from date of the organization.

The Trustees have reserved for working capital, $50,000.

The books are now open for subscription for a limited number of shares, at the following places of business:

NEW-YORK:

RECKNAGEL & CO., No. 46 Cedar-st.
B. W. BULL & CO., No. 44 Cedar-st.
PACKARD & JAMES, No. 160 Water-st.
T. ANDREWS & CO., No. 136 Cedar-st.
WING & EVANS, No. 74 Beaver-st.
WHEATLEY, WILLIAMS & CO., No. 101 Wall-st.

And at the office of the Company, No. 88 Wall-st., (RANDOLPH M. COOLEY'S.)

ALBANY:

JOHN F. RATHBONE, No. 11 Green-st.
T. F. HUMPHREY, No. 16 State-st.

FEE SIMPLE.

Forty (40) acres of the Graham Farm, Pit-hole Creek, one mile from the great Frazer Well, (flowing 250 bbls. per day) and in direct line between it and the great Oil Creek Wells, Coquette, Jerome and Maple Shade,—30 acres of fine boring land. This is considered one of the finest locations on this favorite Creek.

Twenty (20) acres of the Bromley Farm, Pit-hole Creek,—all selected boring land, lying near where the celebrated Cherry Run and Pit-hole Creeks nearly touch each other. These two farms will be fully developed at once.

One hundred (100) acres on Tidioute Creek, in a fine location, 40 acres of fine boring land, lying 130 rods on the Creek. This locality is fast coming into favor with oil men. It is very near the Economite Wells, which have been pumping for a long time.

LEASEHOLD INTERESTS.

One eighth (⅛) working interest in 138 acres on Pit-hole Creek, making nearly a mile on the creek, being the selection of boring lands from the five farms, Keech, Vose, Turner, Fleming and Lake. Three wells are now being put down on this property, and others will be commenced as soon as engines can be placed on the ground.

Five (5) leases, Nos. 1 to 5, on the Keister Farm, on Cherry Run. Wells will be sunk on this valuable property at once. Wells bored upon this run have seldom, if ever, failed in producing oil.

Three (3) leases, Nos 7, 8, 9, on Pit-hole Run (Heydrick farm.) These leases are very near large producing wells, and are looked upon by experts as very fine property.

Two (2) leases, Nos. 12 and 15, Henry Bend, near the Heydrick well, now pumping 60 barrels per day.

PRODUCING INTERESTS.

One-sixteenth (1-16) working interest in the celebrated Coquette well, the largest flowing well in the country, producing 650 barrels per day. It is unnecessary to describe this very valuable piece of property, as every one having any interest in oil knows its worth. It has no rival in even this rich locality.

THE
NEW-YORK AND BOSTON
OIL COMPANY.

Incorporated under the Laws of New-York.

Capital.....$500,000
100,000 Shares, Par Value $5.
7,500 Shares Reserved for Working Capital.

Principal Offices of the Company in New-York and Boston.

ORIGINAL SUBSCRIPTION, $3 PER SHARE,
For Full Paid Stock.
LIABLE TO NO FURTHER ASSESSMENTS.

President—HENRY LAMBERT, Boston.
Vice-President—HENRY K. THOMAE, New-York.
Treasurer and Assistant Secretary—CHARLES L. WHEELER, Boston.
Secretary—C. W. LAWRENCE, New-York.
Agent—GEO. ARNOLD, Marietta, Ohio.

The interests of this company embrace the following described properties, situated in Western Virginia and on Oil Creek Venango County, Pa.:

No. 1. Two hundred and five acres fee simple on Bull Creek, Western Virginia, in the best oil territory in that district. This tract has an entire front of over one mile of boring territory on Bull Creek and its tributaries, giving ample boring territory for over one hundred wells, and is within three miles of the Ohio River, affording the best facilities for the transportation of oil.

No. 2. Lease of one and a half acres on Horse Neck, Western Virginia. Two wells, each yielding thirty barrels per day, giving to the company two-thirds of the oil, or forty barrels per day. One well now down 240 feet, promising equally satisfactory returns. Also, vats of 1,200 barrels capacity, office buildings, &c.

No. 3. Lease (twenty years) of two acres on Horse Neck, Western Virginia, joining the last-named property. One-eighth of the working interest. One new well, now producing sixteen barrels per day, and increasing, giving to this interest now two barrels daily. One well now down and ready for tubing.

No. 4. Consists of a royalty for ninety-nine years of all the oil produced on lease, known as the Collins Lease, of two acres, on the Blood Farm, Oil Creek, Venango County, Penn. Five wells now down on this property, producing one hundred barrels per day, giving to this interest about eight barrels daily, free of cost. Now preparing to put down two more wells. This property is in the best oil-producing territory on Oil Creek.

No. 5. Fifteen acres in fee simple, on Alleghany River and Horse Creek, Venango County, Penn., giving a river front on the Alleghany of about twenty rods, and about the same on the Horse Creek. Within twenty rods of this property one well is now producing fifty barrels per day. Several new wells, lately struck, and joining this property, are now producing oil in paying quantities.

The above property, leases and interests were all secured in August, 1864, and the company is started on the same basis as was then adopted.

The present production is over fifty barrels per day. Taken at the low estimate of $8 per barrel, $400 per day, and twenty-five working days to the month, or $10,000 per month, or 2 per cent. on the par value, and 3½ per cent. on the subscription price.

Recent developments on Pit-hole Creek have greatly increased the value of the Alleghany River property, and numerous applications for leases on terms favorable to the company have already been made.

A report of a committee sent out by parties in Boston can be seen at the office, No. 11 Wall-st.

Subscription books, for a limited number of shares, open at the office of GEO. F. THOMAE, Jr., & BRO., No. 1 WALL-ST., New-York, where full particulars can be obtained.

IMPORTANT TO SUBSCRIBERS
TO THE
COTTER FARM OIL COMPANY

Notice is given that the
BOOKS OF THE COMPANY
will positively be closed March 5, 1865. No stock will be sold at subscription price after that date. All subscriptions not paid by that time will be canceled. The company have on their property one of "Bolles' Patent Rock-drilling Machines," and expect by the aid of this machine to have at least TWO WELLS in successful operation within six weeks. Persons wishing the stock of the company

AT SUBSCRIPTION PRICE,

must make immediate application, as there are but ten thousand shares to be sold at subscription price ($2 50 per share.) Maps, prospectuses and all information can be obtained at the offices of the company, No. 42 Pine-st., New-York, and Nos. 23 and 24 Washington Buildings, No. 274 South 3d-st., Philadelphia.

ISAIAH LUKENS, President,
WM. M. STEWART, Vice-President,
WM. D. SMITH, Treasurer,
E. J. HARRISON, Secretary.

GOLD! GOLD! GOLD!

The United States Disintegrating Oil Company are now prepared to issue licenses to parties desirous of using their improved patented process for obtaining all the gold and silver contained in the ores. This process is very simple and inexpensive. Temporary office No. 74 Broadway, Rooms Nos. 14 and 15.

R. HITCHCOCK, MINING GEOLOGIST, late Lecturer of Amherst College, Geologist to the State of Maine, &c., examines Coal, Petroleum, Copper Gold, and other mineral lands. Office 37 Park-row

PETROLEUM.

DE KALB
PETROLEUM COMPANY.

CAPITAL.....$350,000
35,000 SHARES, AT $10 EACH,
PAID IN FULL.

SECOND GREAT WELL
Just struck on Pithole Creek.

ONE HUNDRED BARRELS PER DAY.

This new well now indisputably proves Pithole Creek to be second to none as a great oil producing region.

The DE KALB COMPANY
OWN 120 ACRES IN FEE,
almost adjoining this new great well, and applications are now being considered for leasing out a tract of three acres on very advantageous terms, and the company has now one engine at Funkville, on Oil Creek, which will be sent to Pithole Creek, and a new well sunk with great dispatch. Three more wells going down as rapidly as the weather will allow.

OFFICERS:
PRESIDENT,
GEORGE L. EIGENBRODT.
TREASURER,
HENRY DE ZAVALA.
SECRETARY,
SAMUEL W. BOOCOCK.
COUNSEL,
JOHN H. BIRD, No. 137 Broadway.
BANKERS,
CARR, TAYLOR & CO., No. 30 Broad-st.
TRUSTEES:
GEORGE L. EIGENBRODT, No. 30 Broad-st.
J. KENNEDY SMYTH, No. 74 Broadway.
MAHLON S. FROST, No. 2 Cedar-st., and Titusville
EDWARD G. LUDLOW, M. D., No. 49 East 23d-st.
SAMUEL HASKELL, Platt, corner Gold-st.
J. VAN RENSSALAER, Jr., No. 44 Exchange-place.
J. LEE SMITH, No. 92 Beekman-st.
RICHARD AMERMAN, No. 74 Broadway.
HENRY DE ZAVALA, No. 100 Broadway.

SCHEDULE.

No. 1.—On Oil Creek—One acre on Bennehoff Farm, with TWO WELLS, one yielding forty barrels per day; the other, ready to tube, flowed ten barrels per day, on striking oil.
No. 2.—Fr st Refinery, Buildings, Office, &c., &c.
No. 3.—ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY ACRES IN FEE on Pithole Creek.
No. 4.—1,300 acres in fee on the Little Kanawha.
Subscription Books will remain open until the 16th day of March at the office of the company's bankers.

CARR, TAYLOR & CO.,
NO. 30 BROAD-ST., ROOM NO. 15.
ORDERS FROM OUT OF TOWN IMMEDIATELY ATTENDED TO.

PETROLEUM
BOOKS CLOSING.

The subscription books will close on March 1, after which no stock will be sold at the present subscription price of $1 per share. A limited number of shares will be sold for a few days at $3 per share.

NEW-YORK, PHILADELPHIA AND BALTIMORE CONSOLIDATED
PETROLEUM AND MINING COMPANY
Organized under the laws of New-York.

SHAREHOLDERS EXEMPT FROM ALL PERSONAL LIABILITY.

A new 200 barrel well on Cherry Run.
A new 150 barrel well of fine Lubricating Oil on Sugar Creek.
A new 200 barrel well has been struck on Cherry Run above the Reed Well, close to the property of this company, on the McTate Farm, on which one of the company's wells is almost completed, with splendid prospects of oil.
Another well on the Hogg farm, close to this, is also nearly down, with equally great prospects.
A new 150 barrel well of fine Lubricating Oil has been struck on Sugar Creek, (the first well bored,) adjoining the Saunders farm, the property of this company, on which a well is nearly completed, with splendid show of Oil.
One acre (of the seven acres Homestead Reserve) on the Saunders farm, which farm belongs to this company, was sold a few days ago for $15,000 cash.
This company has five different properties on Sugar Creek, and they alone are worth to-day over one million dollars, and the entire properties of the company are worth to-day over five million of dollars.

CAPITAL, $1,500,000, DIVIDED INTO 300,000 SHARES.
PAR VALUE, $5
SUBSCRIPTION PRICE FOR A LIMITED NUMBER OF SHARES REMAINING, $3 PER SHARE.
NO FURTHER ASSESSMENT OR CALL ON THE SUBSCRIBERS, AS $1,500,000 SHARES ARE RESERVED FOR WORKING CAPITAL.

President, J. S. CLARK, of New-York.
Vice-President, R. H. WISHART, New-York.
Treasurer, H. F. DEVOE, New-York.
Secretary, J. CONKLIN, New-York.
TRUSTEES:
R. V. R. KETCHUM, Baltimore, Md.
O. KING, Baltimore, Md.
J. H. GOULD, Philadelphia, Penn.
W. WOODRUFF, Baltimore, Md.
R. H. WISHART, New York.
Dr. T. S. BING, New-York.
A. CLARK, Tarr Farm, Penn.
H. B. CLARK, Oil City, Penn.
GENERAL SUPERINTENDENTS:
J. S. CLARK, New-York.
A. CLARK, Tarr Farm, Penn.
H. B. CLARK, Oil City, Penn.
OFFICES:
No. 71 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK.
Nos. 612 and 614 CHESTNUT-ST., PHILADELPHIA.
No. 1 CARROLL HALL, BALTIMORE-ST., BALTIMORE, MD.

The property, embracing upward of 635 acres in different locations, has been selected with great care during the last three years by those of the directors who have been constantly operating on Oil Creek, and throughout the entire oil region of Pennsylvania, as well as Western Virginia, and was not selected to sell, but for the purpose of development and producing oil, having now some ten wells under contract, and being bored with vigor, beside those already completed and producing, making in all thirteen wells already on the property.

Every acre of the company's property is bottom and the best of boring land, much of it on Oil Creek, Cherry Run, Cherry Tree Run, Alleghany River, opposite Horse Creek, Sugar Creek, Elk Creek, and other streams where the lands are being rapidly developed with the most encouraging prospects.

The trustees feel confident they will be able to declare and continue handsome dividends shortly after the books close.

Prospectus, maps, and every information can be obtained at
WISHART & CO.'S PETROLEUM EXCHANGE.
No. 71 Broadway, New-York,
And at the office of H. F. DEVOE & SONS, Bankers, No. 211 Greenwich-st., New-York.

PETROLEUM.

THE HARMON PETROLEUM COMPANY,
NEW-YORK.

CAPITAL.....$400,000
DIVIDED INTO 80,000 SHARES.
PAR VALUE AND SUBSCRIPTION PRICE, $5 PER SHARE.

10,000 SHARES, $50,000, RESERVED FOR WORKING CAPITAL.
THREE HUNDRED ACRES IN FEE SIMPLE ON OIL CREEK.

BOARD OF TRUSTEES:
JOHN JOHNSON, Brewer, Brooklyn.
PHILIP C. HARMON, late Harmon & Co.
Hon. A. M. WOOD, Mayor of Brooklyn.
WM. D. MURPHY, Esq., No. 233 Henry-st.
LOUIS STAUDINGER, Staudinger & Brothers.
EDWIN A. QUINTARD, Union Coal Co.
CHAS. W. COPELAND, Engineer, No. 171 Broadway.
ALEX. G. HARMON, late Harmon & Co.
SYLVESTER W. COMSTOCK, Roe & Comstock.
COUNSEL:
MARSH, COE & WALLIS.
OFFICERS:
JOHN JOHNSON, President.
ABNER MELLEN, Jr., Vice-President.
PHILIP C. HARMON Treasurer.
J. NEWTON JENKS, Secretary.

The property of the company consists of three hundred acres, in fee, on Oil Creek, and was selected with great care by experienced oil men, and adjoins the land now owned by the Long Island Petroleum Company, of Brooklyn, the Everett Petroleum Company, of Boston, and the Noble Farm Petroleum Company, of New-York.

Such is the confidence of those already interested in the property, that they have sent forward engines and made arrangements for the erection of machinery, tanks, &c., for the immediate development of the property. The land is rapidly advancing in value, and it is proposed, at the proper time, to sell two hundred acres for the benefit of the stockholders if deemed advisable.

Subscriptions for a portion of the stock can be made at the office of the company, or left with any of the Trustees.
P. C. HARMON, Treasurer,
No. 171 Broadway, Room No. 15.

GREAT NORTHERN OIL CO.
OFFICE, NO. 67 EXCHANGE-PLACE, NEAR BROADWAY.

Capital.....$2,000,000
Manufacturers and Sole Proprietors of the
HENDRICK LUBRICATOR.

Also dealers in SPERM, LARD, WHALE and other OILS.

OFFICERS.
JOHN BRYAN, President, New-York.
JACOB S. ATWOOD, Vice-President.
J. A. WISNER, Secretary and Treasurer.
E. E. HENDRICK, Superintendent.
WM. N. MARCUS, General Agent.

CANADA OIL LANDS.

Valuable oil lands in the Township of Enniskillen and vicinity, Canada West, for sale by
LEE & ELY,
No. 54 William-st.

500 ACRES ON TIONESTA CREEK,
Warren County, Penn., in fee; also oil wells, property and leases, in Pennsylvania, Ohio, Canada and Virginia.
JAMES T. HAYDEN,
At Wed W. Clarke & Co.'s, No. 10 Pine-st.

PETROLEUM.

THE IRONSIDES
PETROLEUM COMPANY.
Organized under the laws of the State of New-York.
Capital.....$350,000.
Divided into 35,000 shares.
Par value.....$10 per share.
Shareholders are exempt from all personal liability.

OFFICERS:
President, WILLIAM HEGEMAN. Secretary and Treasurer, WM. H. CLARK.
Counsel,
WILLIAM C. DE WITT.

TRUSTEES:
WM. HEGEMAN, of Hegeman & Co., Druggists, No. 203 Broadway, New-York.
J. PRIOR RORKE, Secretary Corn Exchange Insurance Company, corner William and Beaver streets, New-York.
WM. F. FOWLE, of W. F. & J. F. Fowle, Boston.
A. A. FOSTER, of Foster & Tower, No. 79 Beekman-st New-York.
F. R. BACKUS, of Lehigh Crane Iron Company, Philadelphia.
L. B. VAN KLEECK, No. 189 Broadway, New-York.
ALEX'R McCUE, Counselor at Law, Brooklyn.
EDWARD F. PATCHEN, of T. Ketcham & Co., No. 68 Wall-st., New-York.
WM. H. CLARK, No. 71 Broadway, New-York.
Bankers,
FOURTH NATIONAL BANK.
Superintendent at Oil City,
FRED. B. BACKUS.
OFFICE, NO. 71 BROADWAY, N. Y.,
Room No. 65.

NEWS HAS THIS DAY (FEB. 25) BEEN RECEIVED AT THE OFFICE OF THIS COMPANY THAT THE NEW BALLIETT WELL (See Section 8, below,) IN WHICH THIS COMPANY HAS AN INTEREST, HAS COMMENCED TO FLOW 40 BARRELS A DAY AND IS INCREASING.

The lands and possessions of this company are situated in the heart of the oil region of Venango County, Pennsylvania. It will be observed that enough working interests are now in the possession of the company to give the stockholders fair dividends from the start.

The incorporators design making this a permanent company, whose stock shall become an excellent investment rather than a mere means of speculation. Those among them having the largest financial interest in its affairs, will devote themselves personally to its management.

Its lands and wells will be constantly and thoroughly developed. Oil, and not stock, will be made the source of its revenue.

The subscription books for a limited number of share of the stock of this company are now open at the office of the company, and at the office of either of the abovenamed trustees.

DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY.

1. Twenty one acres, in fee simple, of the bottom land of the William McKinley Farm, lying upon both sides of Stuart's Run, within two miles, on a straight line east of the new well of the United States Petroleum Company, now flowing 240 BARRELS PER DAY. Upon this beautiful oil territory wells will be sunk as soon as the weather permits.

2. One hundred acres, in fee simple, of the Purdy Farm, lying both sides of Tionesta Creek and two miles above the famous Conroy Wells. The rapid development of this land by different companies indicates that it is among the best of the whole oil region. This, also, will be developed at the earliest opportunity.

3. A lease of the entire working interest of one-half the oil in Lot No. 11 of the Heydrick Farm, Henry Bend, Alleghany River, within a few rods only of the great Heydrick Well, that flowed 700 barrels of oil per day for a long time, and is still pumping OVER 60 BARRELS PER DAY, although having been worked for four years without intermission. Lease for fourteen years.

4. A lease of the entire working interest of one-half the oil in Lot No. 23 of the same farm, with a well going down, and to be delivered, complete, with a new engine, without expense to this company.

5. One-eighth working interest in the lease No. 28, Smith Farm, Cherry Run, including a new well just struck, now pumping about 40 BARRELS PER DAY, and expected soon to flow.

6. One-eighth working interest in the Hicks Well, Smith Farm, Cherry Run, now 500 FEET BELOW THE SURFACE, and going down night and day. This will be finished without expense to this company. From the show of oil in boring, and its proximity to the great Granger and Auborn wells, this will promise to be one of the best in the vicinity.

7. A lease of the entire working interest in one-half the oil in Nos. 12 and 16 of the Keyster Farm, Cherry Run, just above Humboldt Refinery. No better location than this can be found in the whole oil region. All the adjoining leases are being bored by various companies, with every indication of success. Lease for twenty years.

8. One-sixteenth working interest in lease No. 19, Smith Farm, including the new Balliett Well, now pumping 40 BARRELS DAILY, and expected soon to flow. New wells will soon be put down on both the above leases.

9. A lease of one acre of the Haworth Farm, directly on Pithole Creek. A finer location is not possible. A well is now being sunk, which will be DELIVERED TO THIS COMPANY, WITH A NEW ENGINE, FREE OF EXPENSE. Lease 25 years.

10. One-eighth working interest in the famous Auborn Well on Cherry Run, FLOWING 70 BBLS. PER DAY, and the same interest in a new well now being sunk upon these premises.

11. One-eighth working interest in the new Faunce Well on Smith Farm, Cherry Run, adjoining the Auborn Well lease, and now pumping 40 BBLS. PER DAY, with evidences of an early flow.

12. A lease of the entire working interest in lot No 7 on Heydrick Farm, Pithole Run, within a short distance of the great Heydrick Well, and only a quarter of a mile from where the run empties into the Alleghany River. Lease 14 years.

13. A lease on lot No. 19 of the same farm, with a well now going down, and to be DELIVERED TO THIS COMPANY, WITH A NEW ENGINE, FREE OF EXPENSE.

PETROLEUM.

PACIFIC COAST PETROLEUM COMPANY,
OF NEW-YORK.

CAPITAL STOCK, $5,000,000.
SHARES $100 EACH.
WORKING CAPITAL $800,000 IN STOCK, AND $100,000 IN CASH.

TRUSTEES:
Hon. JAMES DE PEYSTER OGDEN, of New-York.
Hon. JAMES WADSWORTH, of James Wadsworth & Co., No. 61 Cedar-st., New-York.
GEORGE W. TUTTLE, of Stout & Tuttle, Leather Dealers, No. 2 Ferry-st., New-York.
RICHARD J. SHERMAN, of Richard Sherman & Co., No. 30 Pine-st., New-York.
LEWIS BENTON, Counselor-at-Law, of New-York.
WM. F. HALL, of Northrup, Hall & Co., No. 112 Broadway, New-York.
THOMAS A. SCOTT, Vice-President Pennsylvania Central Railroad Co., Philadelphia, Penn.
R. S. S. ANDROS, of Andros & Cole, Boston, Mass.
Hon. LEVI PARSONS, of San Francisco, California.
BANKERS:
RICHARD SHERMAN & CO., No. 30 Pine-st., N. Y.

The property of this company consists of a perpetual lease of 75,000 acres of oil territory in San Luis, Obispo County, California, with a frontage of ten miles on the Pacific Coast, and from the reports of Prof. Silliman, Col. Williamson, and others, it contains the richest oil springs, wells, and territory yet discovered.

A Prospectus, Reports, and a limited amount of Stock at $20 per share, can be had by applying personally or by letter to
JAMES WADSWORTH & CO., No 61 Cedar st.
NORTHRUP, HALL & CO., No 112 Broadway.
RICHARD SHERMAN & CO., No. 30 Pine-st.
LEWIS BENTON, No 71 Broadway, Room No. 20

OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT PETROLEUM COMPANY,
PRESIDENT, VENANGO COUNTY, PENN.
NEW-YORK, Feb. 21, 1865.

A special meeting of the Stockholders of the President, Porcupine and Redfield Petroleum Companies, will be held at the Continental Hotel in the city of Philadelphia, on WEDNESDAY, the 8th day of March next, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of voting on the proposition to issue to the Stockholders of the President Company, separate certificates for their interest in the Procupine Company, and also on the proposition for the sale of such portion of the Capital Stock of the Porcupine Petroleum Company as may be required to raise a working capital for said company.

By order of the Board of Directors.
J. EDWIN CONANT, Secretary.

NEW-YORK, PHILADELPHIA AND BALTIMORE CONSOLIDATED PETROLEUM AND MINING COMPANY.

NOTICE.—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the above company will take place at the office, No. 71 Broadway, Room No. 60, New-York, on MONDAY, March 6, 1865, and a meeting of the trustees will be held at the same office on TUESDAY, March 7, 1865.

J. S. CLARK, President.

OIL WELLS, AND UNPRODUCTIVE PROPERTY DESIRABLY LOCATED ON OIL CREEK, CHERRY RUN, PIT-HOLE, ALLEGHENY RIVER, ALSO IN KENTUCKY, OHIO, WEST VIRGINIA AND CANADA.

JAMES T. HAYDEN,
AT WED W. CLARKE & CO'S.
NO. 10 PINE-ST.

INEXHAUSTIBLE
PETROLEUM COMPANY.
MARCUS C. RIGGS, President.
CLOSING OF BOOKS:

The stock of this company is nearly all subscribed. Parties desiring to obtain an interest in its valuable properties should apply at once. Full particulars can be had from SHREVE & HENDRICK, No. 33 Wall-st.,
JOHN VAN ORDEN, East River Bank,
No. 630 Broadway.

THE HEYDRICK OIL COMPANY
OF NEW YORK.

The Trustees of this Company have this day declared a dividend of Five per Cent. (free of Government tax) from the earnings of the company for the month of February, payable on and after March 3, at the office of the Treasurer, No. 32 Pine-st., Room No. 10.

The transfer book will be closed from the 2d to the 4th inst., inclusive.
CHAS. R. BRAINE, Secretary.
NEW-YORK, Feb. 28, 1865.

UNION PETROLEUM STOCK FOR SALE.—Thirty-two shares of the Union Petroleum Oil Company of New-York, for sale, if applied for immediately. Address G. L. H. W., Yonkers Post-office, N. Y. No objection to divide in two parts.

PETROLEUM.

PETROLEUM
DUTCHMAN RUN OIL COMPANY,

CAPITAL.....$1,000,000.
$200,000 RESERVED FOR WORKING CAPITAL.
PAR VALUE $10 PER SHARE; SUBSCRIPTION PRICE, $3.
5,000 SHARES ONLY FOR SALE AT $3.

OFFICERS:
PRESIDENT: H. HENRY.
TREASURER: HIRAM J. MESSENGER.
SECRETARY: T. C. GOETCHIUS.
TRUSTEES:
JOHNSON LETSON, President New Brunswick Rubber Company.
J. H. HENRY, of North American Life Insurance Company.
PAUL N. SPOFFORD, of Spofford, Tileston & Co.
HIRAM J. MESSENGER, Banker, No. 139 Broadway.
THOMAS H. WAGSTAFF, of Wagstaff & Goetchius, No. 71 Broadway.

The property of this company consists of THREE THOUSAND ACRES of land in fee simple in Wirt and Ritchie Counties, West Virginia, on Dutchman Run and Hugh's River. This land is all paid for, and it is proposed to sell but 5,000 shares of the working capital, which is considered ample until a portion of the land is sold, for which there are many offers at a large advance upon cost.

There are a number of oil springs on the property, also coal and timber. There is but little doubt that productive wells can be had at from one hundred and fifty to two hundred feet, and will be at once commenced: and by the 1st of May large dividends will doubtless be realized.

Professor Richardson, who has examined the property, says: "The Dutchman Run property lies between the crystalized lode of Petroleum and the Burning Spring Oil region; that the crystalized Petroleum lode in itself is the most positive evidence that this vicinity is a superb oil-bearing region."

Reports and Prospectus can be had at our office, where the books are now open for subscription.
WAGSTAFF & GOETCHIUS, No. 71 Broadway.

NEW-YORK AND BOSTON OIL COMPANY.

Stock now ready for delivery. A few shares of stock FOR SALE in this favorite company.

THE
PLAINFIELD PETROLEUM
COMPANY,

Organized under the Laws of Pennsylvania.
CAPITAL.....$300,000.
DIVIDED INTO 60,000 SHARES AT $5.
10,000 SH

FINANCIAL

FISK & HATCH,
BANKERS,
AND
U.S.7-30 LOAN AGENTS,
No. 38 Wall-st.,
have all denominations of
THE 7-30 NOTES
constantly on hand for
IMMEDIATE DELIVERY,
All Classes of
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES
bought and sold at market rates.

VERMILYE & CO.
BANKERS,
NO. 44 WALL-STREET, N. Y.,
GOVERNMENT AGENTS
FOR THE SALE OF THE
NATIONAL 7-30 LOAN.

These bonds are issued in denominations of $50, $100, $500, $1,000 and $5,000, dated Aug. 15, 1864, and convertible in three (3) years from that time into the Popular 5-20 Loan Gold-bearing Interest.
Also, buy and sell at market rates all classes of Government securities. Maturing certificates of indebtedness collected or purchased.
Railway stocks and bonds bought and sold on commission.

7-30 POPULAR LOAN.
U. S. GOVERNMENT
LOAN AGENTS.
ALBERT H. NICOLAY & CO
NO. 52 WILLIAM-ST., NEW-YORK,
Take great pleasure in announcing to their numerous customers and the public, that they have been appointed
GOVERMENT AGENTS
FOR THE SALE OF THE
National 7-30 Loan

THESE BONDS ARE ISSUED IN SUMS OF $50, $100, $500, $1,000 AND $5,000, EACH DATED AUG. 15, 1864, AND ARE CONVERTIBLE, AT THE OPTION OF THE HOLDER, IN THREE (3) YEARS FROM THAT DATE INTO THE POPULAR 5-20 GOLD-BEARING INTEREST BONDS.
WE ARE FULLY PREPARED TO SUPPLY THEM FOR IMMEDIATE DELIVERY TO BANKS, BANKERS AND BROKERS, IN SUCH AMOUNTS AS MAY BE REQUIRED.
ALBERT H. NICOLAY & CO.,
STOCK AUCTIONEERS, BROKERS,
AND
U. S. GOVERNMENT LOAN AGENTS,
No. 52 William-st., New-York.

WM. S. CHARNLEY, W. T. HATCH.
CHARNLEY & HATCH,
NO. 34 WALL-ST.,
BANKERS,
DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, &c.
AGENTS FOR
7 3-10 NATIONAL LOAN
Notes ready for immediate delivery in any amount. The largest discount allowed to Banks, Bankers and Brokers.

LAWRENCE, BALDWIN & CO.,
NO. 70 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK,
BANKERS AND BROKERS.
DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.
BANKS, BANKERS AND DEALERS
SUPPLIED WITH THE
NEW 7-30 LOAN,
ON THE MOST FAVORABLE TERMS.
PETROLEUM
AND ALL OTHER
STOCKS, BONDS, &C.
BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION ONLY,

INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITE
accounts of Banks, Bankers, and Individuals.

DEWITT C. LAWRENCE, Member New-York Stock Exchange.
SIMEON BALDWIN, Jr., Member New-York Petroleum Stock Board, and the New-York Mining Exchange.
CYRUS J. LAWRENCE, Late Cyrus J. Lawrence & H. Faile.
WILLIAM A. HALSTED,

RUFUS HATCH,
(FORMERLY HATCH & HUGHES,)
BROKER,
NO 55 EXCHANGE-PLACE, NEW-YORK.
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, STOCKS AND GOLD, BOUGHT AND SOLD EXCLUSIVELY ON COMMISSION.
REFERENCES:
Messrs. SOL'N STURGIS & SONS, Chicago, Ill.
Messrs. HINCKLEY & HANDY, Chicago, Ill.
C. T. WHEELER, Esq., Chicago, Ill.
I. Y. MUNN, Esq., Chicago, Ill.
C. A. ROGERS, Esq., Chicago, Ill.
Messrs. BOUND, BAILEY & CO., New-York City.
Messrs. McKIMM, BROS. & CO., New-York City.
Messrs. H. A. TUCKER & CO., New-York City.
Messrs. H. J. LYONS & CO., New-York City.
H. H. BAXTER, Esq., Rutland, Vt.
Messrs. LATHROP, SMITH & CO., Oswego, N. Y.
C. DURANT, Esq., Pres't Rock Island R. R. Co.

THE MADISON
SILVER MINING COMPANY
OF NEVADA,
organized under the laws of the State of New-York.
MINES LOCATED IN THE
"MOUNTAIN WELLS" DISTRICT,
NEAR "LA PLATA."
CHURCHILL COUNTY, NEVADA.
Subscription books for a limited amount of the stock to this Company are now open at the office of the Company, No. 71 Broadway, Room No. 59; also at W. P. CONVERSE & CO.'S, No. 169 Pearl-st.; T. R. B. DE GROOT'S, No. 142 Fulton-st.
WILLIAM P. CONVERSE, President.
WM. WALLACE PERKINS, Secretary.

THE AMERICAN NATIONAL BANK OF NEW-YORK,
NO. 74 BROADWAY.
SEVEN AND THREE-TENTH NOTES, of all sizes, constantly on hand, for immediate delivery.
NOAH L. WILSON, President.
ALFRED A. POST, Cashier.

THE TORCH LAKE MINING COMPANY.—Notice is hereby given, that the first meeting of the Torch Lake Mining Company will be held at the office of David S. Ogden, No. 9 Nassau-st., in the City of New-York, on TUESDAY, the 21st day of March, at 2 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of transacting such business as shall properly come before the meeting.
DAVID S. OGDEN,
WM. B. GREENE,
two of the persons named in the articles of association.
NEW-YORK, March 1, 1865.

OFFICE OF THE UNITED STATES LIFE INSURANCE CO., IN THE CITY OF NEW-YORK, No. 40 WALL-ST.
NEW-YORK, Feb. 20, 1865.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE annual election of ten Directors of this company, constituting the third class, and for three Inspectors of Election, will be held at this office on MONDAY, the 6th day of March, proximo, between the hours of 12 o'clock, noon, and 1 o'clock, P. M. By order
JOHN EADIE, Secretary.

COMMISSIONER FOR NEW-JERSEY and other States—No. 5 Beekman-st., Room No. 8, first floor over Park Bank.

NEW-JERSEY RAILROAD AND TRANSPORTATION CO. Six Per Cent. Bonds of 1875 for sale by WARD & CO., No. 54 Wall-st.

DIVIDENDS.

DE KALB PETROLEUM COMPANY,
OFFICE No. 30 BROAD-ST., ROOM No. 15.
DIVIDEND.—THE TRUSTEES OF THIS COMPANY have this day declared a Dividend of One per Cent. on its capital stock to all stockholders of record, on the 10th day of March. Transfer Books closed from 10th to 15th of March, inclusive.
SAM'L W. BOOCOCK, Secretary.
NEW-YORK, Feb. 22, 1865.

DIVIDENDS.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.
OFFICE MARIETTA AND CINCINNATI RAILROAD COMPANY AS REORGANISED,
CHILLICOTHE, Ohio, 22d February, 1865.
At a meeting of the Board of Directors of this Company held on the 22d instant, a Dividend of THREE (3) PER CENT. was declared for the six months ending the 31st December, 1864, on the 1st and 2d preference shares of the company, payable in kind, on the 10th of March next.
The Dividends due on the Stock registered on the New-York books will be paid at the Farmers Loan and Trust Company in New-York City.
Those due on the stock registered at Chillicothe, Ohio, will be paid at this office. WM. E. WATSON, Secretary.

DIVIDEND NO. 3.—THE TITUS OIL COMPANY have this day declared a Dividend of 3 per cent. on the capital stock, payable at their office, No. 17 Wall-st., on the 15th inst. The transfer books will be closed on the 6th inst., and opened on the 16th.
S. CHURCHILL, Treasurer.
NEW-YORK, March 3, 1865.

LOST AND FOUND.

$2,000 REWARD.
HOLMES & CO.'S store, No. 747 Broadway, was entered by burglars on the night of March 2, and robbed of a large lot of Black and Colored Silks; $2,000 reward will be paid for their recovery, or a proportionate part of that sum for any portion of them recovered.
HOLMES & CO.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—THE FOLLOWING DESCRIBED 7-30 U. S. Treasury Notes of the current issue, were stolen from the safe in the office of the Adams Express Company, in the village of Ansonia, Conn., on the night of the 28th of February.
All persons, firms and corporations are hereby cautioned against receiving or negotiating the undermentioned notes or bonds, as all of the same were stolen.
The company claim the right to recover the possession of all said notes and bonds whenever and wherever they can find the same.
One 7-30 U. S. Note, $1,000, No. 74,897.
Six 7-30 U. S. Notes, $500 each, Nos. 115,482, 115,483, 115,484, 115,485, 115,486, 115,487.
Two 7-30 U. S. notes, $100 each, Nos. 416,389 and 416,390.
Twenty 7-30 U. S. notes, $100 each, Nos. 412,705, 412,706, 412,707, 412,708, 412,709, 412,710, 412,711, 412,712, 412,713, 412,714, 412,715, 412,716, 412,717, 412,718, 412,719, 412,720, 412,721, 412,722, 412,723, 412,724.
ADAMS EXPRESS COMPANY.
WILLIAM P. DINSMORE, President.
No. 59 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, March 2, 1865.

MISSING.—NINE UNITED STATES TREASURY Notes, commonly known as "Seven-Thirties," of the denomination of $1,000 each, numbered from 1,384 to 1,392, inclusive; and two similar notes of the denomination of $500 each, numbered 12,038 and 12,039, all dated Oct. 1st, 1861, and belonging to the Landholders' Bank, Kingston, Rhode Island. Said $1,000 notes are payable to and indorsed by SOLON BUFFUM, and said $500 notes are payable to and indorsed by R. A. HOLDEN & Co. Any person who will give information to the Landholders' Bank, or the Hanover Bank, or to the undersigned, whereby the said notes or any of them shall be restored to said owners, will be liberally rewarded by the undersigned.
T. L. TAYLOR & REED, Bankers,
No. 5 Broad-st.
NEW-YORK, Feb. 18, 1865.

LOST—A POCKET-BOOK, ON THURSDAY EVENing, about 6 o'clock, in going from the New-York *Sun* office to the Eighth-avenue cars, containing a few dollars in bills and some papers of no value to any one but the owner. It contained a draft of $300 in favor of J. H. Schenck, the payment of which has been stopped. A liberal reward will be paid for the papers only, and no questions asked. Send or apply to JOHN HOOPER, No. 41 Park-row, Room No. 4, *Times* Building.

STOLEN—$2,000 REWARD.—A LOT OF BLACK DRESS SILKS—the property of ourselves and several friends—was stolen from our store between last Saturday evening and Monday morning. The above reward will be paid for the recovery of the goods, or pro rata for any part thereof. O. BREHME & CO.
BALTIMORE, March 1, 1865.

$10 REWARD.—LOST, ON WEDNESDAY evening, in a 2d-av. car or in 8th-st., between 2d-av. and Cooper Institute, a GOLD BRACELET. The above reward will be paid by C. H. WISSWELL, No. 52 Murray-st.

MANHOOD AND YOUTHFUL VIGOR are regained by HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

STATE BOUNTY LOAN.
STATE OF NEW-YORK, COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE, ALBANY, March 1, 1865.
In pursuance of an act of the Legislature of this State, being chapter 56 of the laws of 1865, passed Feb. 27, 1865, authorizing a loan of $30,000,000 for the payment of bounties, levying a tax for that amount or so much thereof as may be necessary, and authorizing the Comptroller to issue revenue bonds in anticipation of such tax, notice is hereby given that investments in said loan to the extent of $5,000,000, and as much more as may be required, can be made immediately by depositing the money in the Manhattan Bank, in the City of New-York, to the credit of the State Treasury, in sums not less than $1,000. Certificates of such deposits will be given, and the bonds will be delivered as soon as they can be prepared. They will bear interest at the rate of SEVEN PER CENT. per annum from the date of the deposit, payable quarterly on the 1st days of January, April, July and October, at the Manhattan Bank, the first payment of interest to be made on the 1st day of July next. The principal will be redeemable July 1, 1866, or will, at the option of the State, be converted into a seven per cent. stock, to be issued in pursuance of the act, chapter 29 of the Laws of 1865. L. ROBINSON, Comptroller.

CROTON AQUEDUCT DEPARTMENT, March 3, 1865.
THIS OFFICE WILL CLOSE AT 12 o'clock on Saturday, the 4th inst., to allow the employes to unite in the celebration of our late glorious victories. By order of the Croton Aqueduct Board.
THOS. B. TAPPEN, Croton Registrar.

THE GLORY OF MAN IS STRENGTH.—Therefore the nervous and debilitated should immediately use HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU.

DRY GOODS.

PRICES REDUCED.
G. L. & J. B. KELTY, No. 359 Broadway —WINDOW SHADES. Gold, Opaque, White, Green and Blue Holland, Bray's Patent Fixtures, and all other approved styles.
G. L. & J. B. KELTY, 359 Broadway, N. Y. —CURTAINS. New Styles, 1865, Swiss Lace, Nottingham Lace, Leno Lace, Muslin, Brocatel, Reps, Terry Cloth, Japanese Cloth, Damask, Cornices, and all other Trimmings.

NEW SKIRT.
1865
THE GREATEST INVENTION OF THE AGE IN HOOP-SKIRTS.
J. W. BRADLEY'S New Patent DUPLEX ELLIPTIC (or double) SPRING SKIRT.
WESTS, BRADLEY & CARY (late J. I. & J. O. West), SOLE PROPRIETORS AND MANUFACTURERS, No. 97 CHAMBERS and Nos. 79 and 81 Reade-st., New-York.
THIS INVENTION consists of DUPLEX (or two) ELLIPTIC Steel Springs, ingeniously BRAIDED, TIGHTLY and FIRMLY together, EDGE TO EDGE, making the TOUGHEST, most FLEXIBLE, ELASTIC and DURABLE SPRING ever used. They seldom BEND or BREAK, like the single springs, and consequently preserve their PERFECT and BEAUTIFUL SHAPE TWICE AS LONG as any other Skirt.
THE WONDERFUL FLEXIBILITY and great COMFORT and LEASURE to any LADY WEARING the DUPLEX ELLIPTIC SKIRT will be experienced particularly in all CROWDED ASSEMBLIES, OPERA, CARRIAGE, RAILROAD-CARS, CHURCH-PEWS, ARM-CHAIRS, for PROMENADE and HOUSE-DRESS, as the SKIRT can be FOLDED when in use, to OCCUPY a small place as easily and conveniently as a SILK or MUSLIN DRESS.
A LADY having enjoyed the pleasure, comfort and great convenience of wearing the DUPLEX ELLIPTIC SPRING SKIRT for a SINGLE DAY, will never afterward willingly dispense with the use of them. FOR CHILDREN, MISSES and YOUNG LADIES are superior to all others.
THEY are the best QUALITY in every part, and UNQUESTIONABLY the LIGHTEST, most DESIRABLE, COMFORTABLE and ECONOMICAL SKIRT ever made. FOR SALE in all FIRST-CLASS STORES in THIS CITY and throughout the UNITED STATES, HAVANA DE CUBA, MEXICO, SOUTH AMERICA and the WEST INDIES.
INQUIRE FOR THE DUPLEX ELLIPTIC SKIRT.

GRAND OPENING.
SPRING FASHIONS.
Mme. DEMOREST would respectfully announce her Grand Spring Opening at Nos. 473 Broadway, 27 East 14th-st., and 134 Pierpont-st., Brooklyn. Elegantly trimmed patterns of all the latest and most recherche styles for ladies and children's dress. March number of *Demorest's Illustrated Monthly* and *Mme. Demorest's Mirror of Fashions* now ready.

BEADS! BEADS!! BEADS!!!
AND FANCY GOODS.
M. P. BROWN, Importer,
No. 186 Pearl-st., New-York.

THE SCIENCE OF MEDICINE SHOULD stand simple, pure, majestic, having fact for its basis, induction for its pillar, truth alone for its capital. So stand HELMBOLD'S GENUINE PREPARATIONS, established over 16 years.

DANCING.

A. DODWORTH'S DANCING ACADEMY.
NO. 212 5TH-AV., CORNER 26TH-ST., N. Y.
NO. 137 MONTAGUE-ST., BROOKLYN.
Classes for gentlemen on TUESDAY and FRIDAY EVENINGS, in Brooklyn—WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS in N. Y., at 8 o'clock. Call for a circular.

ENFEEBLED AND DELICATE CONSTITUTIONS, of both sexes, use HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU. It will give brisk and energetic feelings and enable you to sleep well

MUSICAL.

CHICKERING & SONS
MANUFACTURERS OF GRAND, SQUARE, AND UPRIGHT PIANO-FORTES, No. 652 BROADWAY.—The superiority of these instruments has of late been amply demonstrated by the voluntary testimony of the foremost artists of the day, who claim for them excellencies of tone and workmanship hitherto unobtained by any other makers.
Mr. GOTTSCHALK'S constant use of the NEW SCALE CHICKERING GRAND PIANO-FORTES has severely tested their musical qualities, and resulted in establishing the justice of the very flattering estimation in which they are held.
Messrs. CHICKERING & SONS are Sole Agents for the celebrated Alexandre Organs for the United States.

STEINWAY & SON
GOLD MEDAL GRAND AND SQUARE PIANOS are now considered the best in Europe as well as this country, having received the first Prize Medal at the World's Exhibition in London, 1862.
The principal reason why the Steinway Pianos are superior to all others is, that the firm is composed of five practical piano forte makers, (father and four sons,) who invent all their own improvements, and under whose personal supervision every part of the instrument is manufactured. Warerooms Nos. 71 and 73 East 14th-st., between Union-square and Irving-place, New-York.

MUSIC OMNIBUS
For Violin, Flute, Fife, Clarionet, or Cornet. No. 1 contains 700 tunes; 40 setts of quadrilles; 100 contraband fancy dances, with figures and calls; 100 opera melodies, polkas, marches, waltzes, etc. Price $1 25. No. 2 contains 850 tunes; 200 Irish, 200 Scotch and 200 opera airs; 100 duetts, for violin and flute. Price $1 25. Musical instruments, every description. Send stamp for price list.
FREDERICK BLUME, No. 208 Bowery.

HAZLETON BROTHERS,
OVERSTRUNG, GRAND AND SQUARE PIANO-FORTE MANUFACTURERS,
No. 99 Prince-st., a few doors west of Broadway, N. Y.
These Pianos have always received the first premium wherever they have been exhibited. A written guarantee for five years accompanies each piano.

FOR NON-RETENTION OR INCONTINENCE of urine, irritation, inflammation or ulceration of the bladder, or kidneys, disease of the prostate glands, stone in the bladder, calculus, gravel or brick-dust deposits, and all diseases of the bladder, kidneys and dropsical swellings,
USE HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU.

THE HORACE WATERS GRAND SQUARE and upright Pianos, Melodeon, Harmoniums and Æolian Organs, wholesale and retail; to let and rent allowed if purchased. Monthly payments received for the same. Second-hand Pianos at bargains, from $60 to $225. Sheet Music, a little soiled, at 1¼ cent per page. Pianist in attendance to try new music. Factory and warerooms, No. 481 Broadway. Cash paid for second-hand Pianos.

AN ELEGANT ROSEWOOD PIANO-FORTE, double round corners, with two rows moulding, gothic legs, pearl inlaid nameboard, fancy music-desk, etc., with very powerful and sweet tone; having been in use a short time, will be sold at a bargain. Second-hand imitation rosewood piano, 6-octave, $100.
FREDERICK BLUME, No. 208 Bowery.

UNITED PIANO-FORTE MAKERS,
No. 34 Walker-st., New-York.
Our company being composed entirely of superior workmen, we are enabled to produce a more perfect Piano-forte than any other house.
Every instrument guaranteed for five years.

PIANOS.—FIRST-CLASS PIANOS SELLING AT $300, $325 and $375, which I guarantee cannot be bought less than $400 to $500 elsewhere. Guarantees unlimited. Old ones taken in exchange. S. J. CHAMBERS, No. 739 Broadway.

AN ORGANIST WISHES A SITUATION as organist and conductor of the music in a church in or near New-York City. Address Box No. 5,226 Post-office, New-York.

A. H. GALE & CO.—PIANOFORTES.
Manufactory and Warerooms,
No. 107 East 12th-st., New-York.

CARD.—TO PIANO DEALERS AND PURCHASERS—You are invited to call on or address CHAMBERS & GABLER, who have removed to their new Piano Factory, No. 14 6th-st., New-York.

BOARDMAN, GRAY & CO.'S PIANOS, well known for their superior excellence, for sale at No. 748 Broadway. A few instruments at low prices.

A YOUNG LADY OF FINE MUSICAL talent wishes to give instruction on the piano at her residence, No. 34 3d-st., near 2d-av. Terms moderate.

MISCELLANEOUS.

SAVE YOUR MONEY.
TEAS! TEAS! TEAS! TEAS! TEAS!
TEAS! TEAS! TEAS! TEAS! TEAS!
Housekeepers should buy their Teas, Coffees, &c., at the GREAT "CANTON TEA WAREHOUSE," where all goods are guaranteed free from adulteration, and sold cheap for cash only. THOMAS R. AGNEW,
Nos. 260 and 262 Greenwich-st., corner Murray.
Wholesale Department No. 262 Greenwich-st.

REYNOLDS TURBINE
WATER WHEELS
TALCOTT & UNDERHILL, No. 170 Broadway, N. Y.

WATER POWER WANTED.
Parties having water power for sale or to rent will please furnish description of same to TALCOTT & UNDERHILL, No. 170 Broadway.

WATER-POWERS FOR SALE.
TO CAPITALISTS AND MANUFACTURERS.
We have lists of a great number of water-powers of both large and small capacity, some of them near this city. Persons in want of such property will find it to their interest to call.
Engineers skilled in making plans and estimates for buildings and machinery will be furnished when required. TALLCOT & UNDERHILL, 170 Broadway.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU AND IMPROVED ROSE WASH, cures secret and delicate disorders, in all their stages, at little expense, little or no change in diet, no inconvenience, and no exposure. It is pleasant in taste and odor, immediate in its action, and free from all injurious properties.

MARBLE MANTELS.
A large stock always on hand at LOWER PRICES than any other establishment in the city.
A. KLABER'S MANTEL WORKS,
No. 169 East 18th-st., near 3d-av. Cut this out.

TURKISH BATHS,
At No. 13 Laight-st., New-York. Hours for Gentlemen from 6 to 8 A. M., and from 3 to 9 P. M.; for Ladies, from 9 A. M. to 1 P. M. Closed on Sundays.

BAZIQUE PLAYING CARDS,
with authentic rules for playing inclosed in each pack. For sale by the manufacturers.
SAMUEL HART & CO., No. 546 Broadway.

NOTICE.—THE VETERAN CORPS OF THE WAR of 1812 will assemble at the Mercer House, corner Mercer and Broome sts., on SATURDAY, the 4th day of March, at 10 o'clock A. M., precisely, in full uniform, to join in the grand procession with our fellow-citizens in honor of the glorious victories achieved by our army and navy in the cause of the Union which we preserved in the War of 1812. Let every veteran from this and the adjacent counties attend. Carriages will be in waiting at the Mercer House to convey them on the route.
By order, H. RAYMOND, Brigadier-General.
ABRM. DALLY, Colonel.
J. M. PHYFE, Adjutant.

ROUND CORNERED PLAYING CARDS.
All playing cards with the old style of sharp pointed corners, *will split* almost immediately they are put in use, thus producing one or more *imperfect or recognized* cards in the pack. The U. S. Internal Revenue Stamp Tax on these goods renders them so expensive as to induce the subscribers and inventors to offer to the public these new and improved cards, which will be found to remain perfect, and outwear four packs of the best sharp-pointed cards ever made. For sale by all Stationers and Fancy Goods Dealers.
SAM. HART & CO.,
No. 546 Broadway.

MANHATTAN ARMS CO., Newark, N. J.—Our Colt Model Navy Pistol is of best material and wrought throughout. Parts interchangeable. Every Pistol warranted one year. Best Pistol made for army officers, being 8 oz. lighter than any Pistol using Government cartridges.

THE BEST AND CHEAPEST INKS.—"Wardwell's National Writing Fluid," and "Keys' American Union Ink," No sediment, flow freely and do not corrode. Sold at No. 5 Ludlow-st., corner of Canal, and by the trade generally. C. W. WARDWELL, Successor to J. G. KEYS.

AMERICAN FLAGS FOR DECORATION.
SMALL AMERICAN FLAGS, 10 sizes.
GUM TICKETS and TICKETS
for all kinds of Dry Goods, at SALISBURY'S Dry Goods Packing Establishment, No. 159 Duane-st.

WATCHES AND JEWELRY.

CALIFORNIA DIAMOND PEBBLE JEWELRY at less than one-fourth the cost of the real article. These goods were first introduced by me in 1849, and the immense quantities sold attest their popularity. They possess all the fire and lustre of the genuine diamond, and mounted in solid 18-carat gold of the most fashionable designs, they deceive the most expert judges of the Oriental gem.
Original L. JACOBS, No. 407 Broadway.

A CALIFORNIA PEBBLE SOLITAIRE Ring, $5; a cluster $7, a pair knobs $5, a cluster $7 50, solitaire pin $3, cluster $5. Ladies' set, pin and knobs, with garnet, emerald and ruby centre, $20, all mounted in solid 18-carat gold. Original L. JACOBS, No. 407 Broadway.

HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU is pleasant in taste and odor, free from all injurious properties and immediate in its action.

WATCHES, DIAMONDS, OLD GOLD AND silver, job lots fancy goods bought for cash, or exchanged for other goods. Original L. JACOBS, No. 407 Broadway. Established 1845.

A SILVER HUNTING WATCH, $80, full jewel and lever, $25; extra movements, $21, second-hand 18-karat gold watches as low as $25; hunting-cases, $50. All watches guaranteed for two years. Original L. JACOBS, No. 407 Broadway.

AMUSEMENTS.

WINTER GARDEN.
On SATURDAY, March 4,
THE THIRD
of the series of
GRAND MATINEES
OF
BOOTH'S HAMLET,
which will be presented with all its
SPLENDOR OF SCENERY AND APPOINTMENTS
AND
PERFECTION OF CAST.
Private boxes, orchestra chairs and reserved seats in dress circle may be secured at the usual prices. The whole of the rest of the house will be thrown open to the public. Tickets 75 cents.
The performance will conclude in time to enable families from Brooklyn, Staten Island and adjacent cities on the Philadelphia, Harlem, New-Haven, and Hudson River lines—at whose special request these matinees are given—to reach home in seasonable time. Mr Stuart desires to state that any lady in any way dissatisfied can either have her ticket indorsed for the following Saturday's matinee or any evening performance, or her money returned, as she may desire. In order to enable all attending the matinee to witness the celebration spectacle of the day, the doors will be opened at 12½ o'clock and performance commence at 1 o'clock precisely.
On SATURDAY EVENING, March 4,
FIRST BENEFIT
in New-York of
MR. C. WALCOT, JR.,
on which occasion will be revived, for the first time in three years, Boucicault's great drama of
SOUTHERN LIFE
and
SOUTHERN SCENES,
entitled
THE OCTOROON,
originally produced at this theatre, in which Mr. Walcot will appear in his great character part of
THE OLD NEGRO,
PETE
The piece will be presented with a powerful cast, including the names of Mesdames Chanfrau, Walcot, Sedley Brown, Miss Andrews, Messrs. Walcot, Hanly, Fawcett, Eberle, Andrews, &c.

NIBLO'S GARDEN. BEGINS AT 7¾
Lessee and Manager ..... WM. WHEATLEY
GRAND JUBILEE NIGHT.
IN CELEBRATION OF OUR RECENT VICTORIES.
POSITIVELY LAST APPEARANCE OF
MRS. F. W. LANDER,
formerly
MISS DAVENPORT,
THIS (SATURDAY) EVENING, March 4,
will be performed the sparkling comedy of
THE BELLE'S STRATAGEM.
LETITIA HARDY ..... Mrs. F. W. LANDER
DORICOURT ..... Mr. WM. WHEATLEY
SIR GEORGE TOUCHWOOD ..... Mr. CHAS. POPE
and a strong cast.
The Manager respectfully announces a brief engagement with the celebrated artist,
DANIEL E. BANDMAN,
who will make his first appearance this season on MONDAY EVENING, March 6, in a new Romantic Play, in five acts, taken from the German of Mme. Charlotte Birch-Pfeiger, called
THE BEAUFORTS,
being a dramatization of Bulwer's popular novel, entitled,
NIGHT AND MORNING,
produced, after months of preparation, with scenery, properties, &c., all new.
Seats secured six days in advance.

IRVING HALL. IRVING HALL.
GRAND VOCAL AND INSTRUMENTAL CONCERT
FOR THE
BENEFIT OF THE ATTACHÉS OF IRVING HALL,
THIS SATURDAY EVENING, MARCH 4, 1865,
on which occasion the hall will be elegantly decorated by Mr. M. K. Maxmillian, in honor of the
UNION TRIUMPHS.
The following powerful array of talent will appear:
MLLE. HELENE DE KATOW,
The Russian Violoncellist,
MR. JAMES M. WEHLI,
The Celebrated Pianist.
VOCALISTS:

Madam de Lussan,	Mrs. J. H. Barclay,
Madam M. Bouligny,	Miss Kemble,
Miss McKenna,	Mrs. La Jenne,
Miss Pierson,	Miss Meyers,
Mons. Durand,	Mr. R. Gonzales,
Mr. Harrison,	Mr. Arnam,
Mr. Kirkham,	Mr. Insiee,
Mr. Fleming,	Mr. E. H. Browne.

INSTRUMENTAL SOLOISTS:
Mr. Theo. Thomas, Violin, Mr. F. Eben, Flute.
CONDUCTORS:
Signor Abella, Signor Rosa,
Mr. Mosenthal, Mr. G. W. Morgan,
TICKETS, WITH RESERVED SEATS, ONE DOLLAR.
Irving Hall Ticket Office open all day.

VAN AMBURGH & CO.'S MENAGERIE,
AND GREAT MORAL EXHIBITION,
NOS. 539 AND 541 BROADWAY.
OPEN DAILY, FROM 10 A. M. TO 10 P. M.
LAST WEEK BUT TWO.
LAST WEEK BUT TWO.
OF THE FINEST ANIMAL EXHIBITION
IN THE WORLD.
THE LAST OPPORTUNITIES
of beholding the world-renowned
VAN AMBURGH COLLECTION
OF LIVING WILD ANIMALS
that will be afforded
FOR MANY YEARS,
are offered now, as the establishment
WILL POSITIVELY CLOSE
SATURDAY, MARCH 18,
NOT TO RETURN
to New-York, as arrangements have been made for exhibiting the collection in other cities during the next five years.
LAST WEEKS OF HANNIBAL!
LAST WEEKS OF THE GIRAFFE!
LAST WEEKS OF MR. FRANK NASH AND THE WONDERFUL ELEPHANT TIPPOO SAIB!
LAST WEEKS OF PROFESSOR LANGWORTHY AND HIS NEWLY TRAINED ANIMALS!
LAST WEEKS OF SIGNOR VICTOR!
POSITIVELY THE LAST WEEKS
OF
ALL THE LIVING WONDERS
comprised in the
MOST EXTENSIVE MENAGERIE EXTANT.
ADMISSION ONLY 25 CENTS.

DODWORTH HALL—MR. BURNETT,
No. 806 Broadway, next to Grace Church.
Opposite 11th-st., and near to A. T. Stewart's.
ALFRED BURNETT,
TO-NIGHT AND EVERY EVENING,
the celebrated Western Humorist, Eccentric Delineator, Poetic Reciter, Rhapsodist, Orator, Elocutionist, GREAT FACIAL ARTIST and LEVATOR ANGULOUI ORIS, in his NEW ENTERTAINMENT, A POSY OF POETIC BEAUTY and OLIO OF ODDITIES,
Every evening at 8; doors open at 7½. Admission 50 cents. A few reserved front chairs, 75 cents. Seats in the front chairs can be secured from 9 till 4.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS AND UNPRINCIPLED DEALERS endeavoring to dispose of their own and other preparations, on the reputation attained by HELMBOLD'S GENUINE PREPARATIONS.

LECTURES.

THE MINES AND OIL WELLS OF THE PACIFIC STATES.
By invitation of a number of prominent citizens,
PROFESSOR SILLIMAN
will deliver an address on the
"MINERAL AND OTHER RESOURCES OF CALIFORNIA, NEVADA AND THE NEW STATES AND TERRITORIES OF THE PACIFIC SLOPE."
On MONDAY EVENING, MARCH 6,
at 8 o'clock,
AT COOPER INSTITUTE.
The proceeds will be given to the United States Christian Commission for sick and wounded soldiers.
Tickets 25 cents each, to be had at the rooms of the Christian Commission, Bible House, the Broadway bookstores, and (if any remain unsold) at the door.

NOTICE.—S. M. HAVLETT, ESQ., THE CELEbrated humorist, will lecture at Cooper Institute March 9, at 7½ P. M., for the benefit of Lexington-av. M. E. Church. Subject—*Hits at the Times.* Admission 25 cents.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

REJOICING FOR VICTORIES! MARCH 4, 1865.
This day is published the
FOURTH EDITION
OF
THE SOLDIERS' ARMOR OF STRENGTH
dedicated to President Lincoln, considerably improved, concluding with an original song of salvation on the final triumph of our righteous cause and the restoration of peace. D. S. HOLMES, Publisher, Brooklyn, E. D.; also for sale at the office of the Soldiers' Friend, No. 12 Centre-st., and by booksellers in New-York. Price 30 and 50 cents each.
This popular little work has been largely distributed by the United States Christian Commission. Its fervent patriotism especially recommends it to public favor.

"THE NEW-YORK CITIZEN,"
A WEEKLY JOURNAL PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY.—The advocate of a pure Municipal Government. Devoted, also, to Literature, Poetry, Arts, Amusements, and choice reading; also contains contributions from first-class writers; will appear in its enlarged form on
SATURDAY, MARCH 4.
For sale at the American News Company, No. 119 Nassau-st., general agents for the trade, and at all news dealers.

NEW MUSIC.—"ATLANTA'S OURS AND Fairly Won." "Charleston Ours." "No Slave Beneath that Starry Flag." "Maryland's Free." "The Voice of the Army." "Let me Die with my Face to the Foe." "God Save Our Noble Union." "Better Times are Coming." "Come, Rally Freemen, Rally." "For the Dear Old Flag I Die." "My Country Dear I Die for Thee." "Was my Brother in the Battle?" "Oh! Send me One Flower from His Grave." "We'll All Come Home Again." Ballads and Songs, most of them having choruses. Price 30 cents each, mailed free. HORACE WATERS, Publisher, No. 481 Broadway, New-York.

A BOOK CONTAINING AN ACCOUNT OF piles, fistula, stricture, and thirty other important diseases, will be sent on receipt of twenty-five cents, or can be obtained on application to HENRY A. DANIELS, M. D., operating and consulting surgeon, No. 12 Union-Square, New-York.

SHATTERED CONSTITUTIONS RESTORED by HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU.

MEETINGS.

OFFICE OF THE GREENWOOD CEMETERY,
No. 30 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, Feb. 28, 1865.
MEETING OF THE LOT OWNERS OF this institution will be held at this office, agreeably to the provision of the charter, on WEDNESDAY, the 8th day of March next, at 1 o'clock P. M., to receive the annual report of the Board of Trustees.
J. A. PERRY, Secretary.

AMUSEMENTS.

BARNUM'S AMERICAN MUSEUM.
P. T. BARNUM.....Manager. | S. H. HURD.....Assistant.
GRAND GALA DAY
IN CELEBRATION OF OUR VICTORIES
AS THE GREAT
MILITARY AND CIVIC PROCESSION
WILL PASS THE MUSEUM.
THE WINDOWS AND BALCONIES
WILL BE
THE BEST PLACE IN THE CITY
TO WITNESS
THE MAGNIFICENT DISPLAY.
PERFORMANCE NEARLY EVERY HOUR.
ONE THOUSAND DOLLAR DRAMA,
written by Miss LAURA KEENE, entitled the
WORKMEN OF NEW-YORK.
DANCING GIRAFFE, by TONY DENIER.
MORNING, AT 11,
SPIRITUALISM EXPOSED BY DR. VON VLECK, practically showing the BALLOT TEST, BLOOD-RED WRITING ON THE ARM, SPIRITUAL ROPE-TYING, ANSWERING SEALED LETTERS, and all the CHICANERY and HUMBUG of
SPIRITUAL IMPOSTORS.
Life-size figures of the JAPANESE.
PROF. HUTCHINGS, LIGHTNING CALCULATOR.
LAST WEEK OF
COL. GOSHEN, THE ARABIAN GIANT,
FAT WOMAN, 700 POUNDS, HER HUSBAND 67 POUNDS,
GIANTESS—GIANT BOY—FAT WOMAN.
WOODROFFE'S BOHEMIAN GLASS-BLOWERS.
TWO GLASS STEAM-ENGINES IN MOTION.
FIFTY LIFE-SIZE MOVING WAX FIGUR

SHERMAN'S CAMPAIGN.

Rebel Indications of His Movements.

PROBABLE ADVANCE ON FAYETTEVILLE.

Gen. Schofield's Co-operative Movement.

A FEINT TOWARDS GOLDSBORO.

Gen. Schofield's Main Army Probably Marching on Fayetteville.

The Rebel Steamer Chicamauga Destroyed.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.
WASHINGTON, Friday, March 3.

The following extracts are from the Richmond papers of Thurday, March 2, received at the Washington office of the Philadelphia *Inquirer*:

SHERMAN'S MOVEMENTS.

NO YANKEES NEAR FAYETTEVILLE.

From the Richmond Whig, March 2.

FAYETTEVILLE, Wednesday, March 1.

No Yankees have advanced in this direction from Wilmington. Other intelligence which could be communicated is contraband, but of an encouraging character.

The Confederate steamer *Chickamauga* was destroyed by the crew, to prevent her from falling into the hands of the enemy, at Gray's Point, in Cape Fear River, Saturday. She is a total wreck.

SCHOFIELD'S CO-OPERATIVE MOVEMENT,

From the Richmond Whig, March 2.

We learn from Northern papers that the enemy occupied Wilmington on the morning of the 22d ult.

As the last train left, our Whitworth battery, planted at the head of Front and Market-street, was firing upon the enemy who had appeared upon the causeway on the western side of the Cape Fear River. Their main advance was then checked at Alligator Creek, some few skirmishers pushed forward, but were driven off. Our troops retreated across the northeast branch of the Cape Fear River, at what is known as Big Bridge Ferry, or McRee's Ferry. It is said that our forces attempted to burn the railroad bridge at Northeast River, nine miles from Wilmington, but were only partially successful.

Later accounts say that our forces had checked the forward movement of the enemy there. If so, it is probable that SCHOFIELD will next try the Fayetteville route, *or attempt to effect a junction with Sherman.*

Since Sherman has already been reported as moving toward Cheraw, there is no impropriety in indicating that *this may be a movement by the flank to cross the Catawba River below the railroad, and thence move on Charlotte*, along the eastern bank, or it may mean a change of front, with the intention to reach Fayetteville, and be in coöperation with SCHOFIELD.

SCHOFIELD'S ADVANCE SAID TO HAVE BEEN CHECKED.

We hear nothing from SHERMAN, SCHOFIELD or SOUTHERLENNIG. It is believed that bottomless and impassable mud surrounds them all. The roads are still too bad for movements of troops.

It is stated that our forces under Gen. BRAGG have succeeded in checking the forward movement from Wilmington under SCHOFIELD, on the Wilmington and Weldon Road, and that the latter has advanced no further than Northeast River, ten or fifteen miles from the city. It is thought that *Schofield will try to effect a junction with Sherman via Fayettville*, perhaps.

SHERMAN SAID TO BE "STUCK IN THE MUD."

From the Richmond Dispatch, March 1.

We are still without official intelligence of movements now taking place in the Carolinas, and, for reasons hitherto stated, do not care to repeat all the reports that reach us. *We heard yesterday that Sherman was stuck in the mud in one of the Southern States.* If it has rained half as much there as in this vicinity, there can be no doubt of the truth of the statement. There have been many widely-different estimates of the strength of SHERMAN'S army. By some, his forces have been estimated as high as sixty thousand. We learned, on yesterday, through a trustworthy source, that Gen. HAMPTON reported his force to consist of four corps of infantry, of seven thousand men each, and a body of cavalry, of from four to five thousand men. His artillery will, perhaps, swell the numbers of his main column to thirty-five thousand. If we give GILLMORE, at Charleston, ten thousand men, and SCHOFIELD, at Wilmington, fifteen thousand, we shall estimate the whole Yankee force now operating in the Carolinas at sixty thousand men. This, we think, is not far from the mark. The Yankee papers make the figures much larger, and give SHERMAN an immense cavalry force.

HAS SHERMAN ENTERED NORTH CAROLINA?

From the Richmond Sentinel, March 1.

SHERMAN * * * is simply a great raider. He is conducting a novel military experiment, and is testing the problem whether or not a great country can be conquered by raids. Results, so far, have gained him some reputation for success in making his transits, and consequently exhibit the theory on which he is operating under its most favorable conditions. He has raided *entirely across* the States of Mississippi, of Georgia, *and of South Carolina*, in his successive enterprises. What permanent result has he accomplished? In Mississippi his enterprise is forgotten, and not one of his acquisitions remains. In Georgia, save the garrison in Savanah and the destruction along his track, there are no trophies of his triumph. The result in South Carolina will be similar. His course is simply that of a bird through the air.

NEWS FROM REBEL SOURCES.

Gen. Grant's Operations—Indications of a Heavy Movement on the Left—The Advance on Staunton—News from the Southwest.

VIRGINIA.

THE RICHMOND AND PETERSBURGH LINES.

From the Richmond Examiner, March 1.

We do not learn that the enemy has made any further movement in the vicinity of Petersburgh. But it is quite certain that he is not withdrawing any portion of the forces he has moved to his left; that it is now surmised that he designs a *heavy flank movement some distance further down than the scene of his late operations.*

From the Richmond Whig, March 1.

The *Express* of yesterday states that the advance which was threatened two or three days since has been checked, if not defeated, by the superabundant rains, and for the present may possibly be abandoned. But the public need not be surprised to hear of the commencement of a battle at any moment. The enemy has not withdrawn any portion of the forces he has moved to his left, but holds them in readiness for an advance at the earliest practicable moment. It is believed the enemy intends a heavy flank movement, some distance further down than the scene of his late operations.

We are glad to believe that our noble army is prepared to meet the enemy now, as it ever has been, and give battle as of old, never having known, and determined never to know, defeat.

UNION CAVALRY ADVANCING ON STAUNTON.

From the Richmond Whig, March 1.

The enemy, on yesterday, were *approaching Staunton in heavy forces from the valley—chiefly cavalry.*

From the Richmond Whig, March 2.

We stated on yesterday, that the enemy in heavy force, believed to be mostly cavalry, were advancing up the valley toward Staunton. As yet we have received official information on the subject of their advance.

GEORGIA.

From the Richmond Examiner, March 1.

The West Point road is reported to be completed within nine miles of Atlanta. Dalton is the only fortified post now occupied by the enemy in North Georgia, and his force there is reported to consist of only two or three brigades. This shows of what value is Yankee "conquest," and by what frail tenure he holds the country he has overrun, where he is only able to place here and there a straggling garrison.

From the Richmond Whig, March 1.

All North Georgia is filled with predatory bands of tories and deserters.

It is rumored that the enemy have reinforced Dalton with two brigades. A movement on Rome is expected.

NORTH MISSISSIPPI.

THE REBELS' WORST ENEMY.

From the Richmond Whig, March 1.

A Tupelo letter furnishes the following items: Gen. FORREST told a lady here, a few days ago, that he would be left alone "to hold the bag in this section, and it would be a pretty big bag."

Col. PATTERSON, commanding a brigade of RODDY'S division, I learn has been actively engaged in breaking up the stills in Alabama, along the Mississippi line.

ROVING BANDS OF CONFEDERATE CAVALRY.

From the Richmond Examiner, March 1.

Gen. FORREST is busy reorganizing all the cavalry in the District of Mississippi, East Louisiana and West Tennessee. In his general orders he declares that the illegal organizations of cavalry prowling through the country under various authorities, not recognized as legitimate, or which have been by the proper authorities revoked, must be placed regularly and properly in the service, or driven from the country. He says these are in many instances nothing more or less than roving bands of deserters, stragglers, horse-thieves and robbers, who consume the substance and appropriate the property of citizens without remuneration, and whose acts of lawlessness and crime demand a remedy, which he will not hesitate to apply, even to extermination.

Many of the farmers in Northeast Mississippi carry their grain across the line to be distilled into whisky, thus evading the law prohibiting its manufacture, while many poor soldiers' families are suffering for bread. While Gen. GHOLSON was fighting a Yankee raid at Egypt, and lost an arm in the encounter, and was driven back, a Major-General was beastly drunk at the very time he should have been furnishing ammunition and reinforcements to Gen. GHOLSON. Three hundred soldiers were captured after their ammunition was exhausted. Whisky is a worse enemy to us than the Yankees.

FROM LOUISIANA.

From the Richmond Whig, March 1.

The Columbus *Enquirer* has information which leads it to believe that the Yankees are moving a considerable force into the interior of Alabama, by way of West Florida, to coöperate in THOMAS' threatened advance from the North. The Montgomery papers have reports of large numbers of Yankee troops concentrating at or near Pensacola, and of transports heavily laden with Yankee troops passing down the Mississippi River for the last two or three weeks. It is not at all impobable that these troops were going to the Florida coast to undertake the movement said to be making from Pensacola.

A correspondent of the Mobile *Register*, writing from Clinton, Louisania, gives the amended news: Red River is being obstructed, and fortifications erected along its banks. PRICE is resting and recruiting his army a few miles from Shreveport. The Legislature of Louisiana is in session at Shreveport. Exciting times are expected.

ARMING THE SLAVES.

INGENIOUS COMPROMISE.

From the Richmond Enquirer, March 1.

We learn that the House of Representatives has recently passed in secret session, by a vote of forty to thirty seven, a bill *which not only authorizes the arming of negroes* tendered for military service by their owners, but also *authorizes the President to call on each State*, whenever he thinks it expedient, for her quota of three hundred thousand troops, in addition to those subject to military service under existing laws, or so many thereof as the President may deem necessary for purposes mentioned, to be raised from such classes; *irrespective of the color* of the population, in each State as the proper authorities thereof may determine. It is further provided that nothing in the act shall be construed to authorize a change in the relation which slaves shall bear toward their owners as property, except by the consent of the owners and of the States in which they may reside, and in pursuance of the laws thereof. The bill has not yet obtained the concurrence of the Senate; but it is said to have been framed with a view of obviating objections in that body to a proposition in another form of arming the slaves, and of obtaining a compromise of views on the subject.

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE EXCHANGE OF PRISONERS.

Col. HATCH, the Confederate Agent of Exchange, communicated with the Yankee authorities at Wilmington, on Monday last, and we are glad to learn that an agreement was made for the delivery of all Yankee prisoners in our hands in this State, at that point, at the earliest practicable moment. Some three or four thousand were paroled in Goldsboro' on Saturday, and were to be sent yesterday morning to the enemy's lines. Seven or eight hundred passed this place from Salisbury on Sunday morning for the same point, and we learn that all here are to be sent through as soon as transportation can be furnished. Several hundred were sent off yesterday.

GEN. HOOD.

It is reported that Gen. HOOD will be assigned to an important command *in Texas.*

MR. SINGLETON IN RICHMOND.

The Richmond *Dispatch* says that Mr. SINGLETON has arrived at Richmond. It adds that his mission is a commercial one—he proposing to exchange bacon for cotton. All the other papers intimate that his visit is of a private character.

Billiards.

An interesting match between MELVIN FOSTER and WILLIAM H. WICKS, the well-known amateur, was played at GOLDTHWAIT & CAHILL'S hall, on Thursday evening, the former undertaking to discount the latter the best of eleven games of 100 points each, caroms, on a four-pocket table. FOSTER won the two first games, and WICKS the six next successive games, the latter making the greatest number of points in the grand score. The following is the summary: Melvin Foster and William H. Wicks, best in eleven games of 100 points each, on a four-pocket Phelan & Collender table, with 2⅜-inch balls, for $100, Wicks to receive discount. Wicks won the third, fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh and eighth games and the match; Foster the first and second games. Grand score—Wicks, 702; Foster, 701. Innings—Wicks, 61; Foster, 57. Average—Winner, 11-31; loser, 12-17. Highest Runs—Foster, 102; Wicks, 86. Time—Three hours and ten minutes. Referee—William Roberts. Umpires—For Wicks, George E. Phelan; for Foster, T. Flynn.

THE MASSACHUSETTS TOURNAMENT.

The arrangements for this affair have been perfected on a most extended scale, and it promises to be a marked event in the annals of the game. It will commence in Bumsteed Hall, Winter-street, in the City of Boston, on the afternoon of Monday, March 13, and continue daily during the week. The contestants for the championship are: Messrs. E. Daniels, E. E. Wilmarth, W. A. Tobin, F. A. Harding, L. S. Brooks, F. E. Smith, J. Peck, J. A. Cashman, all of Boston, and L. W. Langdon, of Florence, Massachusetts.

The games will be 300 points up, caroms, on a four-pocket Phelan & Collender table, and governed by the rules of the Billiard Congress of 1863. The prizes are three in number; first, the Golden Cue, the emblem of the championship; second, the Silver Cue, presented by GEORGE H. HOW, Esq.; third, a Silver Cup. Representatives from New-York and other cities are expected to be present, and no doubt some of the great experts will enliven the proceedings with exhibitions of their skill.

HARTFORD AND BRIDGEPORT, CONN.

A home-and-home match, between RALPH BENJAMIN, of Bridgeport, and MATT. H. HEWINS, of Hartford, has been arranged—each game to be of 1,000 points up, caroms, and for $200. The first game, in which HEWINS receives the odds of 100 points, is to be played at Franklyn Hall, in Bridgeport, on the evening of Wednesday next, the 8th inst. The return game, in which HEWINS receives an odds of 200 points, is to be played in Hartford, within one week after the first contest.

Mr. HEWINS was the winner of the second prize in the late Connecticut tournament, and is now matched against HURRELL for the championship, which title will come off in May next. Mr. BENJAMIN is one of the old professionals, well known in this city, Philadelphia and California. He is celebrated as having contested with MICHAEL PHELAN in a match, the best seventeen games—French caroms—sixteen points up, PHELAN giving the odds of three points in each game, at Philadelphia, on the evening of Dec. 20, 1857. PHELAN won nine out of the eleven games played, and the stakes, $2,000.

THE OHIO STATE TOURNAMENT.

Owing to the difficulty of procuring a suitable hall for this affair, it has been postponed until the last week in May next, when it will take place in Mozart Hall, in Cincinnati. The Tieman and Goldthwait match—fifteen hundred points up, caroms, for $2,500 aside—will come off in the same hall during this tournament.

THE PENNSYLVANIA CHAMPIONSHIP.

EDWARD H. NELMS has challenged Victor ESPERON for the championship, and the contest will probably take place at the Philadelphia Academy of Music early in June next. NELMS is a superior player, and took the second prize in the late tournament in that State. As the "push shot" is barred, this match is regarded with particular interest by billiard players generally. At the last match ESPERON'S average was over 16, proving that he would be a difficult customer even for the champion of America.

BILLIARD-PLAYERS CONSCRIPTED.

JOHN DERBY, of Washington, who is matched against the winner of the next contest for the American championship, and ROBERT T. RYAL, of Philadelphia, are among the drafted men of their respective cities. As both of these gentlemen prefer ivory to leaden balls, they will probably secure substitutes without delay.

THE WHITE TESTIMONIAL.

Mr. PHELAN has paid over to Mrs. WHITE a total of $732 90, and still some further subscriptions are coming to hand. Should the New-York professionals take hold of this matter in a proper spirit, a fund sufficient to place this worthy family beyond future want could be readily secured.

Police Trials.

A most noteworthy police trial this week was that of Officer HENRY SCHUCK, of the Twenty-second Precinct. On the morning of the 27th ult., Mr. MCKINLEY, of No. 261 West Forty-sixth-street, found a policeman's cap, coat, shield and belt on the sidewalk in front of his abode, and, seeing no officer near, he sent a servant to the police station to inquire whether any member of the force had lost these articles. The reply was, that they belonged to Officer SCHUCK, and that he had not answered at the last roll-call. Commissioner ACTON asked the officer to explain, and he said that from 4 o'clock to 6 on the morning in question, he was unconscious, and that at the latter hour he found himself sick in bed at his abode, minus his cap, coat, shield and belt. A citizen appeared before the Commissioners, and deposed that on the morning of the 27th, he saw the officer in a stupor, but there were no signs of intoxication. Officer SCHUCK'S record being good, the complaint was dismissed.... Mr. NATHANIEL J. PERKINS, clerk in the employ of Messrs. SMITH & SANDERS, of No. 165 Chatham-street, appeared against Policeman RICHARD FLEMING, of the Fourth Precinct, and stated that on the 22d ult, Mrs. EMMA KOCH, of No. 1 Greenwich-street, lost her wallet, and called the officer into the store to arrest him. He declined to go with the officer to the station-house, and thereupon the latter took him without his hat. Hence the complaint. President ACTON told Mr. PERKINS that he should have gone with the policeman when requested to do so. Complaint dismissed..... JOSEPH MCGORRY, waiter in the St. Denis Hotel, complained that Officer MCARTHER, of the Broadway Police, had unnecessarily arrested him and taken him to the Tombs. MCGORRY had purchased, in the gift jewelry establishment, No. 178 Broadway, a watch-guard, and with it a ticket (No, 106,) was given him. Ticket No. 100 having drawn a gold watch, MCGORRY placed his thumb over the top of the figure six on the ticket, making it appear to be 100, and the watch was given him. The cheat having been discovered, he was called upon to restore the watch; but this he declined to do. Whereupon Officer MCARTHUR was called in, and MCGORRY was arrested. The commissioners dismissed the complaint.... Complaint was entered against Officer EDWARD DEALING, of the Twenty-first Precinct, for disobedience of orders, and the use of profane language to a superior officer. DEALING said merely, in defence, that the complainant was in error as to time. Profanity not being permitted among the police force, the officer was convicted on his own showing, and may be required to pay a fine. .... After other trials the commissioners adjourned to Wednesday morning next.

GENERAL CITY NEWS.

FIRE IN MACDOUGAL-STREET.—At about noon, yesterday, Mr. THOMAS LOWNDES, a clerk employed in Messrs. SCHRICK & SHREGOUR'S drug-store, at No. 59 Macdougal-street, corner of Houston, accidentally dropped a bottle of benzine near a lighted lamp, and an explosion followed, injuring Mr. LOWNDES' hand and setting fire to the store. The flames communicated to Mr. JOHN JONES' drug-store, on the second floor, but were there checked. Messrs. SCHRICK & SHREGOUR'S stock, which was valued at $4,000, was destroyed; insurance $4,000 in the North American office. Mr. JONES, whose stock was damaged to the amount of $300, is insured for $2,000 by the North American Company. Mr. C. L. BARNES, photographer, on the third floor, sustained slight loss from damage by water. The building, which is owned by Mr. JONES, was injured to the extent of about $300, and is insured for $5,000 in the Greenwich office.

FOUND DROWNED.—Coroner ROBERT HESLEWOOD held an inquest on Tuesday last at New-Brighton, Staten Island, upon the body of an unknown female, who was found in the water, near the Cement House, New-Brighton. There was nothing upon her person except the waist of a dark-figured calico dress, and a pair of laced leather gaiters; the hair was partially washed from the scalp, that which was left being of a dark color, sprinkled with gray. She seemed about 40 to 45 years of age, and had been in the water about nine or ten days. She has not been recognized. A part of her dress can be seen by applying to the Coroner, at the first landing, Richmond Turnpike, Staten Island.

HOMICIDE IN HESTER-STREET.—Officers KING and LONG, of the Tenth Ward, arrested WILLIAM SMITH, a Swede, and he was taken before Coroner COLLIN and required to state the circumstances under which he stabbed and mortally wounded DANIEL LAWRENCE. He said that on Saturday night last he went to a room in the upper story of No. 126 Hester-street, and that LAWRENCE subsequently attempted to burst the door, and, failing in this, crept through a side window. The two clenched in utter darkness, and SMITH stabbed his antagonist. A female was unwittingly the cause of this sanguinary quarrel. Coroner COLLIN will make an investigation this morning.

THE SEVENTY-NINTH HIGHLAND REGIMENT ANNUAL BALL.—The annual ball of the Seventy-ninth Regiment, Highlanders, took place, last night, at the City Assembly Rooms. The proceeds were intended for the widows, orphans and disabled soldiers of the regiment. The attendance was large, and the proceedings passed off with great eclat.

ANOTHER FATAL RAILROAD ACCIDENT.—Coroner GAMBLE held an inquest, yesterday, at Bellevue Hospital, over the body of JANE ELLIOTT, a servant, who was run over and fatally injured by a horse car at the intersection of Second-avenue and Thirty-fourth-street on the 18th ult. The jury exonerated the driver.

STEALING DOOR-KNOBS.—WALTER HORER, a youth of fourteen, was arrested by Officer WOOD, of the Tenth Precinct, for stealing knobs from doors in Sixth-street. The boy was taken to Essex Market, and seventeen door-knobs were found in his possession. He was committed by Justice MANSFIELD.

BROOKLYN NEWS.

THE WALLABOUT BAY LANDS.—A committee of the Brooklyn Common Council are now at Washington with the view of consulting with the authorities in relation to a transfer of land in the Wallabout, between the Navy-yard and Naval Hospital, to the General Government, asking in return the privilege of extending Washington-avenue across the marshes and Wallabout Bay to some point in the Eastern District, and also to construct a basin for commercial purposes near the hospital grounds. The city proposes to cede Clinton and Vanderbilt avenues, and the roadway between the hospital and marine cemetery, to the Government for the right of making a short cut between the Eastern and Western Districts.

A SWINDLER.—A fellow dressed in a grey suit of clothes called upon Mrs. CLANCY, No. 86 Hudson-avenue, on Thursday, and representing himself as a Custom-house agent, stated that a keg of New-Orleans syrup was awaiting her order at the Custom-house, at the same time presenting a receipted bill for $2, signed "J. L. Wilkins," being the amount required for storage. The lady paid the money, but discovered some time thereafter that she had been swindled. The same fellow, at that time attired in a dark suit, succeeded a few days previously in swindling a lady in Oxford-street in a similar manner.

CASUALTIES.—A young lady named DUNHAM, while running through East Warren-street on Wednesday evening to overtake a Flatbush car, stepped upon a loose stone and fell with great violence on the pavement, causing a fracture of the thigh. She was picked up and conveyed to her residence, No. 112 Duffield-street.... A young lady named LOUISA CRUISE, residing at No. 58 Pearl-street, met with a similar accident in Fulton-street, and broke her arm.

NAVAL ENLISTMENTS.—An order was received at the Naval Recruiting Rendezvous in York-street yesterday, directing that hereafter no three-years' recruit shall be received on shipboard unless he has been paid $600 bounty. This sum must be sent in an envelope to the receiving ship to which the recruit may be ordered.

Williamsburgh.

ATTEMPTED SUICIDE.—A young married woman, who resides near Calvary Cemetery, and who formerly lived in the family of Mr. PETER O'DONOHUE, was, yesterday afternoon, brought to the Forty-fifth Precinct Station-house, having been found in the streets in a demented condition. Shortly after being locked up in the cells, doorman WILSON discovered her in the act of strangling herself with her garter, and before he could open the door of the cell in which she was confined, her tongue protruded from her mouth, and the muscles of her face were much contorted. This is the second time this officer has prevented suicide in this station-house. About a year ago, in the same cell, a woman who was locked up on a charge of larceny, made an effort to cut her throat, but was thwarted by the vigilance of officer WILSON.

DIED FROM BURNS.—A young son of Mr. THOMAS MCGOVERN, residing in Franklin, near Sumpson-street, Green Point, died on Thursday evening from the effects of burns received by his clothes taking fire on Wednesday. Coroner BARRIGER, yesterday, held an inquest. Verdict, accidental death. Mrs. LANGTON, who lives next door, was somewhat burned about the hands while endeavoring to save the life of the child.

A REJECTED AMAZON.—A young colored woman, dressed in jaunty male attire, was, yesterday afternoon, taken to the Provost-Marshal's office, of the Second District, No. 26 Grand-street, E. D., by some New-York brokers, who were ignorant of her sex, for the purpose of enlistment. Dr. WOODMAN was not long in discovering her sex, and he blushingly and indignantly rejected her services.

SECOND DISTRICT PROVOST-MARSHAL'S OFFICE.—The officials in this office are kept busy hearing excuses of conscripts, who crowd the doorway in large numbers. Nearly all the drafted from New-Lotts and the Sixth Ward have had a hearing, but comparatively few have qualified for the field. There will be no business transacted at this office to-day.

NEW-JERSEY.

A PRECIOUS SCAMP.—A genteel appearing man, about 30 years of age, and representing himself to be a Baptist minister, was arrested, a couple of days since, at his boarding-house, in Garden-street, Hoboken, charged with having robbed a Kentuckian named GRAVES of a suit of wearing apparel, $35 in money, and a watch and chain valued at $550. It appears that the accused recently went to board at a house in Hudson-street, New-York, and by his affable manners and pretentions to piety, gained the respect and friendship of the household. BALDWIN occupied a room with Mr. GRAVES, and a few mornings since decamped with the above-named property, leaving behind his cast-off garments. Unfortunately for him, he left a letter in his coat pocket addressed to his wife on Staten Island, directing her to send his trunk to a certain house in Garden-street, Hoboken, which gave a clue to his whereabouts and led to his arrest. Upon being taken before Judge POPE the accused owned up to the robbery, delivered up the watch, and would have delivered the clothing on the spot except for the lack of a change. The money, however, was spent. The matter was compromised by his agreeing to enlist, and with part of the bounty-money promising to make Mr. GRAVES' loss good. Mr. BALDWIN was passing himself off for a single man, and had a bit of a love-affair with a young lady at the house where he last boarded.

THE DRAFT IN JERSEY CITY.—The draft for the Third, Fourth and Fifth Wards of Jersey City took place at Newark yesterday. In the Third Ward, 154 names were drawn, including the hundred per cent.; Fourth Ward, 184 names, and Fifth Ward, 314 names. The draft for the Sixth Ward will take place this forenoon.

LAW REPORTS.

Habeas Corpus for the Custody of a Child.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS—MARCH 3.

Before Judge Barnard.

James W. Boughton vs. *Adelia M. Boughton.*—This was a habeas corpus proceeding, commenced by the husband against his wife, for the purpose of obtaining the custody of a child, Warren L. Boughton, aged about eight years. The parties were married in the year 1857, and lived together as husband and wife at the house of the husband's father in this city, until May, 1858, when Mr. Boughton left for Europe. In his petition upon which the writ was granted, he stated that before leaving he had provided a good home for his wife and child, and he had every reason to believe that she would remain contentedly there during his absence. Immediately after he left, however, she packed up her household goods, took the child, and went to live with her parents, where she has ever since remained; that she has since that time refused to live with him, or to let him have the care and custody of the child. That the latter is growing up without being sent to school; that he is allowed to associate in the streets with bad boys, and that he has been, and is, by reason thereof, greatly injured in his habits and morals. The petition and affidavits of the relator further alleged that the wife abandoned the home which he had provided for her without any cause or provocation whatever; also, that in consequence of her illtemper, the mother is not fitted to have the care and education of the child.

The affidavits on the part of the respondent, which were quite voluminous, denied every allegation on the part of the husband, except the marriage and the birth of the child. Her own affidavit and those of her relatives, alleged that the husband abandoned his wife in 1858, and since that time he has neglected and refused to provide for either her or her child, except that a portion of the time he has granted her $5 per week for pocket money; that he is engaged in an extensive and lucrative business as an importer in this city, and is well able to provide his wife and child with an elegant home. It was further in evidence on the part of the wife that the child had a very frail constitution, and that it was indispensibly necessary to the health and comfort of the child that he should have that care and attention which a mother only could give. The court took the papers, and reserved its decision. The wife has commenced an action in the Superior Court against her husband for support and maintenance.

For the relator Mr. Wetmore; for respondent Mr. Furlong.

Life Insurance as Collateral Security.

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT.

Before Judge Leonard.

Samuel F. Rymax Administrator, &c., vs. Wm. T. Hicks.—The action was brought by plaintiff as administrator of the estate of John Rymax, to recover of the defendant the amount of a life insurance policy, the sum being $1,000. The terms of the policy were that in case of the death of the insured the proceeds were to be paid to his executors, administrators or assigns, but "for the benefit of Wm. T. Hicks as collateral security for the amount of his then subsisting pecuniary demands against the said Rymax, surplus if any, to go for the benefit of said Rymax's heirs and representatives." Upon the death of the insured, the defendant collected the sum due on the policy, and claimed that according to the stipulations, he was entitled to hold it for monies advanced, and debts due to him from the estate of Rymax. The plaintiff proved the policy, the receipt of the money by the defendant, and that a demand therefor had been made, and there rested. The court held that the plaintiff must prove the further fact that the defendant had not pecuniary legal demands to the extent of the same received on the policy. The plaintiff thereupon proved by the defendant that the amount of his demands consisted of an advance of money made before the date of the policy, a sale of some property which was not consummated by delivery on that date, and some small items subsequent to the date of the policy, together with an item of $200, for expenses incurred in proving the death, and obtaining the money from the insurance company. The court decided that the sale not having been completed, all subsequent items were not "then pecuniary demands," but allowed the defendant his expenses for collection, and the money actually advanced, and directed a verdict for the balance, $661 86 for plaintiff.

A Suit for the Use of a Bulkhead.

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT.

Before Judge Mullen.

Daniel B. Taylor vs. *Geo. W. Beebe.*—This action was brought to recover fees for the use of a bulkhead at the foot of Forty-ninth-street. The plaintiff leased to defendant the bulkhead, which was the property of the Corporation of the City of New-York, for the remainder of the year, ending May 1, 1864. The defendant claimed that the letting was void on the ground that it was not made in pursuance of the provisions of the city charter.

The court held, without regard to other questions involved, that the testimony showed that the defendant had recognized the plaintiff as his landlord, and hence that he was estopped from showing that the lease was void. Judgment was accordingly ordered for plaintiff for $126 86.

For plaintiff, T. C. Campbell; for defendant, A. C. Morris.

Action for False Imprisonment.

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT.

Before Justice Leonard.

Thomas Hadden vs. *Isaac Johnson.*—The defendant caused Hadden, who kept a sailor's boarding-house in Cherry-street, to be arrested and taken to the Tombs, charged, with others, with enticing away sailors, by getting them drunk and then shipping them on board a vessel in the stream. The witnesses for plaintiff were the keeper of the sailor's boarding-house with whom Johnson had boarded, and his runner, who had been mainly instrumental in placing plaintiff, who was a sailor, on board the ship. The latter had Hadden arrested; and when the case was investigated at the Tombs, it was dismissed as frivolous. The witnesses could not testify that Johnson was instrumental in causing the arrest, and the jury rendered a verdict of six cents for plaintiff.

Motion for Alimony Pending a Suit for Divorce.

COMMON PLEAS—CHAMBERS.

Before Judge Cardozo.

Fisher vs. *Fisher.*—The suit is brought by the wife against the husband, for a limited divorce, on the ground of cruelty and inhuman treatment, and the motion was made by the wife for alimony pending the suit. Affidavits were read in opposition to the motion, in which it appeared that she had been guilty of much violence and ill-temper toward her husband. The court held that while it was the rule to grant an allowance, where the motion was brought by the husband, there must be, when the position of the parties was reversed, as in this instance, some good and substantial reason shown by the wife for such an order. In this case there appeared to be none, and the motion must be denied.

The Ferris Wife Murder—A Writ of Error Granted.

SUPREME COURT CHAMBERS.

Before Judge Barnard.

Yesterday afternoon, the Judge above-named, granted a writ of error, in the case of Frank Ferris, the unfortunate man who, a few moments before, had been sentenced in the Court of General Sessions, by Recorder Hoffman, to be hanged on the 14th of April next, for the murder of his wife.

Admitted to Probate.

SURROGATE'S COURT—MARCH 3.

Before Surrogate Tucker.

The following wills were admitted to probate: Michael Cushley, Rudolph Olby, Theodosia Provost, Gideon D. C. Marsh, Elizabeth West, and Victorine Beaufils. By the will of the latter there is bequeathed the sum of $200 to the Orphan Asylum of St. Vincent de Paul, and $100 to the French Benevolent Society of New-York.

Decisions—New Trials Denied.

SUPERIOR COURT—SPECIAL TERM.

Before Judge Garvin.

Ketchum vs. *McCoy & Herring.*—Motion for a new trial denied, with $10 costs. *Robbins* vs. *The Mayor, &c.* Motion for a new trial denied.

Judgment of Divorce.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS.

Before Judge Barnard.

Jacob Michaelis vs. *Bertha Michaelis, and Herman Rosenthal* vs. *Cusinxia Rosenthal.*—These were both actions for divorce, on the ground of adultery. The cases were referred, for the purpose of taking testimony and reporting the facts thereon. The reports were confirmed, and judgment of divorce granted in each case.

A Novel Question of Jurisdiction—The New United States District Court.

UNITED STATES COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE.

Before Commissioner White.

The United States vs. *George Vandervoer.*—A new and curious question concerning the jurisdiction of the Commissioner was raised in this case. The accused was brought up for examination yesterday morning for stealing a quantity of lead pipe from the Brooklyn Navy-yard. The defence set up did not go to the merits of the case, but raised a question as to the jurisdiction of the Commissioner over an offence committed in Kings county. The prisoner's counsel maintained that by a recent act of Congress the Southern District of New-York had been divided, and a new district created embracing the courts of Kings and other counties, and including within its jurisdiction the Brooklyn Navy-yard, and that the courts and Commissioners of the new district alone had cognizance of offences committed within their jurisdiction.

The Commissioner held that the point was well taken, and that he had no jurisdiction in the case. The United States Marshal was then about to take charge of the prisoner, when his counsel again objected, alleging that the Marshal of the new district was the proper party to arrest him, and that Marshal Murray had no authority to detain him. The Commissioner sustained the views of the prisoner's counsel, and the man was discharged.

Robert N. Waite for the prisoner; Assistant District-Attorney Bell for the United States.

Evening Exchange.

$10,000	Am. Gold.....	138⅞	100	Reading R.....	113⅜
35,000	do	138⅝	600	M. S. & N. I. R....	66
900	N. Y. Cen. R.....	112	100	Chic. & R. I.....	96⅛
100	do. b5	122	100	P., Ft. W. & C....	94⅜
600	Erie Railway.....	71⅛	300	Cum. Coal.....	74
1000	do.....	71⅛	1400	do.....	73⅛
200	do.....s4	71⅛	100	do.....s60	72
500	do.....	71⅛	200	do.....	72⅜
100	Hudson R. R.....	114⅛	1200	do.....s5	73⅛
100	do.....s10	114	500	do.....s60	69⅛
200	do.....b10	114⅛	900	Mar. Min. Co.....	17⅜
100	do.....	114	100	do.....b30	17⅜
100	do.....	114⅛	3000	do.....s10	17⅜

Gold and Stocks were very dull; sales of Gold, after the call, at 139, at which it closed.

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In many forms we use disinfecting agents. Impure breath, caused by bad teeth, tobacco, spirits or catarrh, is neutralized by SOZODONT. 'Tis a healthful beautifier, and a great luxury as a dentrifice. The repulsive breath is by its use rendered as fragrant as arose, and coldness by friends or lovers will be no longer noticed.

Sold by all druggists.

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WHY INJURE THE COMPLEXION BY POWDERS AND WASHES, which choke or fill up the pores of the skin, and in a short time leave it harsh and dry? It is in the blood, and if you want smooth and soft skin, use HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA. It gives a brilliancy to the complexion.

[Advertisement.]

CONSUMPTION—CONSUMPTION.—We say to persons having consumption, in whatever stage of the disease, use Dr. WISHART'S Pine Tree Tar Cordial, which is readily taken up by the blood and carried to lungs, and the healing principles of the tar act upon the inflamed sores of the lungs and stop their decay at once, and the patient's life is saved. The Pine Tree Tar Cordial has great power to dissolve the thick mucous that stops up the wind-passages of the lungs and expels it from the system. The Pine Tree Tar Cordial purifies the blood and cleanses it of all scrofulous matter that is constantly breeding sores, internal and external. Salt rheum, blotches on the face, and all skin diseases, are especially cured by Dr. WISHART'S Pine Tree Tar Cordial. Office No. 10 North Second-street, Philadelphia. Sold at HELMBOLD'S Drug and Chemical Warehouse, No. 594 Broadway, New-York.

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